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COLUMBIA ET AL KOTANEELEE YT H38

FINAL REPORT

Prepared for:

Columbia Gas Development of Canada Ltd.

November, 1977

Prepared by:

D&S PETROLEUM FIELD SERVICES LTD.

  
R.H. Lane, P. Eng



COLUMBIA ET AL KOTANEELEE YT H38

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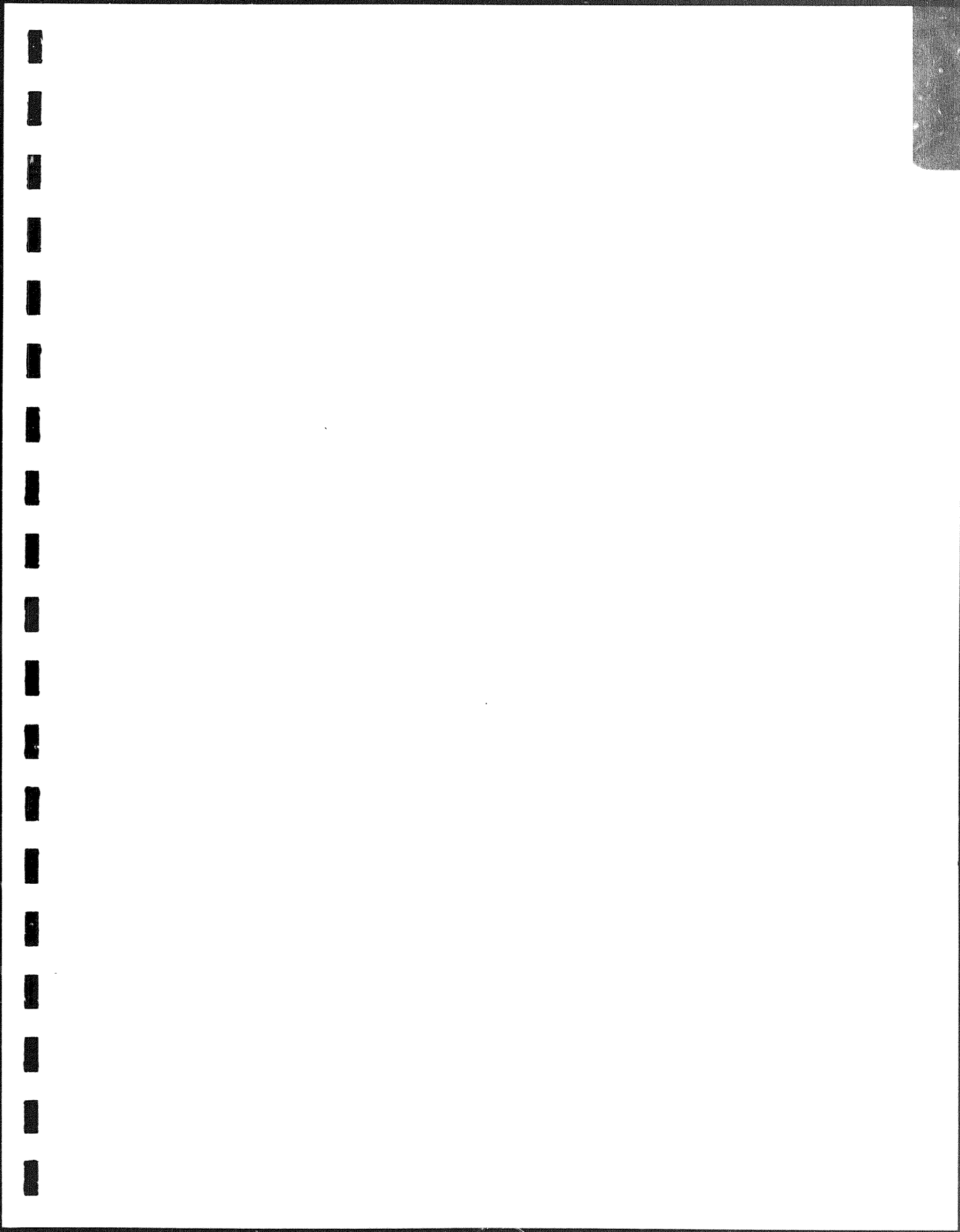
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SECTION I  
SUMMARY OF WELL DATA

a. Well Name and Number: Columbia et al Kotaneelee YT H38

b. Permittees: Canada Southern  
Pan American Oil Company  
Dome Petroleums

c. Name of Operator: Columbia Gas Development of Canada  
1420 Standard Life Building  
637 Fifth Ave. S.W.  
Calgary, Alberta

d. Location: Yukon Territory Unit: H Section: 38  
Latitude: 60° 07' 13.5" N  
Longitude: 124° 06' 31.8" W.  
Universal Well Location Reference:  
Latitude: 60.12041° N  
Longitude: 124.10883° W

e. Co-ordinates: Shot Point 105, Line DHP-004

f. Permit Number: 1007

g. Drilling Contractor: Nabors Drilling Ltd.  
Rotary Rig #9

h. Drilling Authority: No. 878

i. Classification: Development Well

j. Elevations: Ground: 2225 feet  
R.K.B.: 2250 feet

k. Spudded: April 6, 1977

l. Completed Drilling: October 14, 1977

m. Total Depth: 12,789 feet

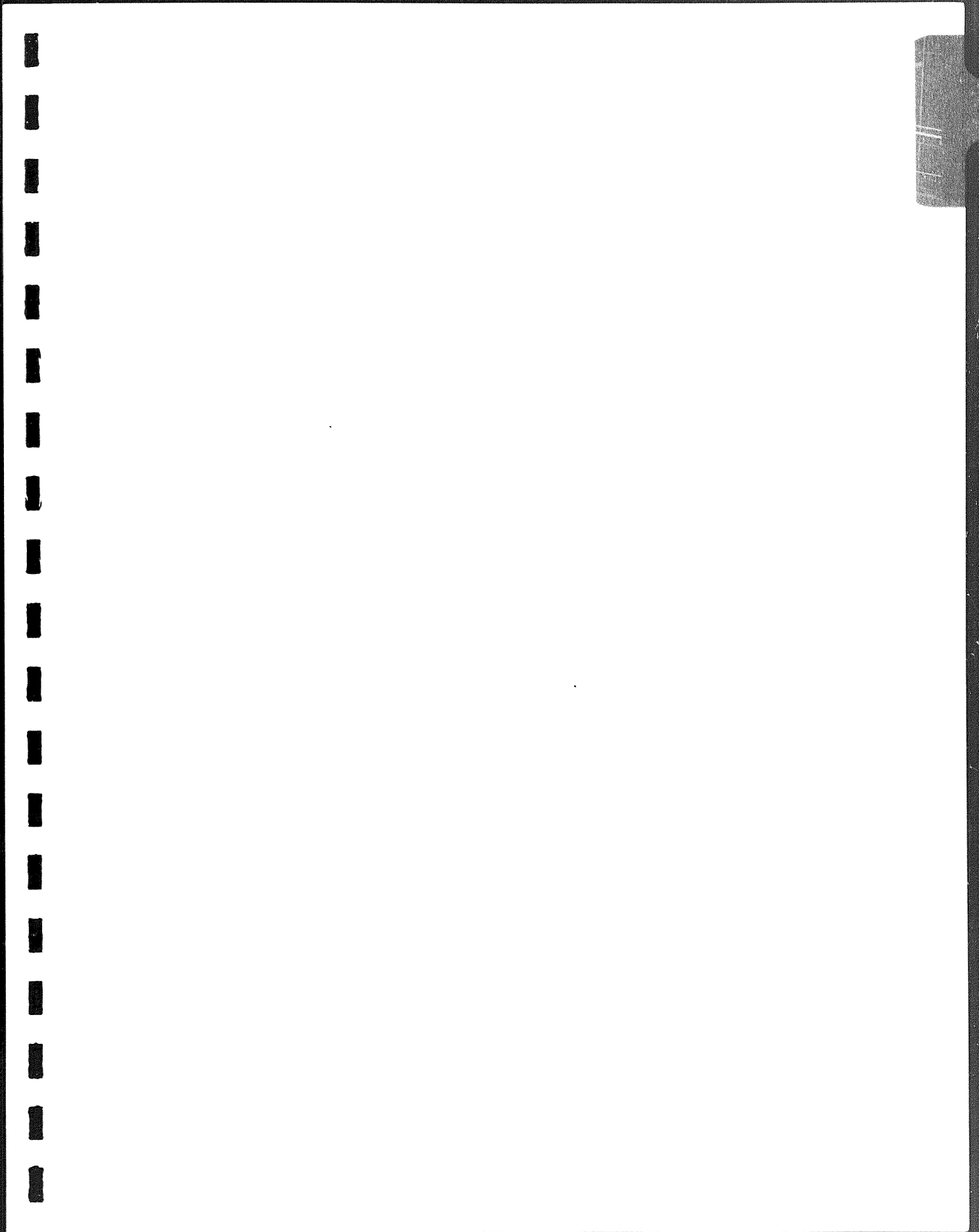
n. Well Status: Gas Well

o. Rig Release Date: 12:00 noon, October 21, 1977

p. Hole Size: 26" - 0' to 771'  
17½" - 771' to 3020'  
12½" - 3020' to 10,850'  
8½" - 10,850' to 12,789'

q. Casing: 20" O.D. set at 771'  
13 3/8" O.D. set at 3020'  
9 5/8" O.D. set at 10,850'  
7" O.D. set at 12,789'





SECTION II

Geological Summary

NOTE: The following information was provided by  
Exploration Logging Canada Ltd., who provided  
the complete geological and mud logging service.

FORMATION TOPS FOR KOTANEELEE YT H-38.

<u>AGE</u>	<u>FORMATION</u>	<u>DEPTH</u>	<u>SUB-SEA DEPTH</u>
Cretaceous	Spirit River	Spud	
Triassic	Toad-Grayling	Above Logged Interval	
Permian	Fantasque	1318'	+ 932'
Mississippian	Mattson	1658'	+ 592'
	Flett	5605'	- 3355'
Mississippian-Devonian	Besa River	9870'	- 7620'
Mid-Devonian	Nahanni	11,635'	- 9385'

CORRELATION OF FORMATION TOPS FOR KOTANEELEE YT H-38 AND  
NORTH BEAVER RIVER YT 1-27 WITH STRUCTURAL DIFFERENCES

<u>H-38</u>			<u>1-27</u>		
<u>DEPTH</u>	<u>SUB-SEA</u>	<u>FORMATION</u>	<u>DEPTH</u>	<u>SUB-SEA</u>	<u>STRUCTURAL DIFFERENCE</u> (H38-127)
Spud		Spirit River	Spud		
Above Logged	Interval	Toad-Grayling	1180'	+ 266'	
1318'	+ 932'	Fantasque	2320'	- 874'	+ 1806'
1658'	+ 592'	Mattson	2895'	- 1349'	+ 2041'
5605'	- 3355'	Flett	6480'	- 5034'	+ 1679'
9870'	- 7620'	Besa River	9065'	- 7619'	- 1'
11635'	- 9385'	Nahanni	12160'	-10714'	+ 1329'



CORED INTERVALS

SIDEWALL CORES

No sidewall cores were taken.

CONVENTIONAL CORES

	<u>INTERVAL</u>	<u>CUT</u>	<u>RECOVERED</u>
CORE #1	8134 - 8169'	35'	35'
#2	11690' - 11750'	60'	60'
#3	12040' - 12064'	24'	24'
#4	12260' - 12320'	60'	60'
#5	12450' - 12510'	60'	60'
#6	12708' - 12755'	47'	47'
#7	12755' - 12789'	34'	34'

CORE DESCRIPTIONS

CORE #1

Interval: 8134' - 8169'

Cut 35'      Recovered 35'

<u>DEPTH</u> <u>FROM</u> <u>TO</u>	<u>LITHOLOGY</u>
8134 - 8136.9	<u>SHALE</u> , black, hard, fissile, blocky-conchoidal fracture, none-slightly calcareous. Average drill rate 4.35'/hour.
8136.9 - 8138.1	<u>SHALE</u> , as above, with increasing numbers of very thin, usually 1-3 millimeters marl layers, medium gray-light brown, hard, silty in part, occasionally showing small-scale slumping. Average drill rate 4.20'/hour.
8138.1 - 8138.3	<u>SHALE</u> , as above with several 1 millimeter-thick calcite veins, most at an angle to the bedding and fissility.
8138.3 - 8140.5	<u>MARL</u> , 50%, light brown-gray, hard, becoming silty in part and occasionally grading to a very fine calcerenite, occurs as discrete layers usually 1-2 millimeters thick, occasionally forming lenses up to 10 millimeters in thickness, alternating with <u>SHALE</u> , 50%, black, hard, fissile, noncalcareous, splintery-conchoidal fracture. Average drill rate 4.4'/hour.
8140.5 - 8141.7	<u>SHALE</u> , 95%, as above, with very thin marl stringers, 5%, as above. Average drill rate 3.6'/hour.
8141.7 - 8144.1	<u>SHALE</u> , as above, 95% with thin marl layers, as above. The noncalcareous bands are very fine, black, hard, fissile mudstone while the slightly-moderately calcareous bands are slightly coarser occasionally grading to siltstone, very fine, black, moderately hard-hard, fissile. There are occasional thin bands of calcilutite/calcerenite, light brown-gray, moderately-very calcareous. Average drill rate 5.33'/hour.
8144.1 - 8145.7	<u>SHALE</u> , 100%, black, hard, fissile, conchoidal

- fracture, predominantly slightly-moderately calcareous with several interbeds of noncalcareous shale. Some calcite veining mainly at the top of the section along and across the bedding. Average drill rate 4.9'/hour.
- 8145.7 - 8157.7 SHALE, 97%, as above, predominantly calcareous, very slightly coarser than the noncalcareous layers. Between 8147.7 and 8148 are two 18 millimeters layers of very fine calcarenite, light brown-gray, very calcareous showing small-scale cross-lamination structures and a very slight trace of disseminated pyrite with slightly more in the bottom of the two layers, but none in the intervening shale so it is probable that the pyrite is of clastic origin rather than being precipitated in situ. There is some calcite veining in the shale, showing fibrous or cross-hatched textures.
- 8157.7 - 8157.8 LIMESTONE, black, hard-very hard, blocky, microcrystalline, very tight, no visible porosity.
- 8157.8 - 8157.9 LIMESTONE, light brown-gray, hard, microcrystalline finely banded, slightly silty in part with a trace of disseminated pyrite.
- 8157.9 - 8159.0 SHALE, 83%, black, hard, subfissile, predominantly fissile, conchoidal fracture, moderately-very calcareous. At the bottom are two 20 millimeters LIMESTONE layers, light brown-gray, locally slightly silty with specks of disseminated pyrite.
- 8159.0 - 8162.5 SHALE, black, moderately hard-hard, subfissile-predominantly fissile, splintery-conchoidal fracture, moderately calcareous with several thin LIMESTONE layers, light brown-gray 5% or less of the section and very occasionally small calcite veins usually across the bedding with the main vein at the bottom showing sutured contacts with the shale. Average drill rate 6.77'/hour.
- 8162.5 - 8162.6 FOSSIL debris bed, predominantly comprising crinoid ossicles, occasionally with clasts of black shale, good trace of disseminated pyrite with some replacement of calcite in the crinoid plates by pyrite. No bedding is apparent so it was probably deposited rapidly by slumping.
- 8162.6 - 8163.5 SHALE, black, hard, fissile, splintery, noncalcareous



grading through calcilutite to LIMESTONE, dark gray-brown to black.  
Average drill rate 7.5'/hour.

8163.5 - 8166.5

LIMESTONE, dark gray-brown to black, very hard microcrystalline, blocky, very tight, occasional crinoid fragments and disseminated pyrite. The top 100 millimeters grades from fine to coarse with increasing amounts of crinoid debris, grading rapidly through an uneven contact to a finer LIMESTONE, microcrystalline-cryptocrystalline, fairly uniform, very hard with good trace of calcite plates.  
Average drill rate 9.0'/hour.

8166.5 - 8167.7

LIMESTONE, as above with increasing amounts of fossil fragments, predominantly crinoid ossicles, very occasional brachiopod fragments, abundant calcite plates. The limestone grades from microcrystalline to very fossiliferous.

8167.7 - 8168.3

LIMESTONE, dark gray-black, hard to very hard microcrystalline-cryptocrystalline, blocky, no visible porosity, with approximately 65% by volume of fossil fragments and increasing amounts of brachiopod fragments, abundant crinoid fragments. Abundant pyrite both massive and disseminated, occasionally as well-formed cubes within calcite.  
Average drill rate 4.9'/hour.

8168.3 - 8169.0

SHALE, black, moderately hard, splintery-conchoidal fracture, fissile, moderately-very calcareous with slight calcite veining.



CORE #2

Interval: 11690' - 11750'

Cut 60' Recovered 100%

<u>DEPTH</u>	<u>LITHOLOGY</u>
<u>FROM</u> <u>TO</u>	
11690 - 11702	<p><u>DOLOMITE</u>, medium-dark gray, micro-fine crystalline, general brecciated, angular-subrounded clasts of dolomitized lime wacke and mudstone surrounded by white crystalline dolomite, 10% fossil debris replaced by white crystalline dolomite, trace non-effective open vuggy porosity, impermeable, with poor effective vuggy porosity at 11698.9' and 11701'. Infill sequence: 1) White crystalline dolomite 2) Clean authigenic quartz as druse and needles up to 1" long 3) Sphaleritic infill of fractures 4) Introduction of hydrocarbon residue of black, conchoidal fracture, vitreous carbon, resembling anthracite</p> <p>Average drill rate 5.3'/hour.</p>
11702 - 11705	<p><u>DOLOMITE</u>, medium-dark gray, very fine microcrystalline, lime wacke and mudstone, dolomitized brachiopods, brecciated and diagenetically altered as above, patchy poor vuggy porosity. Average drill rate 3.4'/hour.</p>
11705 - 11717	<p><u>DOLOMITE</u>, medium-dark gray, very fine-medium crystalline, dolomitized lime wacke-and mudstone, diagenetically altered as above, poor non-effective vuggy porosity, galena at 11716'. Average drill rate 2.1'/hour.</p>
11717 - 11731	<p><u>DOLOMITE</u>, medium-dark gray, very fine-medium crystalline, dolomitized wackestone, brachiopods and subspherical colonial fossils. Average drill rate 3.3'/hour.</p>
11731 - 11733	<p><u>DOLOMITE</u>, dark gray, dolomitized lime mudstone, argillaceous with brachiopods. Average drill rate 2.0'/hour.</p>
11733 - 11750	<p><u>DOLOMITE</u>, medium-dark gray, dolomitized lime wackestone, brecciated and healed in part with white crystalline dolomite, brachiopods, <u>THAMNOPORA</u>. Average drill rate 3.2'/hour.</p>

CORE #3

Interval: 12040' - 12064'

Cut 24' Recovered 100%

DEPTH  
FROM      TO

LITHOLOGY

12040 - 12064

DOLOMITE, dark gray, irregular pods micro fine crystalline in bituminous microcrystalline dolomite matrix, 20-30% white medium-coarse crystalline dolomite as fossil replacement, vuggy lining, breccia matrix and fracture filling, patches of dark gray dolomite breccia in white dolomite matrix, trace brachiopods and ?THAMNOPORA, ?Stromatolitic algae at 12042' poor-fair vuggy and high-angle fracture porosity, trace black anthracite-like bitumen in vugs lined with white dolomite covered with druse of clear quartz, open high-angle fracture from 12045-7', 12048-53', 12057-64', core jamming at 12062'.  
Average drill rate 5.3'/hour.

CORE #4

Interval: 12260' - 12320'

Cut 60' Recovered 100%

<u>DEPTH</u> <u>FROM</u> <u>TO</u>	<u>LITHOLOGY</u>
12260 - 12265	<u>DOLOMITE</u> , breccia, angular clasts, dark gray, bituminous, microcrystalline, in 20% medium-coarse crystalline white dolomite cement, poor vuggy porosity, trace argillaceous stringers, dip*20°. Average drill rate 6.7'/hour.
12265 - 12271.5	<u>DOLOMITE</u> , dark gray, microcrystalline, bituminous, banded or varved, ¼" thick, interbedded, medium-dark gray, fine-very fine crystalline and white, micro coarse crystalline, interpreted as dolomitized interbedded lime mudstone and grain-supported porous limestone subsequently mobilized penetrating the lithologies described above, low-angle small scale cross-bedding, poor vuggy porosity, trace bitumen, white calcite in micro-fracture, brecciated in part, bituminous argillaceous partings, dip*20°, brachiopods at 12271'. Average drill rate 7.1'/hour.
12271.5 - 12282.5	<u>DOLOMITE</u> , medium-dark gray, micro-medium crystalline, slump and flame structures, breccia from 12275.5-6', argillaceous partings below 12280', 20% white coarse crystalline dolomite with trace bitumen in poor vuggy porosity, dip*20-30°. Average drill rate 10.8'/hour.
12282.5 - 12285	<u>DOLOMITE</u> , breccia, dark gray, angular clasts to 2" diameter in 30% white, coarse crystalline, poor vuggy porosity. Average drill rate 10.9'/hour.
12285 - 12292.5	<u>DOLOMITE</u> , dark gray, dense, micro-very fine crystalline, bituminous, argillaceous partings, 5% white crystalline dolomite as fracture filling and mobilized injected dolomitized grain-supported limestone, tight, brachiopod at base, dip*10°. Average drill rate 8.9'/hour.
12292.5 - 12299	<u>DOLOMITE</u> , medium gray, irregular pods of fine crystalline dolomite separated by stylolitic partings of argillaceous microcrystalline dolomite, fair-vuggy porosity, dolomitized lime-wackestone with brachiopod. Average drill rate 12.0'/hour.



CORE #4 CONT'D

- 12299 - 12300.5      DOLOMITE, medium gray, fine crystalline with 30% white coarse crystalline dolomite, fair vuggy porosity, dolomitized lime wackestone, brachiopods. Average drill rate 15.0'/hour.
- 12300.5 - 12308      DOLOMITE, medium gray, medium crystalline, 10% white coarse crystalline dolomite, stringers of dolomite breccia, argillaceous stylolitic partings in lower part, trace poor vuggy porosity. Average drill rate 9.8'/hour.
- 12308 - 12314.5      DOLOMITE, medium gray, fine-medium crystalline, stylolitic partings of black shale, partly mobilized, dip\*20-30°, partly brecciated and trace vuggy porosity in lower 2'. Average drill rate 10.3'/hour.
- 12314.5 - 12320      DOLOMITE, dark-medium gray, fine-microcrystalline, dolomitized lime wackestone with undetermined fossil, streaky fair leached fossil porosity. Average drill rate 12.4'/hour.

\*Dip - angle between bedding features and plane normal to axis of core. Hole deviation 6° from vertical.



CORE #5

Interval: 12450' - 12510'

Cut 60" Recovered 100%

<u>DEPTH</u>	<u>LITHOLOGY</u>
<u>FROM</u> <u>TO</u>	
12450 - 12470	<u>DOLOMITE</u> , medium-dark gray, slightly argillaceous and bituminous, in part brecciated with white coarse crystalline dolomite matrix, micro-fine crystalline clasts, 10-30% white dolomite, poor vuggy porosity. Average drill rate 10.3'/hour.
12470 - 12484	<u>DOLOMITE</u> , dark gray, very fine-fine crystalline, dolomitized lime wackestone, finely comminuted fossil debris, depositional dips approximately 30°, in part brecciated, pre-lithification slump features, trace high-angle open micro-fractures, trace stylolitized argillaceous partings, trace non-effective vuggy porosity. Average drill rate 7.5'/hour.
12484 - 12510	<u>DOLOMITE</u> , medium-dark gray (70%), fine-microcrystalline, dolomitized lime mudstone and wackestone, white (20-30%) crystalline dolomite as breccia cement and fracture filling, poor vuggy porosity, bitumen partly filling vugs, high-angle micro-fractures, in part massive with 20-30° depositional dip, brecciated in part. Average drill rate 6.0'/hour.

CORE #6

Interval: 12708' - 12755'

Cut 47' Recovered 100%

<u>DEPTH</u>		<u>LITHOLOGY</u>
<u>FROM</u>	<u>TO</u>	
12708	- 12719	<u>DOLOMITE</u> , medium-dark gray, micro-very fine crystalline, slightly bituminous and argillaceous, generally massive and dense, dolomitized lime mudstone, low-angle depositional dip, below 12715' with 10% white coarse crystalline dolomite stringers and fracture-fill, vertical micro-fractures at 12713', generally tight with open quartz druse-lined vugs at 12718.5', trace stylolitic truncation of white dolomite-filled fractures, trace inter-crystalline bitumen. Average drill rate 6.3'/hour.
12719	- 12720	<u>DOLOMITE</u> , medium-dark gray, micro-fine crystalline dolomitized lime mudstone, and wackestone, sedimentary breccia cut and intruded by 30% white coarsely crystalline dolomite-filled veins, stylolitic, tight. Average drill rate 7.5'/hour.
12720	- 12742.5	<u>DOLOMITE</u> , medium-dark gray, micro-fine crystalline, dolomitized lime mudstone, lime wackestone and mudstone wackestone breccia in 1-3' intervals. Early sedimentary breccia cut by white dolomite-filled fractures causing second-generation brecciation, second generation white dolomite modified by stylolite development, trace vertical micro-fractures, open vugs at 12730-32', general low-angle depositional dips average 20° at 12732', open vugs lined with clear quartz druse, generally tight with vuggy porosity from 12730-32', vertical fracture porosity 12732-35', 12741.42.5'. Average drill rate 6.0'/hour.
12742.5	- 12748.5	<u>DOLOMITE</u> , medium gray, fine crystalline, dolomitized lime mudstone-wackestone in part brecciated and resulting in "zebra-striped" dolomite, 10% infill with white coarse crystalline dolomite, in part stylolized, low-angle depositional dips. Average drill rate 3.8'/hour.
12748.5	- 12753.5	<u>DOLOMITE</u> , dark gray, fine-micro crystalline, dolo-

CORE #6 CONT'D

mitized lime mudstone and wackestone, pods of wackestone in mudstone matrix, 30% white coarse crystalline dolomite stringers and fracture-fill sub parallel to and at high-angle to bedding, depositional dips low-angle to 20°, trace open vuggy porosity probably not interconnected. Average drill rate 4.1'/hour.

12753.5 - 12755

DOLomite, medium-dark gray, micro-very fine crystalline, dolomitized lime mudstone, low-angle depositional dip, trace high-angle microfractures, trace pyrite. Average drill rate 2.9'/hour.



CORE #7

Interval: 12755' - 12789'

Cut 34' Recovered 100%

<u>DEPTH</u>		<u>LITHOLOGY</u>
<u>FROM</u>	<u>TO</u>	
12755 - 12765.5		<u>DOLOMITE</u> , dark gray, microcrystalline, above 12762' massive, below 12762' faintly varved by alternation of micro-very fine crystalline dolomite, dolomitized bituminous lime mudstone above alternations of dolomitized lime mudstone and wackestone, low-angle depositional dip, 5% white coarse crystalline dolomite sub-parallel to bedding and along fractures, vertical and high-angle open microfractures, trace open isolated vugs at 12758.5' and 12762.5' not interconnected.
12765.5 - 12767		<u>DOLOMITE</u> , as above, gradational between under and over lying units, trace vuggy porosity.
12767 - 12773		<u>DOLOMITE</u> , medium gray, zebra-striped dolomite, dolomitized lime wackestone-grainstone, 30% white coarse crystalline dolomite stringers sub-parallel to bedding, poor vuggy and fracture porosity lined with dolomite druse, low-angle dip, high-angle fracture at 12768'
12773 - 12776		<u>DOLOMITE</u> , dark gray, micro-very fine crystalline, bituminous dolomitized lime mudstone and wackestone, 10% fracture-filling white dolomite, open high-angle fractures.
12776 - 12780.5		<u>DOLOMITE</u> , dark gray as above, but with 20% white coarse crystalline dolomite, fair vuggy and high-angle fracture porosity lined with white dolomite druse.
12780.5 - 12782.5		<u>DOLOMITE</u> , breccia, dark gray, dolomitized lime mudstone-wackestone as above in 40% white coarse crystalline dolomite matrix, slightly open vuggy and high-angle fracture porosity lined with dolomite druse, vuggy at 12781' lined with quartz druse.
12782.5 - 12789		<u>DOLOMITE</u> , dark gray, micro-very fine crystalline, dolomitized lime mudstone and wackestone, 10-20% white coarse crystalline dolomite stringers and patches, lower 2' include zebra-striped dolomite, slightly vuggy and high-angle fracture porosity.



CALCIMETRY RESULTS

CORE #2

Interval: 11690' - 11750'

<u>DEPTH</u>	<u>LIMESTONE %</u>	<u>DOLOMITE %</u>
11690	--	60
11695	--	70
11700	2	80
11705	--	76
11710	--	52
11715	--	78
11720	--	90
11725	--	98
11730	--	70
11735	--	95
11740	--	98
11745	--	100
11750	--	89

CORE #3

Interval: 12040' - 12064

<u>DEPTH</u>	<u>DOLomite %</u>
12040	82
12042	81
12044	96
12046	98
12048	81
12050	82
12052	84
12054	90
12056	99
12058	99
12060	100
12062	98

CORE #4

Interval: 12260' - 12320'

<u>DEPTH</u>	<u>DOLOMITE %</u>
12260	99
12265	100
12270	100
12275	99
12280	95
12285	94
12290	50
12295	81
12300	85
12305	93
12310	92
12315	99
12320	100



CORE #5

Interval: 12450' - 12510'

<u>DEPTH</u>	<u>DOLOMITE %</u>
12455	100
12460	99
12465	100
12470	100
12475	98
12480	100
12485	90
12490	100
12495	100
12500	98
12505	100
12510	100



CORE #6

Interval: 12708' - 12755'

<u>DEPTH</u>	<u>DOLOMITE %</u>
12710	96
12715	96
12720	96
12725	98
12730	99
12735	97
12740	99
12745	99
12750	100
12755	99

### SAMPLE DESCRIPTIONS

- 0 - 1000 No samples.
- 1000 - 1030 Shale, 90% -100%, light-medium gray, fissile, interbedded with siltstone, 10%-trace, calcareous grading to very fine sandstone.
- 1030 - 1060 Shale, 90%-100%, as above becoming more brown, interbedded with 10%-trace siltstone.
- 1060 - 1080 Shale, 95%, medium brown-brick red-brown with 5% siltstone and sandstone.
- 1080 - 1105 Shale, 100%, light gray occasional calcite fragments probably from fracture filling.
- 1105 - 1116 Dolomite, 50% dark gray, hard, very silty, pyritic limestone, 30%, gray to gray-white, hard, fractures filled with calcite. Trace oil with light greenish fluorescence and cut. Shale, 20%, as above with trace of coal.
- 1116 - 1130 Limestone, 90% and dolomite 10%, as above. Poor oil show. Shale, trace, as above.
- 1130 - 1150 Limestone, 70%, gray, hard, splintery. Dolomite, 10%, dark gray, hard, silty. Siltstone, 10%. Sandstone, 10% white, calcareous to dolomitic. Slight trace oil show, as above.
- 1150 - 1170 Shale, 90%-100%, dark to medium gray, very calcareous, hard, calcite veining and fragments. Abundant pyrite. Limestone, trace to 10%.
- 1170 - 1194 Siltstone, 40%, dark gray grading to shale and dolomite with finely disseminated pyrite. Limestone, 30%, gray to gray-white, hard, angular, blocky to splintery, microcrystalline. Shale 25%, as above. Dolomite 5%, as above. Slight trace oil show in limestone from fractures. Yellow-gold fluorescence. From 1190-1194' becoming 80%-90% limestone, as above.
- 1194 - 1220 Limestone, 40%-60%, white-gray, micro to medium crystalline, hard, splintery to blocky, calcite fractures containing some dead oil. Siltstone, 20%-30%, grading to 20% shale as above.
- 1220 - 1238 Limestone, 90%, white-gray, occasionally tan, as above. Trace dolomite green-yellow, sucrosic, hard, fine

- crystalline. Siltstone, 10% dark-gray, hard, blocky, calcareous.
- 1238 - 1260 Limestone, 85%, white-gray occasionally tan, micro-crystalline, hard-very hard, occasionally silty, splintery. Silty sandstone, 15% dark gray, blocky, hard, occasionally pyritic. Trace oil show in limestone.
- 1260 - 1290 Limestone, 80% as above. Siltstone, 10%, sandy as above. Sandstone, 10%, light gray, fine-very fine, calcareous moderately hard to hard, poor porosity.
- 1290 - 1310 Siltstone, 75%, dark gray, hard, blocky, moderately calcareous, becoming sandy with abundant pyrite and specks of glauconite. Limestone, 25%, as above. Sandstone, trace, as above.
- 1310 - 1330 Dolomite, 40%, gray to gray-white, hard, very sandy, occasional calcite-filled fractures, tight poor porosity. Trace oil stain with light yellow crushed fluorescence. Siltstone, 30%, as above. Limestone, 20%, as above. Sandstone, 10%, as above with specks of pyrite and glauconite.
- 1330 - 1250 Siltstone, 40%, dark gray hard, siliceous to dolomitic. Dolomite, 30%, gray, hard, poor porosity, occasional calcite veining. Limestone, gray to gray-white, hard, microcrystalline, silty. Chert, 10% dark brown-dark gray, occasionally light gray, very hard, cryptocrystalline, splintery, occasional conchoidal fracture, silty in part, trace of glauconite and pyrite.
- 1350 - 1360 Siltstone, 50%, as above becoming more cherty. Chert 50%, as above.
- 1360 - 1390 Chert, 80%-100%, as above. Siltstone, 0-20%, very cherty as above.
- 1390 - 1460 Chert, 100%, light brown to light gray, occasionally white, very hard, mottled in part, very silty to very sandy, brittle, splintery, abundant pyrite and glauconite specks, trace pyrobitumen.
- 1460 - 1500 Chert 100%, as above with trace siltstone, dark gray, blocky, hard, siliceous to occasionally dolomitic.
- 1500 - 1550 Chert, 50%-90%, as above, becoming very silty and occasionally sandy especially in the lower 30'. Siltstone 10%-50%, as above, slightly dolomitic



- occasionally siliceous, grading to shale.
- 1550 - 1570 Siltstone, 40%, dark gray, hard, subfissile-blocky, siliceous, micromicaceous, pyritic. Shale, 30%, dark gray, hard, subfissile, silty, occasionally fine sandy, abundant pyrite. Chert, 30%, gray, very hard, blocky, very silty in part, occasionally translucent.
- 1570 - 1600 Shale, 50%, as above becoming more fissile, silty, siliceous, hard, pyritic. Siltstone, 30%, as above. Chert, 20%, as above.
- 1600 - 1620 Shale, 85%, dark brown-gray, hard, subfissile to fissile, very silty, siliceous to slightly dolomitic grading in part to siltstone. Chert, 15%, as above.
- 1620 - 1640 Shale, 65%, as above, soft in part, micromicaceous. Siltstone, 25%, dark gray-blocky, hard, siliceous-dolomitic, occasionally calcareous, very cherty in part with fine disseminated and veined pyrite and minor quartz and calcite. Chert, 10%, as above with quartz, calcite and black mineral veining.
- 1640 - 1650 Shale, 90%, as above, with increasing mica content. Siltstone, 10%, as above.
- 1650 - 1660 Shale, 70%, dark brown-gray, hard, subfissile to fissile, micromicaceous, very silty, siliceous to dolomitic, soft in part, light gray. Chert, 20%, gray, blocky, very hard, occasionally translucent, cryptocrystalline, very silty in part. Siltstone, 10%, dark gray, hard, blocky, very calcareous, very pyritic, cherty in part with associated mineral veining.
- 1660 - 1670 Shale, 40%, as above becoming calcareous to very calcareous with calcite veins and vein-filling. Siltstone, 40%, as above, with associated calcite and glauconite. Chert, 10%, as above. Limestone, 10%, white to light gray, hard, cherty in part with abundant calcite fragments (possible fracture-fillings) and abundant pyrite.
- 1670 - 1680 Siltstone, 15%, as above. Shale, 20%, as above. Limestone, 10%, as above. Sandstone, 20%, light gray, moderately hard, fine-grained, silty, subangular.
- 1680 - 1730 Sandstone, 80%, light gray-white, occasionally tan, very fine to fine-grained, friable to moderately hard, occasionally hard, calcareous, occasionally argillaceous, subangular, poor porosity, well sorted. Even to patchy



oil-stain with faint straw cut. Light yellow, slow streaming with milky cut fluorescence. Shale, 10%, dark gray-brown, hard, occasionally soft, fissile to subfissile, calcareous, pyritic, grading to siltstone as above. Limestone, 10%, white, hard, occasionally soft, sandy, cherty and silty in part, tight to poor porosity, with abundant calcite fragments and trace oil show as above. At 1720' limestone, 20%, predominantly calcite probably fracture-filling and with occasional coarse quartz, dead oil stain with slow streaming cut, slight to good trace of oil show with some live oil, but mainly dead oil.

1730 - 1800

Sandstone, 90%-100% as above, very fine, in part grading to siltstone, siliceous in part, quartzose in part, with weak calcareous cement, poor to occasionally fair porosity, well sorted, subrounded to subangular. Limestone, 0-5%, predominantly soft, occasionally hard with calcite fragments. Siltstone, 0-5%, argillaceous, occasionally hard, occasionally siliceous, predominantly calcareous, sandy, grading to sandstone as above.

1800 - 1890

Sandstone, 100%, light to medium gray, fine to very fine-grained, silty, calcareous, slightly dolomitic, poor porosity.

1890 - 1900

Sandstone, 90%, as above. Dolomite, 10%, dark gray, hard, microcrystalline, silty, tight.

1900 - 1920

Sandstone, 60%, as above. Limestone, 40%, dark gray to black, hard, microcrystalline, massive, slightly shaly and silty, with calcite fracture-fillings.

1920 - 1940

Sandstone, 40%, as above. Siltstone, 40%, dark brown to gray, hard, calcareous, chalky, slightly dolomitic. Shale, 20%, dark gray to black, hard, very silty, fissile, noncalcareous.

1940 - 1970

Sandstone, 100%, light gray, very fine-grained, moderately hard, well sorted, calcareous, some yellowish sample fluorescence and trace pale blue-white cut fluorescence.

1970 - 1980

Sandstone, 70%, as above. Shale, 30%, dark gray, firm, fissile, noncalcareous, silty.

1980 - 1990

Sandstone, 40% as above. Siltstone, 60%, dark gray, shaly, subfissile, pale yellow sample fluorescence, pale yellow-white streaming cut fluorescence.

- 1990 - 2020 Sandstone, 100%, light to medium gray, moderately hard, very calcareous, fine to medium-grained, occasionally very fine-grained, angular, poorly sorted, spotty dead oil stain with specks of pyrobitumen, dull yellow sample fluorescence, slow weeping pale yellow-white cut fluorescence.
- 2020 - 2040 Sandstone, 30%, as above. Siltstone, 70%, dark gray, hard, shaly, subfissile, calcareous.
- 2040 - 2050 Sandstone, 40%, as above. Shale, 40%, dark gray to black, fissile, very bituminous, trace coal, non-calcareous. Siltstone, 20%, as above.
- 2050 - 2060 Sandstone, 100%, as above with patchy to even brown oil stain, blue-white sample and cut fluorescence.
- 2060 - 2065 Shale, 100%, dark gray to black, firm to hard, very bituminous and silty.
- 2065 - 2110 Sandstone, 100%, light to medium gray-brown. Moderately hard, very fine to fine-grained, well sorted, very calcareous, silty, poor porosity, with trace oil stain and sample and cut fluorescence as above.
- 2110 - 2140 Siltstone, 100%, dark gray, shaly, subfissile, calcareous grading to sandstone.
- 2140 - 2160 Sandstone, 100%, light to medium gray, fine to medium-grained, fair porosity, subangular, poorly sorted with trace chert fragments, sample fluorescence and cut.
- 2160 - 2210 Sandstone, 100%, as above with traces of pyrite and pyrobitumen.
- 2210 - 2220 Siltstone, 100%, dark gray, calcareous, pyritic, grading to sandstone, as above.
- 2220 - 2230 Sandstone, 100%, as above, very calcareous, with skeletal limestone fragments, fossiliferous with bryozoa, brachiopods and echinoid spines, pyrite and trace of kaolin.
- 2230 - 2250 Sandstone, 100%, light gray, fine to coarse-grained, poorly sorted, subangular, fair porosity, very calcareous.
- 2250 - 2270 Sandstone, 100%, dark gray, fine-grained, well sorted grading to siltstone, calcareous with fossils mainly bryozoa, even brown oil stain, dull yellow sample and cut fluorescence.

- 2270 - 2280 Limestone, 100%, gray to brown, microcrystalline, hard, arenaceous, grading to siltstone and minor sandstone, trace oil stain with sample and cut fluorescence.
- 2280 - 2320 Dolomite, 50%, dark gray, moderately hard, microcrystalline, massive, silty. Sandstone, 30%, as above. Siltstone, 20%, medium to dark gray, firm to moderately hard, calcareous grading to sandstone with poor trace chert and bryozoa.
- 2320 - 2350 Siltstone, 100%, gray to brown, hard, dolomitic with calcite in fractures, fossiliferous with bryozoa and fish remains.
- 2350 - 2370 Sandstone, 100%, white to dark gray, fine to coarse-grained, poorly sorted, subrounded to subangular, calcareous, fair porosity, with occasional lithic fragments, abundant pyrite and pyrobitumen.
- 2370 - 2380 Chert, 50%, gray to blue-gray, very hard. Conchoidal fracture, cryptocrystalline, translucent with disseminated pyrite and rare sponge spicules. Sandstone, 50%, as above.
- 2380 - 2430 Sandstone, 100%, light gray to tan, fine to medium-grained, well sorted, subrounded, slightly calcareous becoming quartzitic.
- 2430 - 2440 Dolomite, 100%, medium gray, microcrystalline, hard, massive, silty.
- 2440 - 2450 Sandstone, 100%, gray-brown, fine to medium-grained, poorly sorted, subrounded, fair porosity, calcareous.
- 2450 - 2480 Siltstone, 100%, medium brown to gray, moderately hard, poor porosity, calcareous and dolomitic grading to fine-grained sandstone.
- 2480 - 2505 Limestone, 100%, dark gray, hard, brittle, microcrystalline, very silty grading to calcareous siltstone, slightly shaly.
- 2505 - 2520 Sandstone, 100%, light gray to tan, fine-grained, subrounded, well sorted, very calcareous, fair porosity, with trace dead oil stain.
- 2520 - 2540 Sandstone, 100%, gray to brown, fine to medium grained, poorly sorted, subangular, very calcareous grading to siltstone.



- 2540 - 2560 Siltstone, 100%, dark brown to gray, firm friable, dolomitic grading to sandstone, as above.
- 2560 - 2580 Sandstone, 100%, gray-brown, very fine to fine-grained, moderately sorted, subangular, dolomitic grading to siltstone as above with trace of shaly siltstone.
- 2580 - 2630 Sandstone, white to tan, fine-grained. Moderately sorted, fair porosity, subangular, calcareous with dead oil stain.
- 2630 - 2645 Limestone, white to light brown, hard, microcrystalline and very silty.
- 2645 - 2650 Sandstone, as above.
- 2650 - 2680 Sandstone, white to light gray. Fine-grained, moderately sorted, subrounded, friable, fair porosity grading to siltstone.
- 2680 - 2690 Dolomite, brown to dark gray, hard, microcrystalline to crystalline, very silty with a thin chert band.
- 2690 - 2720 Sandstone, white, fine to very fine, subangular, fair sorting, fair to good porosity grading to quartzite.
- 2720 - 2750 Sandstone, white to light gray, very fine to fine, moderately sorted, subrounded, quartzose, occasionally silty and slightly dolomitic.
- 2750 - 2760 Dolomite, gray to brown, hard, crystalline, very silty, fossiliferous.
- 2760 - 2800 Sandstone, white, fine to medium grained, poorly sorted, subrounded to subangular, fair to good porosity, dolomitic.
- 2800 - 2820 Sandstone, white to light gray, very fine to fine, moderately sorted, quartzose, dolomitic cement, poor porosity.
- 2820 - 2840 Sandstone, gray, very fine, well sorted, subrounded, poor porosity, interbedded with siltstone and shale.
- 2840 - 2850 Sandstone, white to gray, very hard, fine grained, quartzitic and dolomitic.
- 2850 - 2880 Sandstone, white, very hard, quartzitic, very fine, well sorted, dolomitic and poor porosity.



- 2880 - 2900 Siltstone, gray to brown, moderately hard, shaly, very pyritic.
- 2900 - 2920 Sandstone and siltstone interbedded, white to gray, trace green, dolomitic, poor to fair porosity.
- 2920 - 2930 Sandstone, white to gray, fine to very fine, hard, moderately sorted, subrounded to subangular, poor porosity.
- 2930 - 2950 Siltstone, dark brown, moderately hard, generally massive, poor porosity with trace of dolomitic cement.
- 2950 - 2960 Shale, dark gray to black, subfissil, slightly dolomitic and very pyritic.
- 2960 - 3000 Sandstone, gray to light brown, fine to coarse, poorly sorted, subangular to subrounded with fair porosity.
- 3000 - 3020 Sandstone, medium to dark gray, fine to medium grained, poorly sorted, subangular, subrounded, fair porosity, slightly dolomitic.
- 3020 - 3060 Sandstone, 100%, light gray to brown, fine to medium grained, hard, poorly sorted, subangular, poor to fair porosity, siliceous cement.
- 3060 - 3080 Sandstone, 100%, dark brown to gray, fine to very fine, commonly silty, very hard, quartzose with dolomitic cement.
- 3080 - 3090 Shale, 100%, dark brown, soft to firm, friable, dolomitic with rare pyrite and trace of silty sandstone.
- 3090 - 3102 Sandstone, 70%, light gray, medium grained, subangular, hard, quartzose, shale as above, 10%, dolomite, 20%, dark brown, hard, massive and generally silty.
- 3102 - 3110 Sandstone, 100%, dark gray-brown, medium to fine grained, moderately hard, quartzose, subrounded, moderately sorted with trace of pyrite and pyrobitumen; dolomitic cement.
- 3110 - 3120 Sandstone, 90% as above, siltstone, 10%, dark brown and very pyritic.
- 3120 - 3190 Sandstone as above, 100%.
- 3190 - 3200 Sandstone as above, 100%, becoming occasionally coarse grained with trace of dark brown siltstone.

- 3200 - 3210 Sandstone, 100%, medium to dark gray, fine to very fine grained, moderately hard, subrounded, quartzose with minor accessory pyrite. Generally oil stained.
- 3210 - 3230 Sandstone, 80% as above, grading to silty sandstone, 20%, dark gray-brown, quartzose and pyritic.
- 3230 - 3250 Sandstone, 70% as above, silty sandstone, 15% as above, siltstone, 15%, dark gray, firm, friable, noncalcareous.
- 3250 - 3260 Sandstone, 100%, as above.
- 3260 - 3270 Sandstone, 90%, medium gray, fine to very fine-grained, quartzose, subrounded, moderately hard with trace bitumen. Siltstone, 10%, light gray, firm friable with minor pyrite.
- 3270 - 3320 Sandstone, 100%, light to medium gray, medium to very fine-grained, moderately sorted, subrounded, hard, occasionally calcareous.
- 3320 - 3350 Sandstone, 100%, light gray, fine-grained, subrounded, moderately hard and slightly to moderately calcareous.
- 3350 - 3390 Sandstone, 80% as above becoming subangular and moderately calcareous. Siltstone, 20%, dark brown, firm, friable, pyritic and noncalcareous.
- 3390 - 3400 Sandstone, 90%, fine-grained, slightly calcareous, subrounded, moderately sorted, moderately hard. Shale, 10%, dark gray, fissile, friable, noncalcareous.
- 3400 - 3410 Sandstone, 100%, light-dark gray, fine-grained, subrounded with calcareous cement and quartzose.
- 3410 - 3440 Sandstone, 50%, light-dark brown, equigranular, calcareous, subrounded, moderately hard. Siltstone, 40%, dark brown, firm friable, slightly dolomitic. Shale, 10%, dark brown, firm, friable, fissile, silty in part and pyritic.
- 3440 - 3450 Shale, 100%, black, firm, subfissile, silty and pyritic.
- 3450 - 3500 Sandstone, 100%, dark gray to brown, fine-grained, quartzose, very hard, poor porosity, interbedded with siltstone. Even brown dead oil stain.
- 3500 - 3540 Sandstone, 100%, white to light gray, firm, friable, fine to medium-grained, moderately sorted, subangular

- to subrounded, fair porosity, weak calcareous cement. Patchy dead oil stain.
- 3540 - 3550 Siltstone, 100%, dark gray to brown, hard becoming subfissile and shaly, pyritic.
- 3550 - 3570 Shale, 100%, brown to dark gray, hard, fissile, noncalcareous to slightly calcareous, very silty and pyritic.
- 3570 - 3580 Sandstone, 100%, light to dark gray, hard, very fine to fine-grained, subangular to subrounded, poor porosity, abundant pyrite.
- 3580 - 3610 Sandstone, 100%, dark to light gray, very fine to fine-grained, hard, calcareous, well sorted, subrounded.
- 3610 - 3640 Siltstone, 100%, light gray to brown, firm to hard, sandy, argillaceous becoming fissile, very calcareous and very pyritic. Trace arenaceous limestone.
- 3640 - 3660 Siltstone, 100%, gray, hard, sandy, argillaceous, pyritic, fossiliferous.
- 3660 - 3690 Shale, 100%, light gray, firm, fissile, very silty, calcareous.
- 3690 - 3710 Limestone, 100%, brown to dark gray, hard, micro-crystalline to crystalline, argillaceous, arenaceous, fossiliferous.
- 3710 - 3720 Sandstone, 100%, white to light gray, hard, very calcareous grading to siltstone.
- 3720 - 3730 Shale, 100%, pale gray, moderately hard, subfissile, very silty.
- 3730 - 3745 Siltstone, 100%, dark to light gray, subfissile, hard, sandy, calcareous.
- 3745 - 3750 Shale, 100%, dark gray to black, hard, fissile and silty.
- 3750 - 3760 Limestone, 100%, gray, occasionally light gray, hard, silty with pyritized fossils.
- 3760 - 3770 Siltstone, 100%, gray, subfissile, calcareous, fossiliferous.
- 3770 - 3780 Shale, 100%, dark gray to black, subfissile, hard, calcareous, fossiliferous.
- 3780 - 3790 Siltstone, 100%, gray, hard, silicified, sandy, calcareous, argillaceous, fossiliferous.



- 3790 - 3800 Sandstone, 100%, light brown, very hard, siliceous, calcareous, silty, some shale.
- 3800 - 3830 Shale, 100%, black to dark gray, hard, fissile, dolomitic and pyritic.
- 3830 - 3840 Siltstone, 100%, dark gray, hard, subfissile, dolomitic, sandy, pyritic and carbonaceous.
- 3840 - 3850 Dolomite, 70%, brown-gray, cryptocrystalline to microcrystalline, blocky, occasionally splintery, very hard, angular, fractures, occasionally shaly and silty. Shale, 10%, black to dark gray, moderately hard, fissile, occasionally pyritic, slightly dolomitic. Siltstone, 10%, gray, moderately hard, argillaceous, slightly dolomitic, sandy in part. Sandstone, 10%, light brown to light gray, occasionally white, slightly calcareous, well sorted, fine-grained, subangular to subrounded.
- 3850 - 3860 Dolomite, 40% as above. Shale, 30% as above. Siltstone, 30% as above with loose calcite fragments possibly from a fracture.
- 3860 - 3870 Dolomite, 90% as above. Shale, 10% as above.
- 3870 - 3890 Dolomite, 20% as above. Shale, 80% as above.
- 3890 - 3900 Shale, 50% as above, noncalcareous. Dolomite, 30% as above. Siltstone, 20% as above.
- 3900 - 3910 Siltstone, 50%, gray, moderately hard to hard, argillaceous, sandy, calcareous, blocky, occasionally pyritic. Sandy siltstone, 20%. Shale, 20%, dark gray, fissile, fine to moderately hard, occasionally micaceous. Limestone, 10%, brown-gray, dolomitic, abundant crinoids and molluscs, silty in part, some coarse calcite.
- 3910 - 3920 Sandy siltstone, 40%. Siltstone, 30% as above. Limestone, 10% as above. Dolomite, 10%, brown-gray, cryptocrystalline to microcrystalline, blocky, occasionally splintery with angular fracture. Sandstone, 10%, white to light brown-gray, very fine-grained, dolomitic, moderately well sorted becoming silty grading to siltstone.
- 3920 - 3930 Siltstone, 40% as above becoming very sandy and very calcareous. Sandy siltstone, 30%. Limestone, 20% as above becoming very silty grading to siltstone. Sandstone, 10% as above.



- 3930 - 3940 Siltstone, 20%. Sandy siltstone, 20%. Dolomite, 20%. Limestone, 20% with abundant crinoids. Shale, 10%. Sandstone, 10%, interbedded.
- 3940 - 3950 Sandstone, 80%. Siltstone, 10%. Sandy siltstone, 10% as above.
- 3950 - 3970 Sandstone, 40%, brown-gray, very fine-grained, quartzose, moderately hard, dolomitic cement, pinpoint to poor porosity, grading to sandy siltstone 20%, grading to siltstone 40%, gray, moderately hard, moderately well sorted, micaceous.
- 3970 - 3980 Sandstone, 40% as above. Sandy siltstone, 20% as above. Siltstone, 30%, dark gray, firm to moderately hard, poorly sorted, micaceous, calcareous becoming arenaceous. Dolomite, 10%, gray-brown, hard, angular fracturing, cryptocrystalline.
- 3980 - 3990 Siltstone, 50% as above. Limestone, 20%, brown-gray, splintery to blocky, very hard, cryptocrystalline grading to dolomite, 10% as above. Sandstone, 10%, becoming calcareous, dense, hard. Sandy siltstone, 10%.
- 3990 - 4000 Shale, 90%, dark gray, firm to moderately hard, fissile, non-calcareous, silty in part, occasionally pyritic, occasionally micaceous. Siltstone, 10% as above.
- 4000 - 4020 Limestone, 70-90%, white to light gray, hard, medium to cryptocrystalline, occasionally chalky, blocky, splintery, some fracturing, fossiliferous with molluscs. Shale, 10-20% as above with some microfossils. Siltstone, 0-10% as above, pyritic in part.
- 4020 - 4030 Shale, 70%, dark gray as above, calcareous grading to siltstone, 20% as above. Limestone, 10% as above.
- 4030 - 4080 Shale, 70-90%, dark gray-brown, firm, fissile, non-calcareous, silty in part with pyrite and fossils. Siltstone, 10-30%, dark gray-brown, well sorted, firm, dolomitic, grading to shale as above.
- 4080 - 4090 Siltstone, 70%, dark gray, argillaceous, moderately hard, pyritic, calcareous, fossiliferous with crinoids. Shale, 30% as above, becoming slightly dolomitic.
- 4090 - 4110 Shale, 80%, dark gray to black, firm to moderately hard, fissile, non to slightly calcareous, splintery, occasionally blocky, occasionally micaceous. Limestone, 10-20%, white to light gray, hard, blocky, occasionally splintery, occasionally chalky, cryptocrystalline to medium crystalline, some fracturing with fossils predominantly crinoids. Siltstone, 0-10% as above.

- 4110 - 4120 Siltstone, 80%, dark gray, argillaceous, moderately hard, blocky, calcareous, occasionally pyritic with pyritized fossils predominantly molluscs and crinoids. Shale, 10% as above. Sandstone, 10%, tan, very fine-grained, hard, quartzose, calcereous cement, well sorted, subangular, tight.
- 4120 - 4130 Shale, 50% as above. Limestone, 40% as above, light brown in part, dolomitic, in part with calcite, blocky. Siltstone, 10% as above.
- 4130 - 4140 Sandstone, 90%, tan, very fine to fine-grained, moderately hard, occasionally friable, well sorted, calcareous cement, silty in part, subangular, poor porosity with microfossils and crinoids. Shale, 5% as above. Siltstone, 5% as above, becoming sandy.
- 4140 - 4150 Sandstone, 80%, buff, tan, subrounded to subangular, quartzose, moderately hard to hard, well sorted, calcareous, poor porosity with crinoids, pyrite and microfossils. Shale, 10%, dark gray to black, firm, fissile, calcareous, occasionally micaceous. Siltstone, 10%, dark gray to brown, poor to moderately well sorted, argillaceous in part, slightly calcareous, moderately hard to hard.
- 4150 - 4170 Shale, 50-60% as above. Siltstone, 30% as above. Sandstone, 10-20% as above.
- 4170 - 4210 Shale, 70-90%, dark gray to black, fissile, occasionally blocky, slightly calcareous, slightly micaceous with pyrite. Siltstone, 10-30% as above, moderately hard, traces of limestone, tight, sandstone as above and sandy siltstone.
- 4210 - 4220 Siltstone, 40% as above, sandy in part. Shale, 30% as above, becoming more micaceous and silty. Sandstone, 20% as above. Sandy siltstone, 10%.
- 4220 - 4230 Shale, 40%, dark gray to black, firm to moderately hard, fissile, occasionally blocky, slightly micaceous, slightly calcareous, silty. Siltstone, 40%, dark gray to brown, firm to moderately hard, blocky, slightly calcareous, occasionally micaceous, poor to moderately well sorted, sandy in part. Sandy siltstone, 10%. Sandstone, 10%, tan, fine-grained, hard, slightly calcareous, subrounded to subangular, tight to pinpoint porosity.
- 4230 - 4250 Shale, 50%, dark gray to brown, black, micaceous, as above. Siltstone, 50% as above, well sorted.
- 4250 - 4270 Siltstone, 70% as above, medium well sorted, very sandy in part with shaly laminations and crinoids. Shale, 15% as above, slightly micaceous, noncalcareous,

very silty in part. Sandy siltstone, 15%.

- 4270 - 4280 Sandstone, 100%, light brown to cream, very fine to fine-grained quartzose, very hard, occasionally friable, slightly calcareous, very slightly micaceous to micromicaceous, subangular with trace of fossils.
- 4280 - 4290 Sandstone, 80% as above. Shale, 10% as above, non-calcareous. Siltstone, 10% as above, noncalcareous with pyrite and some white cream calcite fracturing.
- 4290 - 4310 Shale, 70% as above. Siltstone, 20-30% as above. Sandstone, 0-10% as above.
- 4310 - 4320 Siltstone, 60% as above. Shale, 30% as above. Sandy siltstone, 10%, slightly calcareous.
- 4320 - 4360 Siltstone, 60-80%, dark gray, moderately well sorted, firm to moderately hard, slightly calcareous, micaceous, subfissile, occasionally argillaceous with pyrite and crinoid and mollusc fragments. Shale, 20-40%, dark gray-black, firm to moderately hard, fissile, occasionally subfissile, splintery, noncalcareous, occasionally blocky with trace of calcite veining and pyrite.
- 4360 - 4370 Shale, 70% as above. Siltstone, 30% as above.
- 4370 - 4390 Sandstone, 70-80%, light gray brown, fine to very fine-grained, subangular to subrounded, well sorted, poor porosity, slightly calcareous, hard, occasionally friable, quartzose. Siltstone, 0-20% as above. Shale, 10% as above. Sandy siltstone, 10%.
- 4390 - 4420 Sandstone, 100% as above, light brown, subangular, non-calcareous, quartzose, silty in part with loose calcite more evident near base, becoming more friable near base. Trace of sandy siltstone and siltstone as above.
- 4420 - 4430 Sandstone, 90% as above. Sandy siltstone, 10%.
- 4430 - 4450 Sandstone, 40% as above. Siltstone, 30% as above, becoming more micaceous, noncalcareous. Sandy siltstone, 20%. Shale, 10% as above, very silty in part, noncalcareous, micromicaceous.
- 4450 - 4460 Siltstone, 40%, dark gray, poorly sorted, argillaceous in part, firm to medium hard, noncalcareous, micromicaceous, subfissile with pyrite and occasional crinoids. Sandstone, 30%, light brown, very fine to fine-grained, slightly calcareous, quartzose, subangular, hard, occasionally friable, silty in part. Sandy siltstone, 20%. Shale, 10%, dark gray to black, firm to



- medium hard, fissile, occasionally subfissile, splintery, noncalcareous, occasionally blocky with trace of calcite fragments and pyrite.
- 4460 - 4480 Siltstone, 50% as above, medium well sorted. Sandy siltstone, 30% as above. Sandstone, 10% as above. Shale, 10% as above. Trace of dolomite, gray brown, blocky, hard.
- 4480 - 4520 Siltstone, 60-80% as above, very micromicaceous. Sandy, 10-30% as above. Shale, 0-20% as above.
- 4520 - 4530 Shale, 50% as above, dark gray fissile, moderately hard silty in part, micromicaceous with occasional pyrite. Siltstone, 40% as above. Sandy siltstone, 10% as above.
- 4530 - 4540 Siltstone, 70%, dark gray, firm to moderately hard, well sorted, noncalcareous, very poor porosity subfissile, micromicaceous with a trace of pyrite. Shale, 30%, dark gray, moderately hard, micromicaceous, fissile, noncalcareous.
- 4540 - 4550 Shale, 60% as above. Siltstone, 30% as above. Sandstone, 10%, light to medium gray, brown, very fine to fine-grained, moderately sorted, calcareous.
- 4550 - 4590 Sandstone, 40%, gray brown, very fine to fine-grained, angular to subangular, hard, generally noncalcareous with occasional shaly laminations grading to silty sandstone, 20%. Siltstone, 30%, dark gray, brown, firm to moderately hard, micromicaceous, well sorted with faint trace of dolomite cement and blocky fracture. Shale, 10% as above.
- 4590 - 4620 Siltstone, 80% as above. Silty sandstone, 10% as above. Shale, 10% as above.
- 4620 - 4650 Siltstone, 90%, black to dark gray, moderately hard, subfissile and shaly to argillaceous in part. Shale, 10%, dark gray, firm to moderately hard, noncalcareous, micromicaceous and fissile.
- 4650 - 4660 Siltstone, 80% as above. Shale, 10% as above. Sandstone, 10%, medium gray, very fine-grained, subangular, hard, well sorted, moderately calcareous and quartzose.
- 4660 - 4670 Shale, 20% as above. Siltstone, 50% generally as above. Silty sandstone, 10%. Sandstone, 20% as above.
- 4670 - 4690 Siltstone, 80% as above. Silty sandstone as above. Sandstone, 10% as above

- 4690 - 4710 Siltstone, 80%, as above. Silty sandstone as above. Sandstone, 10% as above.
- 4710 - 4760 Siltstone, 40%, dark gray, moderately sorted, moderately hard, slightly calcareous, increasingly arenaceous. Sandstone, 10%, medium gray, very fine-grained, hard, well sorted, subangular, moderately calcareous.
- 4760 - 4780 Siltstone, 40% as above. Silty sandstone, 40% as above. Sandstone, 10% as above. Dolomite, 10%, medium gray, hard, massive, blocky fractures, speckled.
- 4780 - 4790 Siltstone, 40% as above. Silty sandstone, 20% as above. Sandstone as above. Dolomite, 10% as above. Limestone, 20%.
- 4790 - 4820 Silty sandstone, 70%, medium grained, compact, hard, well sorted, slightly calcareous and quartzose. Siltstone, 20%, medium to dark gray, moderately hard, subfissile, occasionally with blocky fractures, slightly dolomitic and argillaceous in part. Sandstone, 10%, light to medium gray, very fine-grained, angular to subangular, very hard, sucrose, quartzose, slightly calcareous and grading to silty sandstone, as above.
- 4820 - 4870 Shale, 20%, dark gray, moderately hard, fissile, micaceous and slightly dolomitic. Siltstone, 60% as above. Silty sandstone, 20% as above.
- 4870 - 4890 Shale, 20% as above. Siltstone, 40% as above. Silty sandstone, 30% as above. Sandstone, 10% as above.
- 4890 - 4910 Shale, 10%. Siltstone, 50%. Silty sandstone, 40%.
- 4910 - 4930 Shale, 20%. Siltstone, 40%. Silty sandstone, 30%. Sandstone, 10%.
- 4930 - 4940 Shale, 30%. Siltstone, 40%. Silty sandstone, 30%.
- 4940 - 4970 Shale, 70%, dark gray to black, moderately hard, fissile, silty, laminated and noncalcareous. Siltstone, 20%, dark gray to black, moderately hard, slightly dolomitic and micromicaceous. Silty sandstone, 10%, light medium gray, moderately sorted, quartzose.
- 4970 - 5030 Shale, 80%, dark gray to black, moderately hard, fissile with thin shaly partings, slightly calcareous and pyritic. Siltstone, 20% as above, and a trace of limestone and dolomite.

- 5030 - 5050 Siltstone, 60%, dark gray, firm to moderately hard, moderately sorted, blocky, fractures, argillaceous, slightly calcareous with trace of pyrite. Shale, 40% as above.
- 5050 - 5070 Shale, 60% generally as above. Siltstone, 20% as above. Silty sandstone, 20%, medium gray to brown, very fine to fine-grained, moderately hard, friable, very calcareous, generally poorly sorted and includes crinoid fragments with poor porosity.
- 5070 - 5100 Shale, 70%, dark gray, firm, fissile, noncalcareous and becoming silty to include siltstone, 30% as above.
- 5100 - 5180 Shale, black, moderately hard, fissile, silty.
- 5180 - 5200 Sandstone, gray to brown, hard, fine to very fine, Moderately well sorted, subrounded, calcareous, prytic.
- 5200 - 5220 Siltstone, brown to gray, hard, sandy, argillaceous and micromicaceous.
- 5220 - 5240 Siltstone, 100% dark gray, moderately hard, argillaceous, blocky becoming sandy and micromicaceous.
- 5240 - 5260 Shale, 100% black moderately hard, fissile, silty and moderately calcareous.
- 5260 - 5290 Shale, 60%, dark gray to black, fissile, moderately hard. Siltstone, 40% dark gray, blocky, hard, micaceous, becoming sandy, slightly calcareous.
- 5290 - 5430 Shale, 100% dark gray to black, moderately hard, fissile, occasionally blocky, non to slightly calcareous, slightly silty, abundant pyrite.
- 5430 - 5460 Shale, 80% as above. Siltstone, 20%.
- 5460 - 5530 Shale, 100% gray to black, fissile to blocky, firm to moderately hard, non to slightly calcareous, micaceous, pyritic and occasionally silty.
- 5530 - 5540 Shale, 50% as above. Sandstone, 50% gray, very fine grained, subangular, hard to very hard, slightly calcareous.
- 5540 - 5570 Chert, 100% white to light gray, very hard, cryptocrystalline, massive, spicular.
- 5570 - 5590 Sandstone, 100% white, hard, quartzitic, dolomitic, grading to chert with thin shale partings.



- 5590 - 5610 Dolomite, 100% gray to pinkish brown, hard, massive, microcrystalline, sandy, trace of chert.
- 5605 Top Flett.
- 5610 - 5630 Dolomite, 30% gray, blocky, hard, microcrystalline. Shale, 70% black, moderately hard, fissile.
- 5630 - 5710 Shale, 100% as above.
- 5710 - 5750 Shale, 40% as above. Dolomite, 30%, pinkish brown, hard, cryptocrystalline. Marlstone, 30% light gray, soft to firm, grading to limestone.
- 5750 - 5770 Shale, 100% dark gray to black, moderately hard, fissile.
- 5770 - 5830 Shale, 100%, dark gray to black, firm to moderately hard, fissile, non to slightly calcareous with abundant calcite veining.
- 5830 - 5870 Shale, 100%, dark gray, moderately hard, fissile to blocky, slightly silty.
- 5870 - 5890 Shale, 60% as above. Limestone, 20%, brown to gray, soft to firm, laminated, slightly dolomitic.
- 5890 - 5910 Limestone, 100%, brown to gray, hard, cryptocrystalline, slightly dolomitic, fossiliferous (crinoids and brachiopods).
- 5910 - 5970 Shale, 100%, gray to dark gray, moderately hard, fissile, calcareous grading to marlaceous, thin stringers of dolomite.
- 5970 - 6140 Shale, 100%, gray to dark gray to black, occasionally brown gray, fissile, occasionally blocky, micromicaceous, silty in part, marly in part, particularly near the base, calcareous, firm to moderately hard, splintery with pyrite and occasional calcite veins.

#### MINOR LITHOLOGIES

- 5990 - 6010 Limestone, 15%, white to light gray, hard, tight, medium to coarsely crystalline with fossils.
- 6010 - 6020 Dolomite, 10%, brown gray, hard, crystalline, silty argillaceous in part, calcite veins.
- 6040 - 6060 Dolomite, 5% as above. Marlstone, 5%, light gray, soft, very calcareous, argillaceous.

- 6080 - 6090 Dolomite, 5% as above. Marlstone, 5% as above.
- 6090 - 6100 Siltstone, 50%, brown gray, blocky, very calcareous, argillaceous, grading to marlstone.
- 6100 - 6140 Dolomite, 5% as above. Marlstone, 5% as above. Siltstone, 5% as above.
- 6140 - 6240 Shale, 100% dark gray to black, occasionally gray, fissile, firm to medium hard, very slightly calcareous, splintery, occasionally soft with pyrite.

#### MINOR LITHOLOGIES

- 6140 - 6150 Marl, 10% light gray to cream, soft to firm, very calcareous, silty in part.
- 6150 - 6200 Siltstone, 10% dark gray, occasionally brown gray, blocky, firm to moderately hard, calcareous, argillaceous.
- 6160 - 6170 Marl, 10% as above.
- 6200 - 6210 Marl, 5% as above.
- 6240 - 6250 Shale 85%, dark gray to black, hard, fissile, silty in part, brittle fracture, noncalcareous with trace of pyrite. Siltstone, 10%, dark gray to black, firm to moderately hard, calcareous with pyrite. Marl, 5%, gray, soft, silty calcareous.
- 6250 - 6260 Shale, 80% as above.
- 6260 - 6330 Shale, 100%, silty in part as above, becoming cherty at base with trace pyrite and calcite veining and trace siltstone.
- 6330 - 6340 Shale, 70% as above becoming calcareous. Limestone, 20%, dark gray, mottled brown gray, blocky, very silty, hard, argillaceous, shaly in part with loose calcite fracture fragments. Siltstone, 5% as above. Marl, 5% as above.
- 6340 - 6360 Limestone, 80% as above. Marl, 10% as above. Shale, 10% as above.
- 6360 - 6370 Shale, 60% as above, marly, calcareous. Marl, 20% as above. Limestone, 10% as above. Siltstone, 10% as above, very calcareous.
- 6370 - 6420 Limestone, 80-100%, dark gray with brown mottling as above, some cream to light brown, blocky, argillaceous,

calcilutite, marly in part becoming microcrystalline near base, white to light gray microcrystalline to fine crystalline, all tight. Marl, 0-10% as above. Shale, 0-10% as above.

- 6420 - 6580 Limestone, 70-100%, dark gray, occasionally black, Hard, blocky, occasionally mottled brown-gray, tight, silty, argillaceous in part, microcrystalline, occasionally cryptocrystalline, some cream white to light brown to light gray, soft to firm calcilutite, argillaceous, microcrystalline, occasionally fine crystalline, chalky in part, tight with calcite fractures. Shale, 0-20%, dark gray to black, occasionally light gray, firm to moderately hard, fissile, non to slightly calcareous. Silty in part with pyrite. Siltstone, 0-20%, dark gray, brown-gray, blocky, subfissile, occasionally fissile, micromicaceous, calcareous, grading in part to limestone. Marl, 0-10%, brown-gray, occasionally buff, soft to firm, predominately blocky.
- 6580 - 6590 Shale, 50% as above, becoming very calcareous in part, grading to shaly limestone. Limestone, 40% as above. Siltstone, 10% as above.
- 6590 - 6600 Shale, 70% as above. Limestone, 20% as above. Siltstone, 10% as above.
- 6600 - 6620 Shale, 90-95% as above. Siltstone, 0-10% as above. Limestone, 0-5% as above with abundant, loose calcite fracture fragments.
- 6620 - 6670 Shale 90-100%, dark gray to black, firm to moderately hard, occasionally hard, calcareous, traces of coal and pyrite. Limestone 0-10%, light gray, moderately hard, microcrystalline, argillaceous, blocky fractures, calcareous grading to silty shale.
- 6670 - 6730 Shale, 40-70% as above, becoming more silty. Limestone, 30-50%, medium to dark gray, firm to moderately hard, argillaceous, grading to 0-10% siltstone, dark gray, moderately calcareous, firm with rare pyrite. Marl, 0-10%, light gray-brown, firm, very calcareous, silty in part.
- 6730 - 6740 Shale, 75% as above, becoming very calcareous, grading to limestone. Limestone, 20%, as above, shaly. Marl, 5% as above.
- 6740 - 6760 Shale, 50% as above. Limestone, 35% as above, some brown cream, hard, microcrystalline, very cherty. Chert, 15%, light gray to white to brown, hard crystalline, blocky, occasionally calcareous with abundant sponge specules.



- 6760 - 6810 Shale, 60-80%, as above, occasionally hard, brittle, grading to dark gray, silty, limestone with thin calcite grading. Limestone, 5-30%, as above, silty in part, grading to siltstone, grading to shale, some brown-white. Marl 5-20%, as above, predominately blocky. Chert, 0-5% as above.
- 6810 - 6910 Shale, 45-75%, gray to dark gray, firm to moderately hard, fissile, slightly to very calcareous, silty in part. Limestone, 20-55%, medium to dark gray, microcrystalline to argillaceous, firm to moderately hard, occasionally subfissile, generally blocky, grading to shale as above. Marl, 0-5%, medium gray, soft, silty, very calcareous.
- 6910 - 6940 Shale, 60-70%, gray, occasionally dark gray to black, moderately hard, occasionally hard, fissile, occasionally subfissile, calcareous, silty in part with thin calcite veining. Limestone, 10-30% as above, brown cream, cherty, silty and shaly in part. Marl, 10-20%, light brown-gray, soft to firm, very calcareous, very silty in part, blocky, moderately hard, occasionally hard, grading to siltstone.
- 6940 - 6960 Shale, 60-85% as above, becoming very silty. Marl, 10-30% as above. Limestone, 0-5% as above.
- 6960- 6970 Shale, 40%. Marl, 30%. Limestone, 30% as above, gradational.
- 6970 - 7000 Shale, 60-85%, light gray to black, becoming less silty. Marl, 10-20% as above, predominantly very silty, moderately hard, grading to siltstone. Limestone, 5-10% as above, very silty.
- 7000 - 7170 Shale, 65-90%, dark gray to dark brown to black. Moderately hard, fissile, brittle, slightly to very calcareous, occasionally noncalcareous, silty in part grading to siltstone and marl with calcite veining, pyritized fossils. Limestone, 5-30%, dark gray, brown cream, hard, occasionally friable, blocky, microcrystalline, occasionally cryptocrystalline, some argillaceous, tight, very silty, occasionally cherty, occasionally arenaceous. Marl, 0-30%, light brown-gray, soft to firm, argillaceous, very calcareous, very silty in part.
- 7170 - 7250 Shale, 100%, dark gray, moderately hard, fissile, calcareous, silty grading to siltstone and marl. Occasional limestone stringers.
- 7250 - 7360 Limestone, 50%, dark gray to black, hard, micro to cryptocrystalline, cherty, abundant calcite veining. Shale, 50% as above.

- 7360 - 7470 Limestone, 60%, dark gray, occasionally buff to white, crystalline to cryptocrystalline, moderately hard to hard, blocky, massive, argillaceous, occasionally silty, pyritic, abundant calcite veinings, fossiliferous. Shale, 40%, dark gray to black, moderately hard, fissile, non- to very calcareous grading to marl.
- 7470 - 7570 Limestone, 50%, dark gray, microcrystalline to cryptocrystalline, massive, blocky fractures, hard and occasionally becoming silty to arenaceous with a trace of marl and grading to shale. Shale, 50%, dark gray to black, fissile, moderately hard, slightly calcareous and occasionally silty.
- 7570 - 7590 Shale, 65% as above. Limestone, 35% as above.
- 7590 - 7620 Shale, 60%, dark gray to gray, firm to moderately hard, fissile, slightly to very calcareous, occasionally micromicaceous to silty with pyrite and a trace of fossils. Limestone, 40%, white to cream, brown to dark gray, predominantly hard, microcrystalline, occasionally fine crystalline, argillaceous with some loose calcite.
- 7620 - 7640 Limestone, 40% as above. Shale, 50% as above. Chert, 10%, brown, translucent, very hard, blocky fractures with small calcite inclusions.
- 7640 - 7650 Limestone, 70%, generally white to cream, occasionally silty, fine crystalline to microcrystalline, tight to pinpoint porosity, generally calcilutite. Shale, 15% as above. Chert, 15% as above.
- 7650 - 7700 Limestone, 80% as above. Shale, 20% as above.
- 7700 - 7720 Limestone, 60%, white to cream to dark gray, cherty in part, chalky, calcilutite with fine disseminated pyrite, finely crystalline and pinpoint porosity. Shale, 40% dark gray to black, fissile, moderately hard, slightly calcareous, occasionally micromicaceous and silty.
- 7720 - 7770 Limestone, 80% as above. Shale, 10% as above. Chert, 10%, dark brown to black, very hard, conchoidal to splintery fracture, translucent in thin flakes, cryptocrystalline, glassy and with calcite veining common.
- 7770 - 7850 Limestone, 70% as above. Chert, 30% as above.

- 7850 - 7860 Limestone, 75%, dark gray, hard, microcrystalline, argillaceous to arenaceous, massive, occasionally sucrose. Shale, 15%, dark gray to black, moderately hard, fissile, micromicaceous in part, becoming silty and slightly to noncalcareous. Chert, 10%, dark brown to black, very hard, conchoidal to splintery fracture, cryptocrystalline, translucent in thin flakes, with abundant calcite veining.
- 7860 - 7880 Limestone, 70% as above. Shale, 30% as above.
- 7880 - 7890 Limestone, 60% as above. Shale, 40% as above.
- 7890 - 7910 Limestone, 50-55%, dark gray, occasionally black, cryptocrystalline, some microcrystalline, massive, blocky, silty in part, some brown cream, argillaceous, chalky with some loose calcite fractures. Shale, 40-50%, dark gray to black, fissile, non- to slightly calcareous, occasionally silty, occasionally micromicaceous. Marl, 0-5%, light gray-brown, soft to firm, silty, shaly in part, very argillaceous, very calcareous.
- 7910 - 7920 Shale, 70% as above. Limestone, 20% as above. Marl, 10% as above.
- 7920 - 7930 Shale, 50%, dark gray to black, fissile, hard, splintery, very calcareous, silty in part, some medium gray, moderately hard, subfissile in part, non- to slightly calcareous with thin calcite veining. Limestone, 40%, dark gray to black, blocky, hard to very hard, microcrystalline, shaly and silty in part grading to shale as above. Marl, 10%, light brown-gray, firm, occasionally soft, silty in part, very calcareous, very argillaceous.
- 7930 - 7940 Shale, 50% as above. Marl, 30% as above. Limestone, 20% as above.
- 7940 - 7950 Shale, 50%. Limestone, 40%, Marl, 10%.
- 7950 - 7960 Limestone, 50%. Shale, 40%. Marl, 10%.
- 7960 - 7970 Limestone, 70%. Shale, 30%, all as above.
- 7970 - 7980 Limestone, 55%, increase in loose calcite fracture fragments. Shale, 40%. Dolomite, 5%, light brown, hard, pyritic in part, traces of marl and chert.
- 7980 - 8030 Limestone, 40-60%, black to dark gray, hard to very hard, microcrystalline, blocky, subfissile in part, occasionally silty becoming shaly. Shale, 40-60%, dark gray-brown, noncalcareous, fissile, hard, occasionally subfissile, slightly silty, trace of fine disseminated pyrite.



- 8030 - 8040 Shale, 70%. Limestone, 20%. Marl, 10% as above.
- 8040 - 8090 Limestone, 70-80%, black to dark gray as above, some brown-gray to light gray, very silty grading to siltstone, blocky, hard, microcrystalline, argillaceous in part with some loose calcite fracture fragments and thin calcite veining, cherty in part with fine disseminated pyrite. Shale, 20-30% as above, traces of siltstone, dark brown-gray, calcareous, argillaceous, traces of marl, light brown-gray, very argillaceous, very calcareous.
- 8090 - 8100 Shale, 60%. Limestone, 40%.
- 8100 - 8130 Limestone, 70-85%, black to dark gray, hard, blocky, silty, shaly in part, some brown-gray, hard to moderately hard, argillaceous in part, predominantly tight, occasional pinpoint porosity. Shale, 15-30%, dark gray-black, moderately hard to hard, fissile, occasionally subfissile, micromicaceous to non- to slightly calcareous with calcite veining.
- 8130 - 8134 Milling on fish
- 8134 - 3169 See description for Core #1
- 8169 - 8180 Shale, 90%. Dark gray to black, fissile, moderately hard, occasionally subfissile, slight to very calcareous, silty with calcite fractures, pyrite, some integrating with limestone. Limestone, 5%, brown green, hard, tight, microcrystalline, fossil debris predominantly shown. Marl, 5%, light brown, green, firm, moderately hard, very silty in part, very argillaceous, very calcareous.
- 8180 - 8200 Shale, 90% as above. Limestone, 10% as above, slightly silty in part, becoming marl.
- 8200 - 8210 Shale, 100% as above.
- 8210 - 8260 Shale, 40-80%, dark gray to black, fissile to subfissile, Moderately hard, non- to slightly calcareous, micromicaceous in part becoming brown-gray, silty, calcareous grading to marl. Marl, 20-60%, brown-gray, firm to Moderately hard, generally blocky, silty, very argillaceous and calcareous with some calcite veining.
- 8260 - 8320 Shale, 50-80% dark gray, black, moderately hard, subfissile to fissile micromicaceous, non- to slightly calcareous, occasionally very calcareous, slightly silty in part with occasional coarse mica flakes. Marl, 20-50%, light brown to medium gray, blocky, subfissile,

firm to moderately hard, very argillaceous and calcareous becoming silty with occasional calcite veining. Limestone trace, buff to medium brown, dolomitic, hard, microcrystalline, moderate to slightly calcareous.

- 8320 - 8350 Shale, 30-50% as above, moderately calcareous. Marl, 20-40% as above. Limestone, 20-40% dark gray black, hard, brittle blocky, occasionally subfissile, microcrystalline in part.
- 8350 - 8370 Marl, 50-60% as above, becoming very silty, grading to limestone, 20-40% as above. Shale, 10-20% as above. Siltstone, 0-10%, gray brown, very calcareous, very marly.
- 8370 - 8380 Marl, 50% as above. Shale, 40% as above. Limestone, 10% brown-gray, occasionally black, tight, hard, blocky, silty with abundant loose calcite fracture fragments.
- 8380 - 8390 Shale, 90%, dark gray to black, firm to moderately hard, fissile, clean, non to slightly calcareous, occasionally silty, occasionally marly in part. Marl, 5% as above. Limestone, 5% as above.
- 8390 - 8400 Shale, 50% as above, becoming marly with loose pyrite.. Limestone, 40%, predominantly brown-cream, firm to hard, microcrystalline to very argillaceous, chalky in part, silty in part, marly calcilutite predominant, tight, some black to dark gray, cryptocrystalline, tight. Marl, 10% as above.
- 8400 - 8460 Limestone, 70-90% as above with crinoids and shell fragments becoming more silty, hard, gray, brown near the base. Increase in calcite veining towards the base. Shale, 10-25% as above. Marl, 0-5% as above.
- 8460 - 8480 Shale, 20-40%, black, moderately hard, fissile, occasionally subfissile, micromicaceous, slightly calcareous in part. Limestone, 50-70%, dark gray-black, microcrystalline, hard, blocky, very argillaceous in part. Marl, 10%, light brown, fissile to medium hard, blocky, very argillaceous and calcareous, becoming silty.
- 8480 - 8630 Limestone, 90-100%, dark gray-black, hard, microcrystalline, with occasional trace crinoid fragments and trace calcite veins. Also limestone, light brown to gray, moderately hard, blocky to subfissile, occasionally very argillaceous, becoming silty, trace pyrite. Shale, 0-10%, as above, black moderately hard, fissile, non- to slight calcareous, micromicaceous.

- 8630 - 8720 Limestone, 50-100%, dark gray, hard, microcrystalline, blocky becoming subfissile in part with trace of calcite veining. Shale, 0-50%, dark gray to black, moderately hard, fissile, micromicaceous, noncalcareous, trace disseminated pyrite, occasional trace of very fine calcerenite, medium brown, moderately hard to hard, moderately sorted, angular to subangular.
- 8720 - 8810 Limestone, 0-20%, as above, dark gray, hard, microcrystalline. Shale, 80-100%, dark gray, moderately hard, fissile, noncalcareous with occasional pyrite, micromicaceous.
- 8810 - 9010 Shale, 90-100%, medium to dark gray, moderately hard, fissile, micromicaceous, noncalcareous, occasionally slightly silty, occasional thin calcite vein. Good trace disseminated massive pyrite. Limestone, 0-10%, dark gray, hard, blocky, microcrystalline, occasional calcite veining.
- 9010 - 9080 Shale, 80-100%, medium to dark gray, moderately hard, fissile, occasionally subfissile, micromicaceous, noncalcareous becoming slightly silty in part. Trace massive disseminated pyrite, occasional calcite veining. Limestone, 0-20%, dark gray, occasionally gray-brown, hard, blocky, microcrystalline, slightly dolomitic in part with some sucrosic texture, argillaceous grading to calcerenite.
- 9080 - 9170 Shale, 100% as above.
- 9170 - 9190 Shale, 90% as above. Marl, 10%, light to medium gray, moderately hard, blocky to subfissile, very argillaceous, very calcareous.
- 9190 - 9210 Shale, 100%, light to dark gray, moderately hard, subfissile to fissile, occasionally blocky, noncalcareous, micromicaceous in part. Thin quartz veins, occasional pyrite. Trace limestone, dark gray to gray brown, occasionally cream, very hard, argillaceous, microcrystalline, sucrosic texture.
- 9210 - 9230 Shale, 100%, as above becoming predominantly light gray, non- to slightly calcareous, blocky to fissile. Trace limestone as above with trace crinoid remains.
- 9230 - 9250 Shale, 100%, light to dark gray, black, firm to moderately hard, occasionally soft, subfissile to fissile, non- to slightly calcareous, very thin calcite veins, some loose pyrite, thin quartz veins and loose quartz. Shale occasionally becoming silty and marly grading in part to marl.



- 9250 - 9270 Shale, 100%, as above, becoming predominantly lighter in colour.
- 9270 - 9300 Shale, 100%, continuing to become predominantly light to medium gray, firm, subfissile to fissile, occasionally blocky, noncalcareous, micromicaceous. Density about 2.69 grams/cc. Quartz veins and pyrite are less evident.
- 9300 - 9350 Shale, 100%, light gray, occasionally medium to dark gray, firm subfissile to fissile, noncalcareous, occasionally micromicaceous; no veining.
- 9350 - 9390 Shale, 100%, as above, grading to traces of claystone, white to light gray, moderately soft, noncalcareous; breaks down in water.
- 9390 - 9560 Shale, 100%, light to medium gray, occasionally dark gray, firm, fissile, occasionally subfissile, non- to slightly calcareous, occasionally micromicaceous. occasional calcite and quartz veins, occasional loose clear angular quartz. Trace of claystone, light gray, firm, noncalcareous, nonswelling to hydrofissile grading to shale.
- 9560 - 9570 Shale, 100% light to medium gray, occasionally dark gray to black, firm to moderately hard, subfissile to fissile, occasionally silty, minor calcite veining, non- to slightly calcareous, occasionally micromicaceous, occasionally marly and clayey. Trace chert, buff and black, hard to very hard.
- 9570 - 9580 Shale, 100% as above.
- 9580 - 9620 Shale, 100% as above becoming very silty in part. Increase in dark gray shale.
- 9620 - 9640 Shale, 100% predominantly as above, light medium and dark gray shale in equal proportions. Dark gray shale more silty than lighter gray shale and more veined with calcite.
- 9640 - 9690 Shale, 100%, light to dark gray, predominantly medium gray, firm to medium hard, blocky to fissile, occasionally silty, non- to slightly calcareous, micromicaceous. Occasionally marly and clayey in part.
- 9690 - 9710 Shale, 80% as above. Claystone, 20%, white to light gray, light tan, moderately firm, blocky, moderately calcareous, silty grading to siltstone in part. Siltstone, moderate to very calcareous.
- 9710 - 9740 Shale, 100% as above. Claystone, 10% as above.

- 9740 - 9790 Shale, 100%, light to dark grey, firm to moderately hard, blocky to fissile, occasionally silty, non to slightly calcareous, micromicaceous in part, occasionally finely disseminated pyrite, some minor calcite veining. Trace claystone, white to light gray, moderately firm, blocky, moderately calcareous, marly, silty grading to siltstone.
- 9790 - 9810 Shale, 100%, predominantly medium gray, occasionally light gray, hard, occasionally very hard, blocky, non to moderately calcareous, micromicaceous, occasionally coarse mica, very silty. Trace claystone, as above.
- 9810 - 9840 Shale, 100%, light to dark gray, black, hard, blocky, often silty, non to moderately calcareous, micromicaceous. Trace marl, light gray brown, firm, very silty, very calcareous. Trace limestone, brown, hard, cherty.
- 9840 - 9870 Shale, 90%, light to medium gray, occasionally dark gray, firm to moderately hard, non to slightly calcareous, fissile, occasionally subfissile to blocky, silty in part, micromicaceous, occasionally grading to marl/claystone, light gray occasionally light gray brown, firm, silty in part, slight to very calcareous. Trace limestone, as above. Trace pyrite and calcite.
- 9870 - 9920 Shale, 100%, becoming dark gray to black, dark brown gray, occasionally light to medium gray, moderately hard, blocky to subfissile, micromicaceous, becoming more silty, non to slightly calcareous, occasional calcite veining, fine disseminated pyrite and coarse black mica. Density around 2.60 grams/cc. Trace pyrite, limestone and claystone, as above.
- 9920 - 9960 Shale, 100%, as above, becoming predominantly medium to dark gray, often very silty.
- 9960 - 9970 Shale, 100%, light to medium gray, occasionally dark gray to black, firm to moderately hard, non to slightly calcareous, fissile, occasionally marly, silty and clayey. Trace of claystone/marl, brown to gray, firm, predominantly blocky, calcareous.
- 9970 - 10030 Shale, 70-90%, as above, becoming slightly more calcareous, more silty, marly with some loose pyrite, calcite, and minor veining. Siltstone, 0-20%, gray to brown, predominantly firm to soft, occasionally moderately hard, very calcareous grading to limestone, occasionally shaly grades to shale in part. Claystone/marl, 0-10%, as above. Trace limestone, gray brown, very silty, micro to cryptocrystalline, hard, blocky.

- 10030 - 10090 Shale, 70-90%, as above. Marl/claystone, 10-20%, as above. Limestone, 0-5%, as above. Siltstone, 0-5%, as above.
- 10090 - 10170 Shale, 60-95%, medium to light gray, occasionally dark gray to black, fissile, occasionally subfissile, firm to moderately hard, very silty, non to slightly calcareous, subdolomitic with loose calcite and pyrite. Some fine disseminated pyrite with pyrite veining occasionally. Claystone/marl, 5-30%, gray brown, firm, blocky, silty, calcareous. Limestone, 0-10% dark gray to black, hard, blocky, microcrystalline. Some brown cryptocrystalline to microcrystalline fragments.
- 10170 - 10190 Shale, 90%, medium to dark gray, medium hard to hard, fissile, occasionally subfissile, micromicaceous, non to slightly calcareous, some dolomitic with trace of fine disseminated and very thin pyrite. Limestone, 5%, dark gray to black, hard, brittle, blocky, occasionally shaly and subfissile, slightly dolomitic. Marl, 5%, brown to gray, firm, silty in part, grading to claystone.
- 10190 - 10310 Shale, 95-100%, as above, becoming dark to brown gray, hard, this change occurring at 10,290'. Limestone, 0-5%, and marl, as above.
- 10310 - 10340 Shale, 100%, predominantly medium to dark gray, occasionally light gray, moderately hard to hard, fissile, occasionally subfissile, non to slightly calcareous, micromicaceous.
- 10340 - 10360 Shale, 90%, as above, becoming silty, slightly to moderately calcareous, occasionally grading to siltstone. Siltstone, 10%, dark brown, moderately calcareous, hard to moderately hard, argillaceous, subfissile, blocky, grading to shale. Trace limestone, medium brown, hard, microcrystalline, slightly dolomitic, sucrose texture in part, tight.
- 10360 - 10370 Shale, 100%, as above.
- 10370 - 10380 Shale, 95%, as above. Limestone, 5%, black, hard to very hard, microcrystalline, blocky, dense.
- 10380 - 10400 Shale, 100%, predominantly dark gray to black, some light to medium gray, hard, micromicaceous in part, silty in part, non to slightly calcareous, with trace of fine disseminated pyrite, some loose pyrite, trace loose calcite.
- 10400 - 10410 Shale, 50%, light to medium gray, hard, fissile to



- subfissile, non calcareous, micromicaceous, slightly silty in part. Chert, 50%, dark gray brown to brown-black, very hard, splintery to blocky, brittle in part, dense, very silty in part, occasionally grading to siliceous siltstone.
- 10410 - 10430 Chert, 80%, as above. Shale, 20%, as above.
- 10430 - 10460 Chert, 95%, as above. Shale, 5%, as above.
- 10460 - 10560 Chert, 80-100%, as above, dark brown gray, silty. Shale, 0-10%, generally as above, some gray-brown, predominantly medium gray, non to slightly calcareous, fissile, moderately hard to hard, with loose pyrite and loose calcite and occasionally very thin calcite veining. Limestone, 0-10%, black, microcrystalline, hard, blocky, slightly silty, with loose calcite.
- 10560 - 10600 Chert, 90%, as above, becoming more shaly towards the base. Shale, 10%, as above.
- 10600 - 10610 Chert, 90%, dark gray to black, occasionally brown-gray black, very hard, blocky, brittle, splintery, very silty, opaque, shaly in part. Shale, 10%, light to medium gray, non to slightly calcareous, silty, micromicaceous, with loose pyrite and occasionally fine disseminated pyrite.
- 10610 - 10620 Chert, 60%, as above, with some fine disseminated pyrite. Shale, 30%, generally as above, some dark gray. Siltstone, 10%, dark gray to black, hard, blocky, noncalcareous, sandy with abundant white mica and disseminated pyrite.
- 10620 - 10650 Shale, 60-70%, as above. Chert, 30-40%, as above. Siltstone, trace 10%, as above.
- 10650 - 10670 Shale, 70-90%, as above. Claystone/marl, trace to 20%, light gray to white gray, firm, very argillaceous, very calcareous, occasionally silty. Chert, 10%, as above.
- 10670 - 10690 Shale, 70-80%, medium to dark gray, moderately hard to hard, fissile, occasionally subfissile, non-calcareous, silty in part. Claystone, 10-20%, light gray, moderately hard, blocky to subfissile, non-calcareous. Chert, 10%, dark gray, blocky, hard, occasionally splintery, silty in part.
- 10690 - 10780 Shale, 90-100%, as above, becoming very silty and marly towards the base with fine disseminated pyrite

- and occasionally very thin calcite veining. Claystone, 0-10%, as above, occasionally marly and very calcareous. Trace limestone, dark gray, microcrystalline, blocky, hard to very hard, cherty in part, silty in part.
- 10780 - 10790 Shale, 90%, medium to dark gray, moderately hard to hard, fissile, occasionally subfissile, predominantly noncalcareous, occasionally slight calcareous, micromicaceous in part with trace of disseminated pyrite. Limestone, 10%, black to dark gray, hard, brittle, blocky, shaly in part, microcrystalline in part.
- 10790 - 10800 Shale, 70%, as above. Claystone, 30%, light to medium gray, firm to moderately hard, blocky, non to slightly calcareous.
- 10800 - 10810 Shale, 100%, as above with occasionally pyrite veining. Trace limestone, brown to black, hard, sucrosic, blocky, dolomitic in part.
- 10810 - 10820 Shale, 90%, as above. Claystone, 10%, as above becoming more calcareous and grading to marlstone.
- 10810 - 10850 Shale, 100%, marly and clayey in part.
- 10850 - 10860 Shale, 80%, dark brown gray, hard to moderately hard, fissile, noncalcareous with occasional finely disseminated pyrite. Claystone, 20%, light gray, firm, noncalcareous.
- 10860 - 10880 Shale, 100%, dark gray, occasionally dark brown gray to black as above, occasionally very slightly dolomitic, micromicaceous in part, with micaceous sheen, some fine disseminated pyrite, some minor pyrite and quartz veining, becoming siliceous.
- 10880 - 10890 Shale, 100%, as above, firm to moderately hard, siliceous in part becoming cherty. Trace chert, dark gray, hard to very hard, brittle in part, splintery in part, predominantly blocky. Some shaly and silty grading to shale with occasional thin calcite veining. Trace dolomite, dark gray black, microcrystalline, moderately hard, argillaceous in part, siliceous in part.
- 10890 - 10900 Shale, 90%, as above, predominantly dark brown gray to black, hard, siliceous. Chert, 10%, as above. Trace dolomite.
- 10900 - 10910 Shale, 80%, as above, becoming more clayey. Claystone, 20%, as above, some slightly dolomitic. Trace dolomite and chert.

- 10910 - 10920 Shale, 95%, dark gray-black, firm to hard, non-calcareous, fissile, very siliceous, some micromicaceous with occasional finely disseminated pyrite. Claystone, 5%, light to medium gray, firm to moderately hard, noncalcareous.
- 10920 - 10970 Shale, 40-80%, as above, occasionally slightly dolomitic and slightly silty in part with calcite and quartz veining in the basal 20' predominantly thin, single, multiple and crossbanded evident. Chert, 20-50%, dark brown gray to black, hard to very hard, brittle, predominantly blocky, occasional conchoidal fracturing, some splintery with fine disseminated pyrite, shaly and silty in part. At 10,940'-10,950', 10% dolomite, dark gray, microcrystalline, hard, blocky, silty in part with some quartz.
- 10970 - 10980 Shale, 80%, dark gray, occasionally black, moderately hard, very siliceous in part, predominantly noncalcareous, occasionally slightly dolomitic, fissile with some calcite and quartz veining and fine disseminated pyrite. Chert, 20%, brown-gray, very hard, splintery, brittle with fine disseminated pyrite, impure, silty in part grading to siliceous shale/claystone.
- 10980 - 11020 Shale, 90%, as above, micromicaceous, slatey in part. Chert, 10%, as above, with some minor veining.
- 11020 - 11030 Shale, 90%, as above. Limestone, 10%, brown-gray, blocky, very silty grading to calcareous siltstone, Microcrystalline, dolomitic in part with occasional fine disseminated pyrite.
- 11030 - 11070 Shale, 80-95%, medium gray, fissile micromicaceous, noncalcareous, occasionally siliceous. Limestone, 5-20%, medium gray, argillaceous, silty, blocky, sucrosic with occasional calcite veining, dolomitic in part. Traces of chert.
- 11070 - 11090 Shale, 65-80%, as above. Limestone, 20-35%, as above becoming more dolomitic.
- 11090 - 11110 Shale, 40-50%, gray brown, predominantly gray, firm to moderately hard, fissile, noncalcareous, some silty and some micromicaceous. Dolomitic limestone, 50-60%, gray-white microcrystalline, moderately hard, silty, argillaceous, blocky, occasionally with pyrite. Traces of chert, sand and claystone.
- 11110 - 11130 Shale, 70-75%, as above. Dolomitic limestone, 25-30%, as above, with microcrystalline calcite fractures, and medium to thin veining.



- 11130 - 11140 Shale, 90%, gray, firm fissile, noncalcareous, slightly dolomitic. Claystone, 10%, light gray, slightly dolomitic, firm, subfissile, hygrofissile(?).
- 11140 - 11180 Shale, 100%, medium gray, fissile, firm, moderately Hard, noncalcareous, micromicaceous.
- 11180 - 11200 Shale, 90%, as above. Chert, 5%, black, hard, splintery to blocky fracture, dull with rare accessory pyrite.
- 11200 - 11230 Shale, 90%, as above. Limestone, 5%, light to medium gray, microcrystalline, hard, granular, blocky fracture, with rare finely disseminated pyrite. Dolomite, 5%, dark gray to black, hard, microcrystalline, granular, silty in part.
- 11230 - 11280 Shale, 90%, medium gray, fissile, moderately hard, micromicaceous and noncalcareous. Limestone, 10% and dolomite, medium to dark gray, microcrystalline, granular, blocky with blocky fractures, occasionally silty with trace of pyrite.
- 11280 - 11330 Shale, 9%, medium gray, fissile, moderately hard, siliceous, noncalcareous. Limestone, 5% and dolomite, medium to dark gray, microcrystalline, granular with blocky fracture, and minor pyrite.
- 11330 - 11390 Shale, 100%, dark brown to black, moderately hard, subfissile to fissile, carbonaceous, noncalcareous, with abundant accessory pyrite, occasionally silty in part and trace of limestone.
- 11390 - 11440 Shale, 100%, dark gray to black, moderately hard, fissile to subfissile, slightly to moderately micromicaceous, noncalcareous, dull with minor disseminated pyrite, becoming slightly dolomitic.
- 11440 - 11520 Shale, 100%, dark gray to black, moderately hard, silty in part, carbonaceous, slightly dolomitic, subfissile with massive and finely disseminated pyrite common.
- 11520 - 11550 Shale, 100%, dark gray to black, hard becoming brittle, blocky, subconchoidal fracture, siliceous to carbonaceous, slightly micromicaceous with good trace of pyrite.
- 11550 - 11560 Limestone, 25%, black, moderately hard to hard, brittle, blocky, microcrystalline, silty in part, slightly dolomitic. Shale, 75%, as above.
- 11560 - 11620 Shale, 100%, as above with trace of limestone and dolomite.

Job Number: 6029  
 Customer: Anderson Exploration Ltd.  
 Wellname: Columbia et al Kotaneelee B-38  
 Well Location: YT B-38  
 Formation: Nahanni

## FieldNotes



Row	Date	Clk Tim	Cum Tim	Tbg Pres	Csg Pres	Temp1
	yy/mm/dd	clock	hr	kPa	kPa	C
181	1998/08/25	06:30:56	253.6167	20914.55	0.00	13.4
182		08:00:56	255.1167	20910.70	0.00	14.0
183		09:30:56	256.6167	20908.62	0.00	14.6
184		11:00:56	258.1167	20901.48	0.00	15.4
185		12:30:56	259.6167	20896.56	0.00	15.9
186		14:00:56	261.1167	20888.33	0.00	17.5
187		15:30:56	262.6167	20886.05	0.00	18.2
188		17:00:56	264.1167	20891.77	0.00	17.3
189		18:30:56	265.6167	20894.94	0.00	16.1
190		20:00:56	267.1167	20894.46	0.00	15.6
191		21:30:56	268.6167	20895.53	0.00	15.1
192		23:00:56	270.1167	20894.91	0.00	14.4
193		00:30:56	271.6167	20895.48	0.00	13.7
194		02:00:56	273.1167	20894.63	0.00	13.6
195		03:30:56	274.6167	20893.15	0.00	13.1
196		05:00:56	276.1167	20893.13	0.00	12.5
197		06:30:56	277.6167	20893.08	0.00	12.1
198		08:00:56	279.1167	20892.43	0.00	12.4
199		09:30:56	280.6167	20886.51	0.00	13.1
200		11:00:56	282.1167	20878.03	0.00	14.3
201		12:30:56	283.6167	20868.71	0.00	16.3
202		14:00:56	285.1167	20858.59	0.00	18.9
203		15:30:56	286.6167	20849.98	0.00	20.9
204		17:00:56	288.1167	20854.36	0.00	20.9
205		18:30:56	289.6167	20856.46	0.00	19.7
206		20:00:56	291.1167	20864.03	0.00	17.4
207		21:30:56	292.6167	20871.33	0.00	15.3
208		23:00:56	294.1167	20875.87	0.00	13.8
209		00:30:56	295.6167	20877.32	0.00	12.9
210		02:00:56	297.1167	20876.99	0.00	12.4
211		03:30:56	298.6167	20877.00	0.00	12.0
212		05:00:56	300.1167	20876.25	0.00	11.4
213		06:30:56	301.6167	20876.49	0.00	10.9
214		08:00:56	303.1167	20876.18	0.00	10.8
215		09:30:56	304.6167	20874.38	0.00	10.7
216		11:00:56	306.1167	20872.15	0.00	10.9
217		12:30:56	307.6167	20868.01	0.00	11.8
218		14:00:56	309.1167	20859.24	0.00	13.8
219		15:30:56	310.6167	20849.42	0.00	16.7
220		17:00:56	312.1167	20847.94	0.00	17.7
221		18:30:56	313.6167	20851.40	0.00	16.9
222		20:00:56	315.1167	20850.24	0.00	15.8
223		21:30:56	316.6167	20855.43	0.00	14.7
224		23:00:56	318.1167	20858.26	0.00	13.9
225		00:30:56	319.6167	20858.66	0.00	13.1

Job Number: 6029  
 Customer: Anderson Exploration Ltd.  
 Wellname: Columbia et al Kotaneelee B-38  
 Well Location: YT B-38  
 Formation: Nahanni

## FieldNotes



Row	Date	Clk Tim	Cum Tim	Tbg Pres	Csg Pres	Temp1
	yy/mm/dd	clock	hr	kPa	kPa	C
181	1998/08/25	06:30:56	253.6167	20914.55	0.00	13.4
182		08:00:56	255.1167	20910.70	0.00	14.0
183		09:30:56	256.6167	20908.62	0.00	14.6
184		11:00:56	258.1167	20901.48	0.00	15.4
185		12:30:56	259.6167	20896.56	0.00	15.9
186		14:00:56	261.1167	20888.33	0.00	17.5
187		15:30:56	262.6167	20886.05	0.00	18.2
188		17:00:56	264.1167	20891.77	0.00	17.3
189		18:30:56	265.6167	20894.94	0.00	16.1
190		20:00:56	267.1167	20894.46	0.00	15.6
191		21:30:56	268.6167	20895.53	0.00	15.1
192		23:00:56	270.1167	20894.91	0.00	14.4
193		00:30:56	271.6167	20895.48	0.00	13.7
194		02:00:56	273.1167	20894.63	0.00	13.6
195		03:30:56	274.6167	20893.15	0.00	13.1
196		05:00:56	276.1167	20893.13	0.00	12.5
197		06:30:56	277.6167	20893.08	0.00	12.1
198		08:00:56	279.1167	20892.43	0.00	12.4
199		09:30:56	280.6167	20886.51	0.00	13.1
200		11:00:56	282.1167	20878.03	0.00	14.3
201		12:30:56	283.6167	20868.71	0.00	16.3
202		14:00:56	285.1167	20858.59	0.00	18.9
203		15:30:56	286.6167	20849.98	0.00	20.9
204		17:00:56	288.1167	20854.36	0.00	20.9
205		18:30:56	289.6167	20856.46	0.00	19.7
206		20:00:56	291.1167	20864.03	0.00	17.4
207		21:30:56	292.6167	20871.33	0.00	15.3
208		23:00:56	294.1167	20875.87	0.00	13.8
209		00:30:56	295.6167	20877.32	0.00	12.9
210		02:00:56	297.1167	20876.99	0.00	12.4
211		03:30:56	298.6167	20877.00	0.00	12.0
212		05:00:56	300.1167	20876.25	0.00	11.4
213		06:30:56	301.6167	20876.49	0.00	10.9
214		08:00:56	303.1167	20876.18	0.00	10.8
215		09:30:56	304.6167	20874.38	0.00	10.7
216		11:00:56	306.1167	20872.15	0.00	10.9
217		12:30:56	307.6167	20868.01	0.00	11.8
218		14:00:56	309.1167	20859.24	0.00	13.8
219		15:30:56	310.6167	20849.42	0.00	16.7
220		17:00:56	312.1167	20847.94	0.00	17.7
221		18:30:56	313.6167	20851.40	0.00	16.9
222		20:00:56	315.1167	20850.24	0.00	15.8
223		21:30:56	316.6167	20855.43	0.00	14.7
224		23:00:56	318.1167	20858.26	0.00	13.9
225		00:30:56	319.6167	20858.66	0.00	13.1



Job Number: 6029  
 Customer: Anderson Exploration Ltd.  
 Wellname: Columbia et al Kotaneelee B-38  
 Well Location: YT B-38  
 Formation: Nahanni

## FieldNotes



Row	Date	Clk Tim	Cum Tim	Tbg Pres	Csg Pres	Temp1
	yy/mm/dd	clock	hr	kPa	kPa	C
226	1998/08/28	02:00:56	321.1167	20860.04	0.00	12.2
227		03:30:56	322.6167	20861.55	0.00	11.5
228		05:00:56	324.1167	20861.92	0.00	11.2
229		06:30:56	325.6167	20861.98	0.00	10.6
230		08:00:56	327.1167	20860.16	0.00	10.7
231		09:30:56	328.6167	20849.40	0.00	13.3
232		11:00:56	330.1167	20834.42	0.00	16.2
233		12:30:56	331.6167	20825.69	0.00	18.0
234		14:00:56	333.1167	20817.02	0.00	19.3
235		15:30:56	334.6167	20815.71	0.00	20.5
236		17:00:56	336.1167	20819.02	0.00	20.5
237		18:30:56	337.6167	20827.70	0.00	18.9
238		20:00:56	339.1167	20831.85	0.00	17.8
239		21:30:56	340.6167	20837.21	0.00	16.3
240		23:00:56	342.1167	20842.53	0.00	14.9
241		00:30:56	343.6167	20846.90	0.00	13.4
242		02:00:56	345.1167	20848.38	0.00	12.2
243		03:30:56	346.6167	20846.43	0.00	12.3
244		05:00:56	348.1167	20846.67	0.00	12.3
245		06:30:56	349.6167	20846.34	0.00	12.4
246		08:00:56	351.1167	20840.91	0.00	13.5
247		09:30:56	352.6167	20834.04	0.00	14.8
248		11:00:56	354.1167	20317.38	0.00	19.1
249		12:30:56	355.6167	20806.15	0.00	21.8
250		14:00:56	357.1167	20802.07	0.00	22.6
251		15:30:56	358.6167	20802.16	0.00	22.8
252		17:00:56	360.1167	20800.49	0.00	24.5
253		18:30:56	361.6167	20804.94	0.00	24.1
254		20:00:56	363.1167	20805.19	0.00	22.8
255		21:30:56	364.6167	20815.21	0.00	20.2
256		23:00:56	366.1167	20830.30	0.00	12.9
257		00:30:56	367.6167	20837.82	0.00	10.8
258		02:00:56	369.1167	20837.29	0.00	10.6
259		03:30:56	370.6167	20837.31	0.00	10.3
260		05:00:56	372.1167	20837.99	0.00	9.8
261		06:30:56	373.6167	20837.64	0.00	9.8
262		08:00:56	375.1167	20836.89	0.00	9.6
263		09:30:56	376.6167	20834.72	0.00	10.4
264		11:00:56	378.1167	20829.15	0.00	11.4
265		12:30:56	379.6167	20828.46	0.00	11.6
266		14:00:56	381.1167	20814.21	0.00	14.4
267		15:30:56	382.6167	20803.15	0.00	17.6
268		17:00:56	384.1167	20801.41	0.00	19.5
269		18:30:56	385.6167	20805.46	0.00	20.3
270		20:00:56	387.1167	20805.03	0.00	18.8

Job Number: 6029  
 Customer: Anderson Exploration Ltd.  
 Wellname: Columbia et al Kotaneelee B-38  
 Well Location: YT B-38  
 Formation: Nahanni

# FieldNotes



Row	Date	Clk Tim	Cum Tim	Tbg Pres	Csg Pres	Temp1
	yy/mm/dd	clock	hr	kPa	kPa	C
271	1998/08/30	21:30:56	388.6167	20816.61	0.00	16.0
272		23:00:56	390.1167	20822.42	0.00	14.5
273		00:30:56	391.6167	20823.33	0.00	13.4
274		02:00:56	393.1167	20828.60	0.00	11.5
275		03:30:56	394.6167	20830.10	0.00	10.0
276		05:00:56	396.1167	20829.42	0.00	9.3
277		06:30:56	397.6167	20828.67	0.00	9.1
278		08:00:56	399.1167	20827.49	0.00	9.1
279		09:30:56	400.6167	20813.70	0.00	12.1
280		11:00:56	402.1167	20798.84	0.00	14.9
281		12:30:56	403.6167	20788.85	0.00	17.0
282		14:00:56	405.1167	20781.79	0.00	18.2
283		15:30:56	406.6167	20784.18	0.00	18.9
284		17:00:56	408.1167	20785.80	0.00	19.2
285		18:30:56	409.6167	20785.16	0.00	19.9
286		20:00:56	411.1167	20791.77	0.00	19.0
287		21:30:56	412.6167	20801.75	0.00	16.9
288		23:00:56	414.1167	20808.28	0.00	14.8
289		00:30:56	415.6167	20812.67	0.00	13.2
290		02:00:56	417.1167	20813.59	0.00	12.5
291		03:30:56	418.6167	20812.41	0.00	12.4
292		05:00:56	420.1167	20813.94	0.00	12.4
293		06:30:56	421.6167	20810.63	0.00	12.4
294		08:00:56	423.1167	20809.22	0.00	12.6
295		09:30:56	424.6167	20804.92	0.00	13.8
296		11:00:56	426.1167	20792.11	0.00	16.3
297		12:30:56	427.6167	20784.75	0.00	17.8
298		14:00:56	429.1167	20778.42	0.00	18.5
299		15:30:56	430.6167	20780.89	0.00	19.0
300		17:00:56	432.1167	20780.31	0.00	19.8
301		18:30:56	433.6167	20788.05	0.00	19.7
302		20:00:56	435.1167	20785.71	0.00	18.3
303		21:30:56	436.6167	20797.22	0.00	15.9
304		23:00:56	438.1167	20807.03	0.00	12.8
305		00:30:56	439.6167	20806.12	0.00	11.9
306		02:00:56	441.1167	20801.82	0.00	12.6
307		03:30:56	442.6167	20800.53	0.00	12.6
308		05:00:56	444.1167	20801.75	0.00	12.2
309		06:30:56	445.6167	20806.84	0.00	9.9
310		08:00:56	447.1167	20808.31	0.00	8.6
311		09:30:56	448.6167	20807.45	0.00	8.7
312		11:00:56	450.1167	20801.42	0.00	10.3
313		12:30:56	451.6167	20796.87	0.00	10.8
314		14:00:56	453.1167	20797.20	0.00	10.7
315		15:30:56	454.6167	20788.79	0.00	13.2

# FieldNotes



Job Number: 6029  
 Customer: Anderson Exploration Ltd.  
 Wellname: Columbia et al Kotaneelee B-38  
 Well Location: YT B-38  
 Formation: Nahanni

Row	Date	Clk Tim	Cum Tim	Tbg Pres	Csg Pres	Temp1
	yy/mm/dd	clock	hr	kPa	kPa	C
316	1998/09/02	17:00:56	456.1167	20786.81	0.00	14.4
317		18:30:56	457.6167	20791.52	0.00	13.6
318		20:00:56	459.1167	20794.77	0.00	12.2
319		21:30:56	460.6167	20799.80	0.00	10.9
320		23:00:56	462.1167	20800.55	0.00	10.8
321		00:30:56	463.6167	20800.51	0.00	10.4
322		02:00:56	465.1167	20801.21	0.00	9.7
323		03:30:56	466.6167	20801.74	0.00	9.5
324		05:00:56	468.1167	20801.52	0.00	9.2
325		06:30:56	469.6167	20801.95	0.00	8.9
326		08:00:56	471.1167	20801.11	0.00	8.8
327		09:30:56	472.6167	20798.58	0.00	9.9
328		11:00:56	474.1167	20784.82	0.00	12.8
329		12:30:56	475.6167	20776.45	0.00	14.8
330		14:00:56	477.1167	20765.79	0.00	16.5
331		15:30:56	478.6167	20762.92	0.00	17.9
332		17:00:56	480.1167	20762.20	0.00	18.6
333		18:30:56	481.6167	20773.37	0.00	18.0
334		20:00:56	483.1167	20777.48	0.00	15.6
335		21:30:56	484.6167	20783.77	0.00	13.6
336		23:00:56	486.1167	20787.62	0.00	12.3
337		00:30:56	487.6167	20788.51	0.00	11.5
338		02:00:56	489.1167	20791.10	0.00	10.8
339		03:30:56	490.6167	20791.75	0.00	10.2
340		05:00:56	492.1167	20792.48	0.00	9.9
341		06:30:56	493.6167	20793.29	0.00	9.6
342		08:00:56	495.1167	20790.65	0.00	9.7
343		09:30:56	496.6167	20780.64	0.00	12.0
344		11:00:56	498.1167	20768.55	0.00	14.4
345		12:30:56	499.6167	20759.73	0.00	16.4
346		14:00:56	501.1167	20748.65	0.00	17.9
347		15:30:56	502.6167	20750.68	0.00	18.6
348		17:00:56	504.1167	20750.95	0.00	20.4
349		18:30:56	505.6167	20756.33	0.00	20.4
350		20:00:56	507.1167	20763.52	0.00	19.0
351		21:30:56	508.6167	20772.51	0.00	16.2
352		23:00:56	510.1167	20775.25	0.00	14.4
353		00:30:56	511.6167	20777.93	0.00	13.4
354		02:00:56	513.1167	20779.52	0.00	12.4
355		03:30:56	514.6167	20779.51	0.00	12.0
356		05:00:56	516.1167	20780.30	0.00	11.7
357		06:30:56	517.6167	20784.32	0.00	10.8
358		08:00:56	519.1167	20786.56	0.00	9.4
359		09:30:56	520.6167	20768.65	0.00	12.5
360		11:00:56	522.1167	20751.61	0.00	15.6





**OPSCO 92  
INDUSTRIES LTD.  
SDS FIELD OPERATIONS**

CUSTOMER: Anderson  
 JOB #: 6029  
 LOCATION: YT B-38  
 WELL NAME: Columbia et al Kotancelee B-38  
 FORMATION/ZONE: Nahanni  
 PERFORATIONS: 3541.42 - 3676.12 m,CF  
 ELEVATIONS: KB = 685.8 CF = 679.02  
 TUBING SIZE: 73.0 mm DEPTH: 3501.0 m,CF  
 CASING SIZE: 177.8 mm DEPTH: 3891.32 m,CF  
 START DATE: August 14, 1998  
 FINISH DATE: September 6, 1998  
 CUSTOMER REP. (OFFICE): Neil Taylor  
 CUSTOMER REP. (FIELD):  
 OPSCO'92 REP: Dean Ditto 357-8622

OPERATION: inline flow and build up

SDS SAMPLE PROGRAM: 30sec/19 hrs 5sec/30 hrs 30 sec/192 hrs  
 DATE/TIME FOR START OF TEST: August 15/98  
 DATE/TIME SHUT IN FOR BUILD UP: August 18/98  
 DATE/TIME FOR END OF TEST: September 6/98

**DIRECTIONS:**

SDS BOX #: 10031436  
 PT SENSOR # 1: 12131418 tagged as TUPS  
 PT SENSOR # 2: 12131419 tagged as CSPS  
 TEMP. SENSOR: 13027119 tagged as MTM1  
 BATTERY #: 0845

BATTERY CHECK INTERNAL 1: LOAD  
 BATTERY CHECK INTERNAL 2: LOAD  
 BATTERY CHECK EXTERNAL: LOAD

Aug 14/98	10:30	Arrive on site and wait for wireline
	15:00	Begin rigging in boxes to wellhead
	16:53	Finished rigging in
		Activate boxes to atmosphere
		PT1 = -14 kPa
		PT2 = -18 kPa
		MTM1= 28 C
	16:55	Pressure up sensors
		PT1 = -7 kPa DW = -8 kPa
		PT2 = -75 kPa
		MTM1= 28 C
	18:05	PT1 = 1995 kPa

		PT2 = -67 kPa
		MTM1= 54 C
	18:30	Left site- operators still putting well back on line
	20:25	PT1 = 16904 kPa
		PT2 = 2270 kPa
		MTM1= 96 C
Aug 16/98	10:53	PT1 = 16405 kPa
		PT2 = 5363 kPa
		MTM1= 102 C
Aug 17/98	10:38	PT1 = 16276 kPa      DW= 16344 kPa
		PT2 = 5858 kPa      DW= 5902 kPa
		MTM1= 100 C
	18:30	Deactivated and downloaded boxes
		PT1 = 16306
		PT2 = 6097
		MTM1= 100 C
	18:45	Re-activated box
	18:55	Deactivated box
	21:05	Re-Activated with new program and new temp sensor 13027148
		PT1 = 16293 kPa
		PT2 = 6172 kPa
		MTM1= 100 C
		21 hrs @ 60 sec
		32 hrs @ 10 sec
		168 hrs @ 30 sec
		240 hrs @ 60 sec
Aug 18/98	10:31	PT1 = 16264 kPa
		PT2 = 6504 kPa
		MTM1= 102 C
	11:05	PT1 = 16252 kPa
		PT2 = 6511 kPa
		MTM1= 102 kPa
	13:56	PT1 = 16252 kPa
		PT2 = 6575 kPa
		MTM1= 102 C
	19:00	PT1 = 16238 kPa
		PT2 = 6692 kPa
		MTM1= 101 C
	21:48	PT1 = 16241 kPa
		PT2 = 6763 kPa



		MTM1= 102 C	
	22:02	PT1 = 21161 kPa	
		PT2 = 6535 kPa	
		MTM1= 96 C	
Aug 19/98	9:00	PT1 = 21224 kPa	DW = 21306 kPa
		PT2 = -59 kPa	DW= -69 kPa
		MTM1= 15 C	
Sept 6/98	2:05	SDS unit rigged out by Anderson crew	

COMMENTS:

12450 - 12510

Dolomite, see description for Core #5.

12510 - 12708

Dolomite, 50-70% dark gray bituminous, micro to fine crystalline, trace 50% medium gray microcrystalline mosaic, 10-30% white coarse crystalline, in part fractured, partly tight, partly with vuggy and fracture porosity, trace bitumen.

12708 - 12755

Dolomite, see description for Core #6.

12755 - 12789

Dolomite, see description for Core #7.

12789

TOTAL DEPTH

12450 - 12510

Dolomite, see description for Core #5.

12510 - 12708

Dolomite, 50-70% dark gray bituminous, micro to fine crystalline, trace 50% medium gray microcrystalline mosaic, 10-30% white coarse crystalline, in part fractured, partly tight, partly with vuggy and fracture porosity, trace bitumen.

12708 - 12755

Dolomite, see description for Core #6.

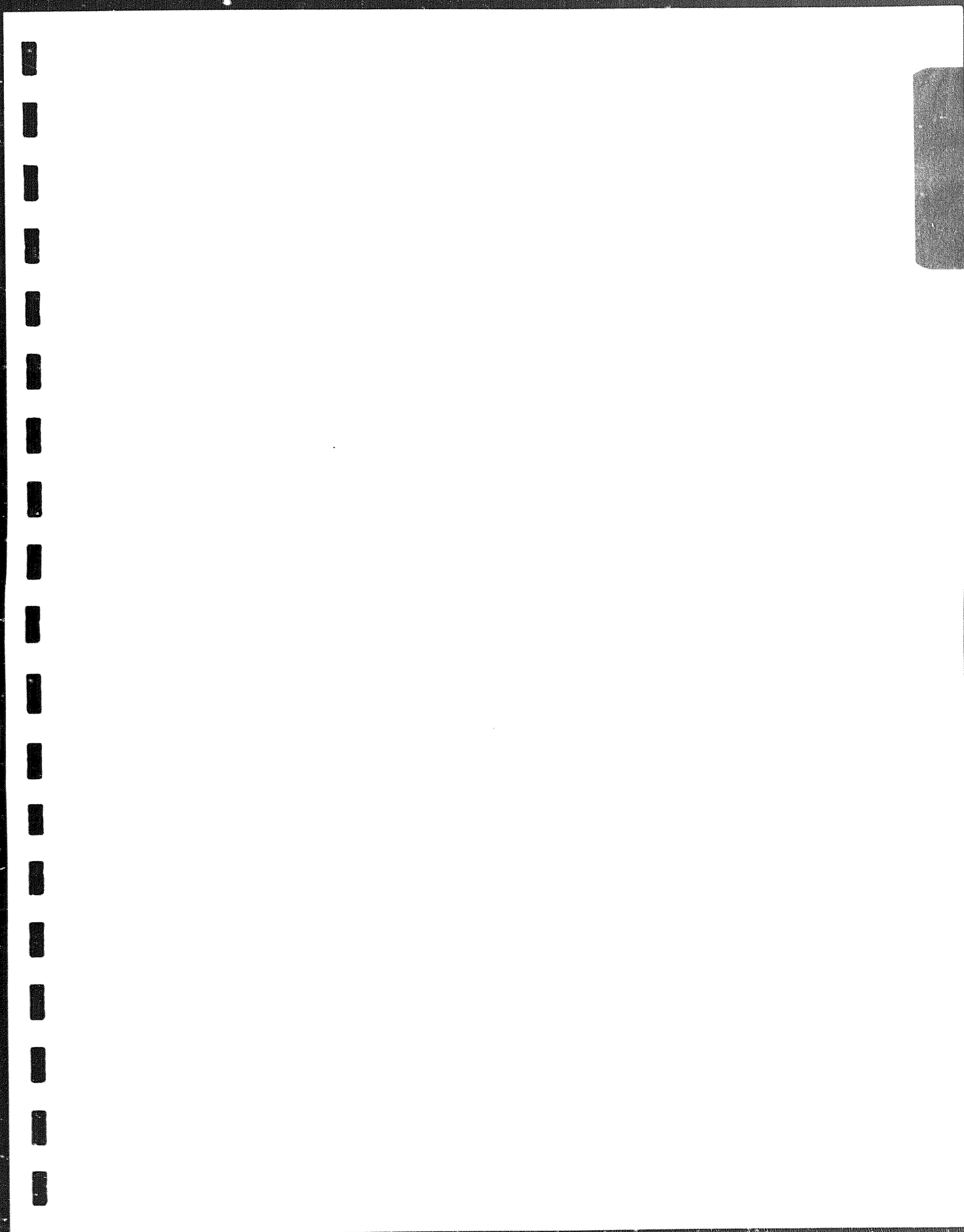
12755 - 12789

Dolomite, see description for Core #7.

12789

TOTAL DEPTH





SECTION III

Engineering Summary

DRILL STEM TESTS

DRILL STEM TEST #1

Interval: 7725' - 7921 1.34 MMcfd  
Gas to surface - 6 minutes 20' flare  
Final shut-in pressure - 2894 psi  
Bottom hole temperature - 167°F

DRILL STEM TEST #2

Interval: 11630' - 11690' 1.8 MMcfd  
Using 3500' water cushion  
Initial hydrostatic pressure - 5976 psi, preflow 1619 psi,  
Initial shut-in pressure - 5680 psi  
Initial flowing pressure - 1748 psi  
Final flowing pressure - 659 psi  
Final shut-in pressure - 5680 psi  
Final hydrostatic pressure - 5976 psi

DRILL STEM TEST #3

Interval: 11680' - 11890' Misrun  
Using 2500' water cushion  
Fair blow on preflow  
1 hour shut-in  
Lost seat

DRILL STEM TEST #4

Interval: 11695' - 11890' Misrun  
Using 3500' water cushion  
No seat

DRILL STEM TEST

Interval: 11695' - 11890'  
Gas to surface - 45 minutes  
Initial hydrostatic pressure - 5886 psi  
Prewlow 1665 psi  
Initial shut-in pressure - 5608 psi  
Initial flowing pressure - 1831 psi  
Final flowing pressure - 906 psi  
Final shut-in pressure - 5608 psi  
Final hydrostatic pressure - 5850 psi  
Flow characteristics: 50 minutes - 8.5 MMcfd  
60 minutes - 8 MMcfd  
70 minutes - 7.2 MMcfd  
80 minutes - 6.4 MMcfd  
90 minutes - 3.8 MMcfd  
100 minutes - 3.8 MMcfd





D&S PETROLEUM CONSULTANTS LTD.

DRILL STEM TEST REPORT

73F5

DST No. 1

Well COLUMBIA ET AL KOTANEELEE YT H38 Date August 10, 1977

Test Interval 7725 - 7920 Formation Mississippian

Testing Co. Johnston Type of Test Bottom Hole

Hole Size 12 1/4" Packer Size 11 1/2" Choke Size 1/2"

Auxiliary Equipment Safety joint, MFE Tool, Pump Out Sub, Surface Manifold

Time Record

Preflow 10 mins (1) ISI 30 (1) VO 64 mins (2) SI 128 mins  
 (2) VO \_\_\_\_\_ mins (3) FSI \_\_\_\_\_ mins

Gas Measurement

Preflow Description Strong initial puff, gas to surface in 6 minutes of preflow.

Blow Description Fair gas blow increasing to good in 10 minutes. Unloading mud in 25 minutes of flow period.

30 minutes - 1" choke, 50psi 1360 mcf

59 minutes - 1/8" choke, 31 psi 740 mcf unloading mud

Measured With \_\_\_\_\_

Fluid Recovery

Total Fluid 1350 ft Mud gas cut

Oil \_\_\_\_\_ Water \_\_\_\_\_

No. of samples \_\_\_\_\_ From \_\_\_\_\_

Samples Sent To \_\_\_\_\_

Pressure Readings

IHP 4008 (1) ISIP 3368 (1) FP 739 to 673 (2) SIP 2918

(2) FP \_\_\_\_\_ to \_\_\_\_\_ (3) FSIP 2918 FHP \_\_\_\_\_ BHT 186 ° F

Remarks Test satisfactory

\_\_\_\_\_

\_\_\_\_\_

\_\_\_\_\_

\_\_\_\_\_

John Dortch  
Field Supervisor

Witness \_\_\_\_\_



D&S PETROLEUM CONSULTANTS LTD.

DRILL STEM TEST REPORT

73F5

DST No. 2

Well COLUMBIA ET AL KOTANEELEE YT H38 Date Sept 28/77

Test Interval 11,630'-11,690' Formation NaHanni

Testing Co. Johnston Type of Test Dual Packers - Bottom Hole

Hole Size 8 1/2" Packer Size 8" Choke Size 1/2"

Auxiliary Equipment Jars, pump and sub, safety joint, surface manifold with Willis choke, MFE valve, 3500' water cushion.

Time Record

Preflow 10 mins (1) ISI 60 (1) VO 120 mins (2) SI 240 mins (2) VO mins (3) FSI mins

Gas Measurement

Preflow Description weak air blow on preflow

Blow Description water cushion and gas to surface in 30 minutes

60 mins - 1" choke - 180 psig - 5.09 MMcf/d

70 mins - 1" - 170 - 4.70 MMcf/d. 110 min - 3/4" ; 160 - 2.45 MMcf/d

80 mins - 3/4" 170 - 3.00 MMcf/d. 120 min - 3/4" ; 150 - 2.30 MMcf/d

Measured With surface choke and pressure gauge

Fluid Recovery

Total Fluid 750' gas cut water cushion Mud

Oil Water 750'

No. of samples From

Samples Sent To

Pressure Readings 1619 preflow

IHP 5976 (1) ISIP 5608 (1) FP 1748 to 659 (2) SIP

(2) FP to (3) FSIP 5680 FHP 5976 BHT 250 ° F

Remarks test successful

JOHN DORTCH

Witness Field Supervisor



D&S PETROLEUM CONSULTANTS LTD.

DRILL STEM TEST REPORT

73F 5

DST No. 3

Well COLUMBIA ET AL KOTANEELEE YT H38 Date October 2, 1977

Test Interval 11680-11890 Formation Nahanni

Testing Co. Johnston Type of Test Bottom Hole

Hole Size 8 1/2 Packer Size 7 1/2 Choke Size

Auxiliary Equipment Safety joint, MFE Tool, Pump Out Sub, Surf. Manifold

Time Record

Preflow 10 mins (1) ISI 60 (1) VO mins (2) SI 60 mins

(2) VO mins (3) FSI mins

Gas Measurement

Preflow Description Fair initial puff increasing to good.

Blow Description Gas to surface in 45 minutes of initial shut in. No packer seat on valve open. Strong air spray for 2 hours after shut in.

Reversed out test

Measured With

Fluid Recovery

Total Fluid Mud

Oil Water

No. of samples From

Samples Sent To

Pressure Readings Preflow 1603

IHP 5940 (1) ISIP 5659 (1) FP 2096 to 2549 (2) SIP

(2) FP to (3) FSIP 5657 FHP 6144 BHT 297 ° F

Remarks Misrun, packer leaking

John Dortch

Witness

Field Supervisor





D&S PETROLEUM CONSULTANTS LTD.

DRILL STEM TEST REPORT

73F5

DST No. 4

Well COLUMBIA ET AL KOTANEELEE YT H38 Date Oct 3/77

Test Interval 11695 - 11890 Formation Nahanni

Testing Co. Johnston Type of Test Bottom Hole

Hole Size 8 1/2 " Packer Size 7 1/2" Choke Size 1/2"

Auxiliary Equipment Safety joint, MFE Tool, Pump Out Sub, Surface Manifold

Time Record

Preflow 5 mins (1) ISI 60 (1) VO \_\_\_\_\_ mins (2) SI \_\_\_\_\_ mins  
(2) VO \_\_\_\_\_ mins (3) FSI \_\_\_\_\_ mins

Gas Measurement

Preflow Description Gas to surface 15 minutes after second flow

Blow Description \_\_\_\_\_

Measured With \_\_\_\_\_

Fluid Recovery

Total Fluid 4200 Mud 700'

Oil \_\_\_\_\_ Water 3500' cushion

No. of samples \_\_\_\_\_ From \_\_\_\_\_

Samples Sent To \_\_\_\_\_

Pressure Readings preflow 2360

IHP 5873 (1) ISIP 5622 (1) FP 2733 to 2829 (2) SIP \_\_\_\_\_  
(2) FP \_\_\_\_\_ to \_\_\_\_\_ (3) FSIP \_\_\_\_\_ FHP 5893 BHT 307 ° F

Remarks Misrun. Lost packer seat.

John Dortch  
Field Supervisor

Witness \_\_\_\_\_



D&S PETROLEUM CONSULTANTS LTD.

DRILL STEM TEST REPORT

73F 5

DST No. 5

Well COLUMBIA ET AL KOTANEELEE YT H38 Date October 5, 1977

Test Interval 11,620'-11,890' Formation Nahanni

Testing Co. Johnston Type of Test Bottom Hole - 3 packers

Hole Size 8 1/2" Packer Size 6 5/8" Choke Size 1/2"

Auxiliary Equipment safety joint, jars, MFE tool, pump out sub, surface manifold

Time Record

Preflow 10 mins (1) ISI 60 (1) VO 120 mins (2) SI 240 mins (2) VO mins (3) FSI mins

Gas Measurement

Preflow Description Fair air blow, gas to surface in 45 mins. of initial shut in.

Blow Description Good blow, water and gas in 10 minutes

50 min - 1" choke - 380 psig - 10.0 MM wet gas	80 min - 1" choke - 280 psig - 7.6 MM
60 " 1" 350 9.4	90 to 120 - 3/4" 320 4.7 (drying up)
70 " 320 8.6	with muddy water mist at end

Measured With

Fluid Recovery

Total Fluid 800' of muddy water cushion Mud

Oil Water 800'

No. of samples From

Samples Sent To

Pressure Readings preflo 1665

IHP 5886 (1) ISIP 5608 (1) FP 1831 to 906 (2) SIP

(2) FP to (3) FSIP 5608 FHP 5850 BHT 286 ° F

Remarks test satisfactory

Witness John Dortch Field Supervisor



# JOHNSTON TESTERS

A DIVISION OF SCHLUMBERGER CANADA LIMITED  
321 50th AVENUE S.E. CALGARY ALBERTA T2G 2B3

District	Fort St. John	Ticket No.	E15042	Company	Columbia Gas Development of Canada Ltd.		
Address	c/o D & S Consultants, 550 - 6 Avenue S.W.			Test No.	1	J.T. No.	1
	Calgary, Alberta T2P 0S2			Well Name	Columbia Gas Cotoneely		
Field	Cotoneely			Number	YT H-38		
Province	British Columbia			Date	August 10, 1977		
Co. Rep.				Formation			
Technician	T. Thompson			Interval	7725 - 7920'		Thickness TD 7921'

TEST DATA			
Type of Test	Open hole, Bottom hole.		
Time Started in Hole	0330 Hrs.	Tool Opened	0828 Hrs.
First Flow	10 Min.	Initial Shut-In	30 Min.
Second Flow	64 Min.	Second Shut In	128 Min.
Third Flow	Min.	Final Shut In	Min.
Pulled Loose @	1330 Hrs.	Out of Hole	1900 Hrs.
Wt. Set/on Packers	30,000 #	Pulled Loose Wt.	#
Description of Blow During Test	Strong initial puff with gas to surface in 6 minutes on preflow. Fair gas blow on valve opening increasing to good in 10 minutes, began unloading mud in 25 minutes of flow period.		

<b>FLUID RECOVERY</b>	Was Test Reverse Circulated	Yes <input type="checkbox"/>	No <input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
Total Fluid Recovered	1,350		Ft.
Description of Fluid Recovered	1,350' Gas cut, drilling fluid.		

GAS BLOW MEASUREMENT			
Measured With	Critical Flow Prover Gauge 2" I.D. Riser		
Time	Sfcs. Choke	Reading psi	M Cubic Feet/Day
0918	1"	48	1300
0928	1"	52	1390
0938	1"	50	1360
Began unloading mud, choked back to 15 psi on gauge opened 4" valve to allow mud to escape.			
0948	1/8"	37	820
0958	1/8"	37	820
1009	1/8"	32	740
Still unloading mud.			

**REMARKS:** Test satisfactory.  
Lost approximately 15' of mud on preflow.

RESISTIVITY		SALT CONTENT	
Recovery Water	@	°F.	ppm.
Mud Pit sample filtrate	@	°F.	36.500 ppm.

TOOL SEQUENCE		
Tool	Length	O.D.
P.O. Sub	1.00	
D.P. Sub	.65	
MFE Tool	9.30	
Bypass Tool	2.85	
Safety Joint	1.75	
S.S. & Packer	11.50	11 1/2"
T.C. & Packer	6.00	11 1/2"
<b>Total</b>	<b>33.05</b>	
Packer Stub	1.50	
Perfs	9.00	
Recorder	4.25	
Recorder	4.30	
Sub	2.50	
Drill Collars	172.54	
Sub	.75	
Bull Nose	1.50	
<b>Total Interval</b>	<b>196.34</b>	
<b>TOTAL LENGTH</b>		
Elevation G.L.	2250	K.B. 2275
Bottom Hole Choke Size	1/2"	
Fluid Cushion Type	Nil	Amt.

MUD AND HOLE DATA		
Mud Type	Gel Chem	W.L.
Filter Cake	4 1/2" Visc. 40	Wt. 9.8
Time Taken	2400 hours	
Contractor	Nabors Drilling	Rig No. 9
Drill Pipe Size	4 1/2" IF	
Drill Collar Size	4 1/2" XH &	
Drill Collar Length	406'	
Main Hole Size	12 1/4" Rat Hole	

Distribution of Reports 10 - Calgary Attention: Mr. L. Kerkoff





JOHNSTON

Schlumberger

321 - 50TH AVENUE S.E. • CALGARY, ALBERTA T2G 2B3 • PH. (403) 255-1151

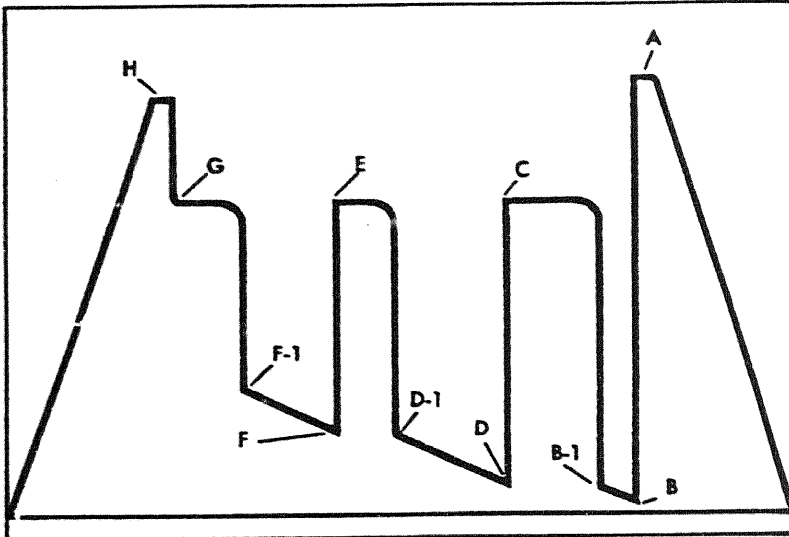
## GUIDE TO IDENTIFICATION OF DRILL STEM TEST PRESSURE CHARTS

FIELD  
REPORT NO.

E15042

RECORDER NO.

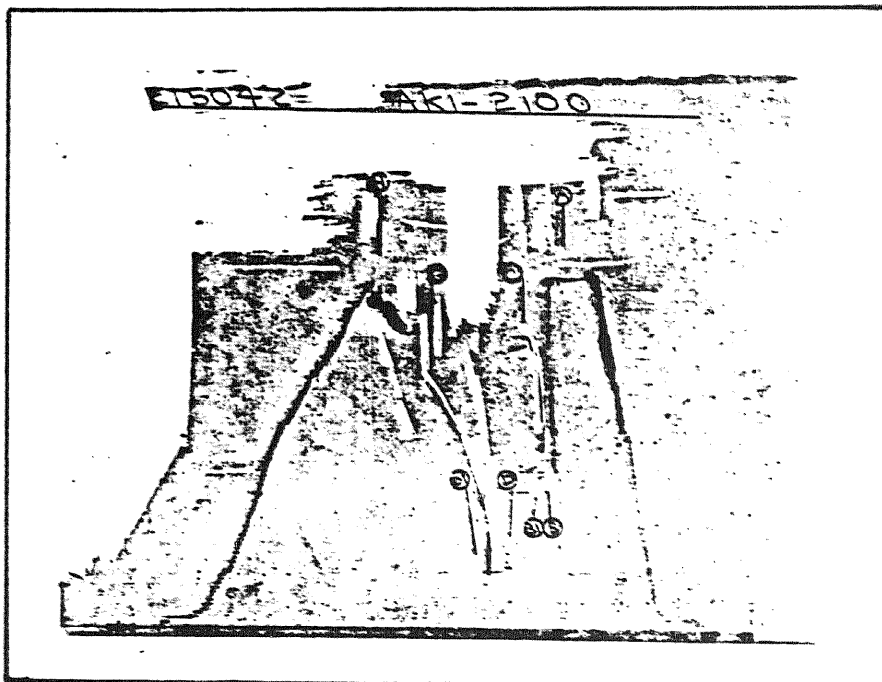
AK1-2100



- A. Initial Hyd. Mud
- B. First Flow
- C. Initial Shut-In
- D. Second Flow
- E. Second Shut-In
- F. Third Flow
- G. Final Shut-In
- H. Final Hyd. Mud

The following points are either fluctuating pressures or points indicating other packer settings (testing different zones).

- A-1, A-2, A-3, etc. Initial Hyd. Pressures
- Z — Special pressure points such as pumping pressures recorded for formation breakdown.



JOHNSTON

Schlumberger

321 - 50TH AVENUE S.E. • CALGARY, ALBERTA T2G 2B3 • PH. (403) 255-1151

## DRILL STEM TEST SPECIAL DATA ANALYSIS

Columbia Gas Limited DST #2  
Columbia Gas et al Kotaneelee E15085  
11,630 - 11,690' 11,690'  
September 28, 1977

October 4, 1977

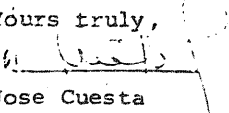
ATTENTION: RICK SMITH

Gentlemen:

The enclosed test appears to be a good mechanical drill stem test during which the tools functioned properly, and the formation produced enough reservoir fluid for proper identification. Reservoir pressure drawdown was sufficient and adequate shut-in build-ups occurred for reliable quantitative analysis.

1. Flow Rate: A flow rate of  $\frac{2,300}{1624}$  MCF/day of gas was noted during this test.
2. Reservoir Pressure: Mechanical Stabilization of the initial shut-in pressure build-up indicates a maximum reservoir pressure of 5689 psig at recorder depth. Mechanical stabilization of the final shut-in pressure build-up indicates a maximum reservoir pressure of 5691 psig at recorder depth.
3. Permeability: The calculated transmissibility factor of 4739 md.ft./cp. indicates an average effective permeability to gas of 2.37 md. for the reported 50 foot porous interval. The calculations were based on a slope of 505,000 psi<sup>2</sup>/log cycle obtained from the final shut-in build-up plot. It was assumed for these calculations: (A) gas gravity 0.70, (B) viscosity 0.025 cp., (C) and gas deviation factor 1.07. These figures were obtained from the available technical literature.
4. Well Bore Damage: The calculated estimated damage ratio of 12.32 indicates that high well bore damage is present at the time and conditions of this test. This value appears to be excessive and may be due to the partial penetration of the net production interval by the test interval. If subsequent information confirms this possibility then the value for D.R. should be discounted.
5. Radius of Investigation: The calculated radius of investigation of this test is 162.6 feet based on an assumed porosity of 7.5%, compressibility of 1.12 x 10<sup>-4</sup> vol/vol/psi, and other assumptions made in number 3 above.
6. General Comments: The formation exhibits the characteristics of relatively low permeability effective to the reservoir fluid and well bore damage is indicated. No unusual characteristics were noted from the analysis of the test data presented. The main feature of this test is that an assumed horner plot slope was utilized to obtain reservoir calculations.

Yours truly,

  
Jose Cuesta  
Technical Analyst

JC/jmh



WELL: COLUMBIA GAS ET AL KOTANEELEE DST #2

FLOW RATE PRIOR TO SHUT IN (MCF/DAY)		1824.000
COMPRESSIBILITY FACTOR Z		1.0700
HORNER PLOT SLOPE (PSI <sup>2</sup> /L <sup>2</sup> CYCLE)		505000.
VISCOSITY (CP)		0.025
NET THICKNESS (FT)		50.000
MAX RESERVOIR PRESSURE (PSIG)		5691.0
FLOWING PRESSURE (PSIG)		1672.0
FLOW TIME (MIN)		135.0
POROSITY		0.075
COMPRESSIBILITY (1/PSI)		0.00011200
WELL BORE RADIUS (IN)		6.13
WELL ELEVATION (FT)		2275.0
RECORDER DEPTH (FT)		11650.0
TEMPERATURE (DF)		289.0

---

TRANSMISSIBILITY (MD-FT/CP)		4738.57
FLOW CAPACITY (MD-FT)		118.46
AVERAGE EFF. PERMEABILITY (MD)		2.37
DAMAGE RATIO		12.32
FLOW RATE WITH DAMAGE REMOVED (MCF/DAY)		22471.092
POTENTIOMETRIC SURFACE (FT)		3765.5
RADIUS OF INVESTIGATION (FT)		162.6

USED 12.81 UNITS  
PURGE PRES DAT  
FILE NOT SAVED  
READY  
PURGE BLD2DATA

READY  
BYE  
00015.98 CRU 0000.05 TCH 0002.07 KC

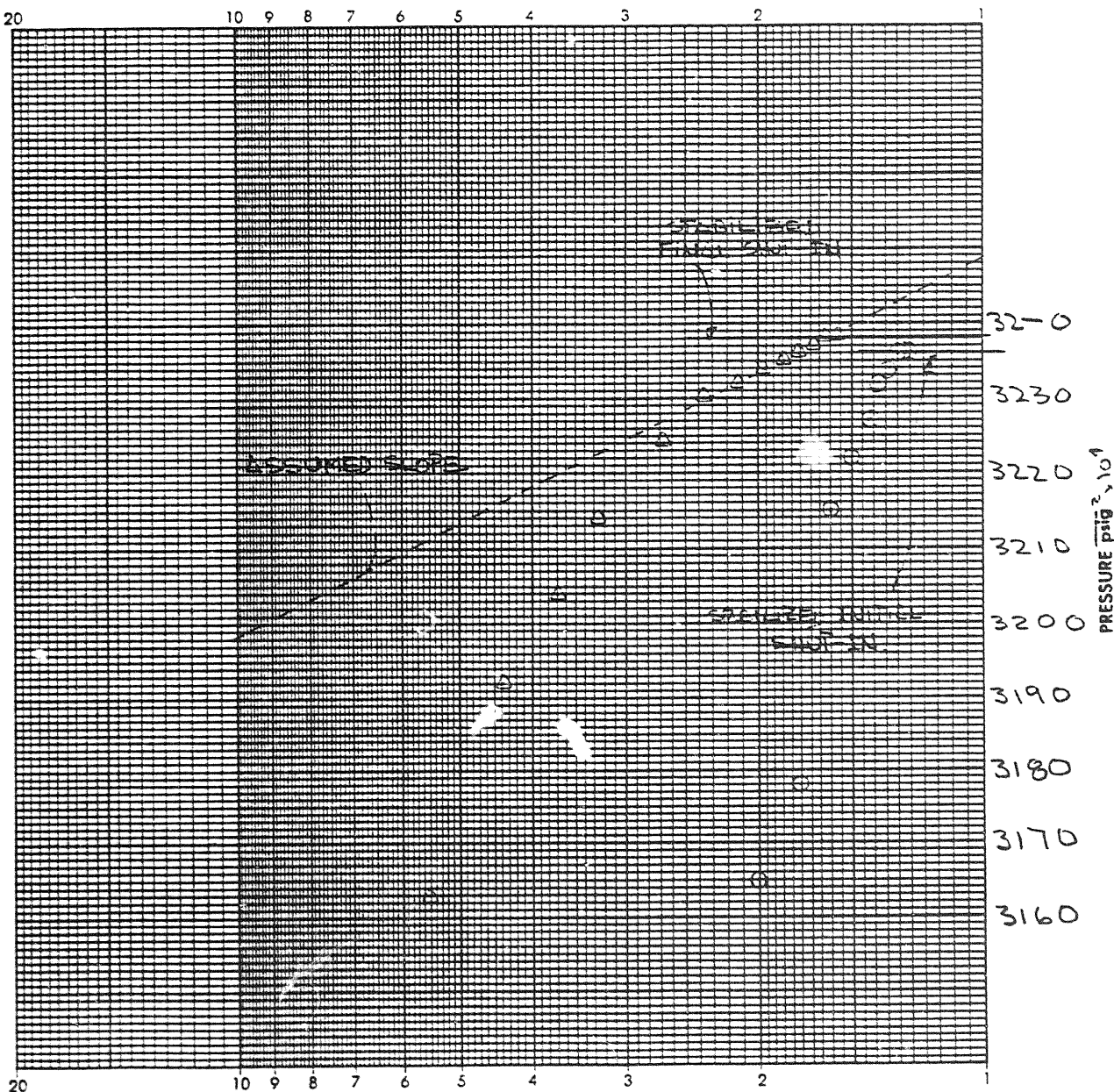
OFF AT 13:49MDT 10/04/77

# RESERVOIR PRESSURE PLOT

JOHNSTON

Schlumberger

ORDER No. AKI 3022 CAPACITY 2650 FIELD REPORT No. \_\_\_\_\_  
 MAXIMUM RESERVOIR PRESSURE  $P_o$  = \_\_\_\_\_ psig INITIAL SHUT-IN = 5689 PSIG  
 SLOPE OF SHUT-IN CURVE M1 = \_\_\_\_\_ psig/LOG CYCLE FINAL SHUT-IN = 5691 PSIG  
 SLOPE M1 =  $P_i \dots 2248.5 \times 10^4$   $P_{10} \dots 3138.0 \times 10^4$  = psig/LOG CYCLE 505000  
 SLOPE M2 =  $P_i \dots$   $P_{10} \dots$  = psig/LOG CYCLE \_\_\_\_\_



$$\frac{T + \Delta t}{\Delta t}$$







JOHNSTON



JOHNSTON TESTERS

A DIVISION OF SCHLUMBERGER CANADA LIMITED  
321 50th AVENUE S.E. CALGARY, ALBERTA T2G 2B3

E15035

PRESSURE DATA

FLUID SAMPLE REPORT

INSTRUMENT No	AK1-4371	AK1-2095	AK1-5025	T-5365	Sample No.	103421 & 110267
CAPACITY (psig)	7400	7450	8650	220 - 549	Type	5"
INSTRUMENT DEPTH FT.	11608	11646	11650	11659	Depth	11,593'
INSTRUMENT OPENING	Inside	Outside	Outside	Outside	Volume	2500 cc
WELL TEMP. °F.					Sample Pressure:	
INITIAL HYDROSTATIC	A 5982#	6006#	6014#		psig. at Surface	
FIRST FLOW	B 1650#	1643#	1644#		Gravity	API @ °F
	B-1 1688#	1677#	1681#		Gas/Oil Ratio	Cu.Ft./bbt
INITIAL SHUT-IN	C 5689#		5692#		Recovery:	
SECOND FLOW	D 1752#		1734#		Cu. Ft. Gas	
	D-1 650#		643#		cc. Oil	
COND SHUT-IN	E	Clock			cc. Water	
THIRD FLOW	F	Stopped			cc. Mud	
	F-1				Total Liquid cc.	
FINAL SHUT-IN	G 5689#		5692#			
FINAL HYDROSTATIC	H 5971#		6014#			

REMARKS: Temperature recorder #5365 - 0.101 Defl. = 289<sup>OF</sup>  
MFE samples #103421 & #110267 and fluid sample #6445 sent to  
C & G Labs., Calgary, Alberta.

PRESSURE INCREMENTS ON RECORDER #

Initial Shut-in			Final Shut-in					
POINT MINUTES	PRESSURE	$\frac{T + \Delta t}{\Delta t}$	POINT MINUTES	PRESSURE	$\frac{T + \Delta t}{\Delta t}$	POINT MINUTES	PRESSURE	$\frac{T + \Delta t}{\Delta t}$
0	1679	-----	0	1672	-----			
5	3947	4.000	10	5029	14.500			
10	5485	2.500	20	5546	7.750			
15	5626	2.000	30	5624	5.500			
20	5637	1.750	40	5650	4.375			
25	5670	1.600	50	5661	3.700			
30	5676	1.500	60	5670	3.250			
35	5681	1.428	80	5678	2.687			
40	5685	1.375	100	5683	2.350			
45	5687	1.333	120	5685	2.125			
50	5689	1.300	140	5687	1.964			
55	5689	1.273	160	5688	1.843			
60	5689	1.250	180	5689	1.750			
			200	5690	1.675			
			220	5691	1.614			
			240	5691	1.562			

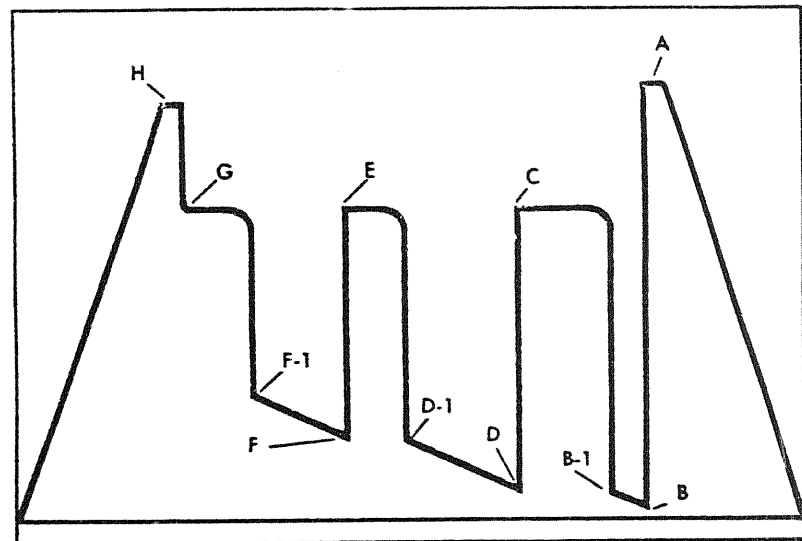
### GUIDE TO IDENTIFICATION OF DRILL STEM TEST PRESSURE CHARTS

FIELD REPORT NO.

RECORDER NO.

E15085

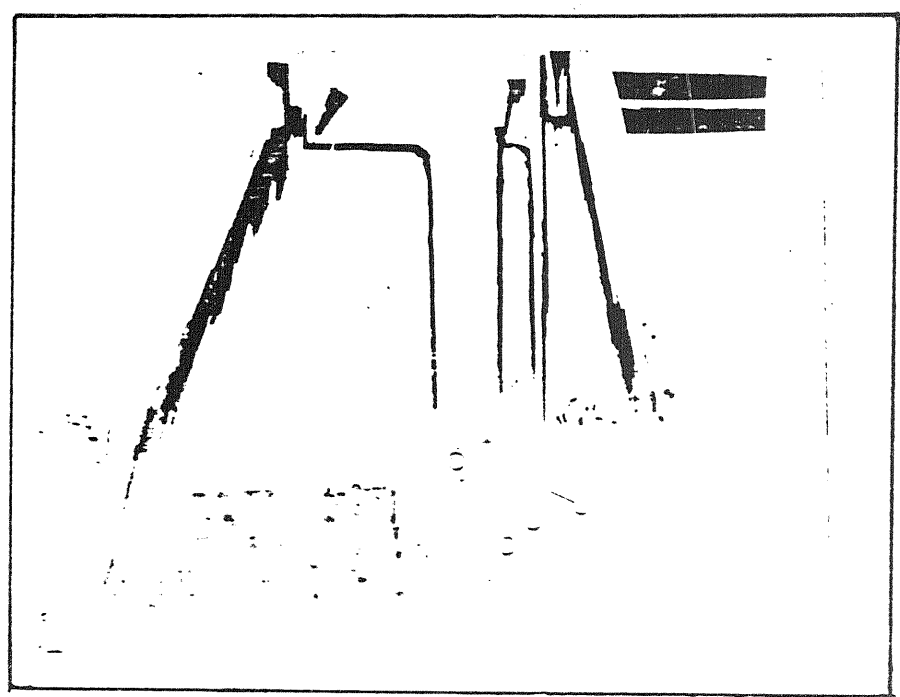
AK1-4371



- A. Initial Hyd. Mud
- B. First Flow
- C. Initial Shut-In
- D. Second Flow
- E. Second Shut-In
- F. Third Flow
- G. Final Shut-In
- H. Final Hyd. Mud

The following points are either fluctuating pressures or points indicating other packer settings (testing different zones).

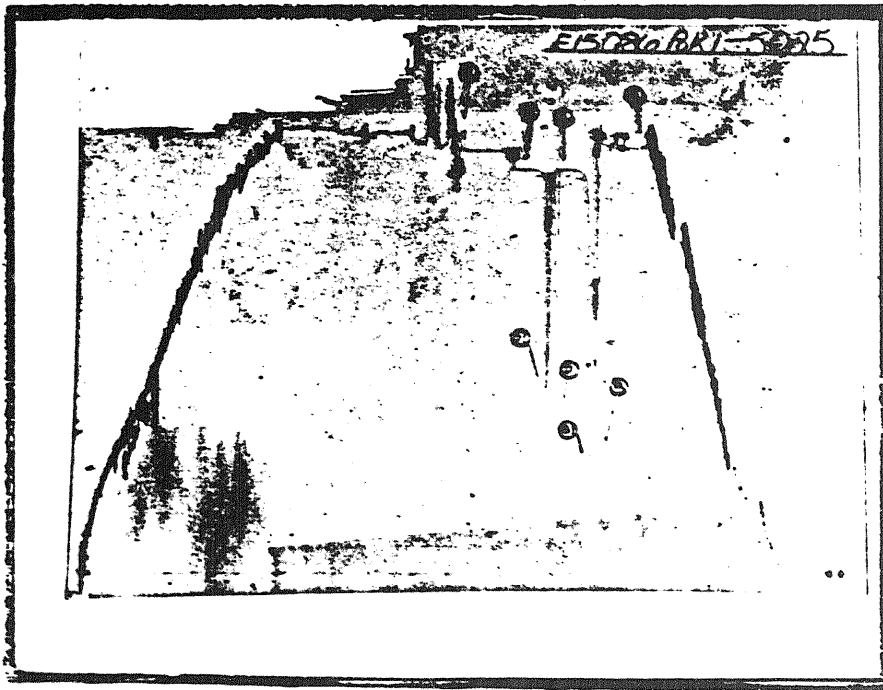
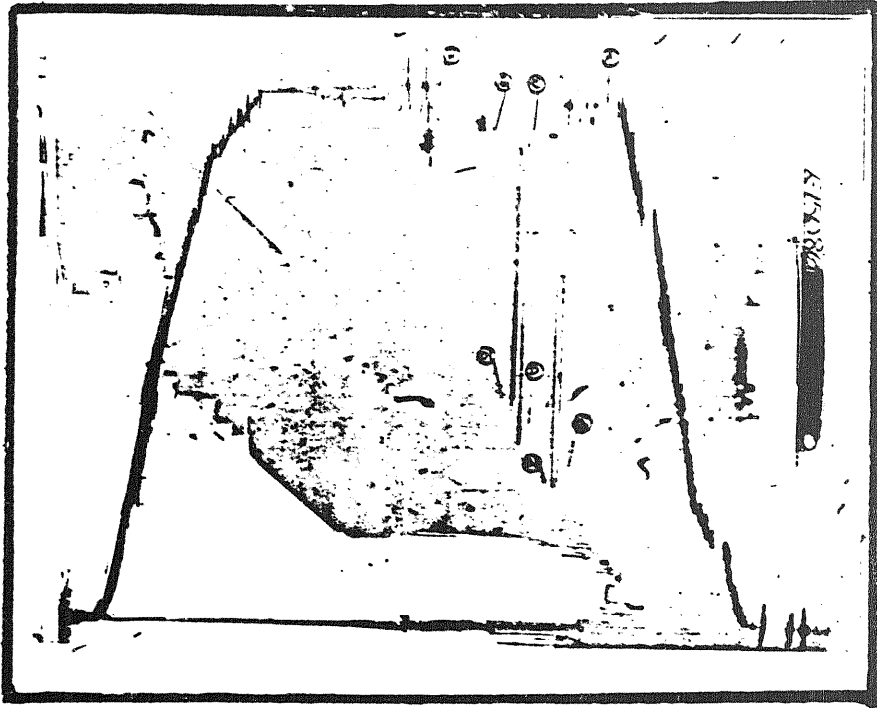
A-1, A-2, A-3, etc. Initial Hyd. Pressures  
Z — Special pressure points such as pumping pressures recorded for formation breakdown.









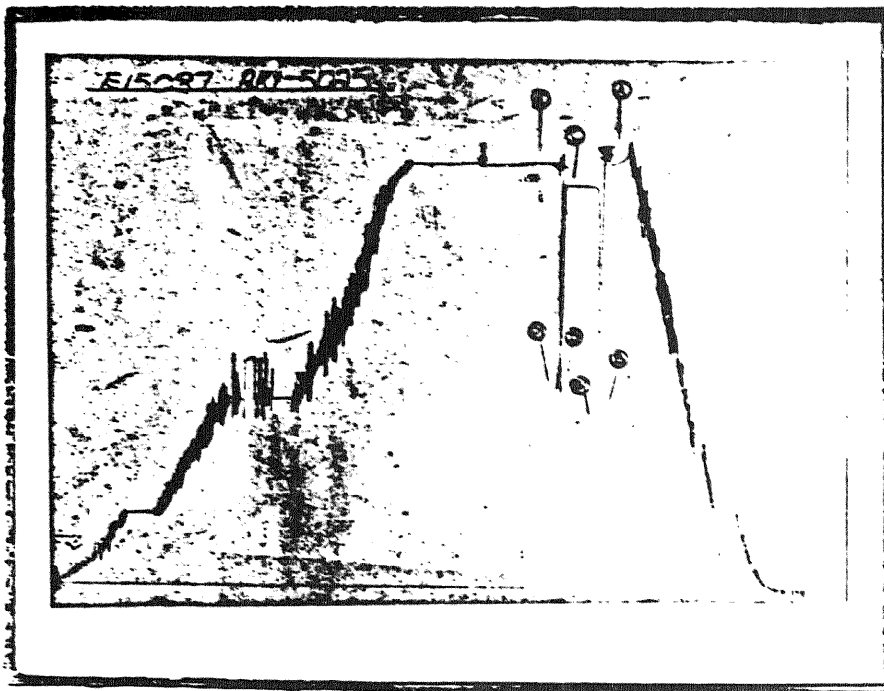
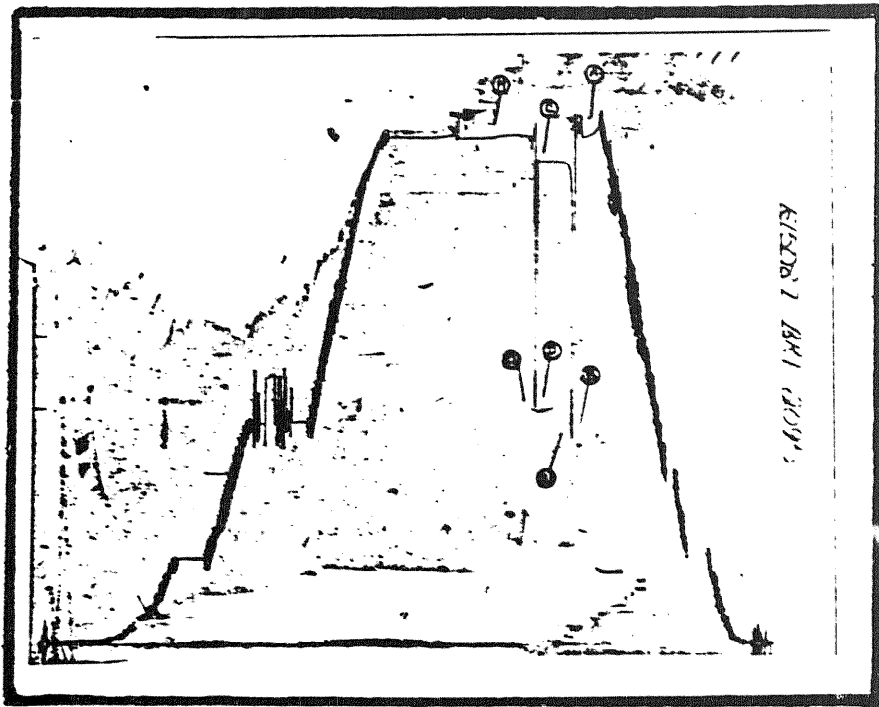












JOHNSTON

Schlumberger

321 - 50TH AVENUE S.E. • CALGARY, ALBERTA T2G 2B3 • PH. (403) 255-1151

## DRILL STEM TEST SPECIAL DATA ANALYSIS

Columbia Gas Development DST #5  
Columbia Gas et al Kotaneelee H-38-60-10-124  
E15088 'Nahanni 11,625 - 11,890' 11,890'  
October 4, 1977

October 12, 1977

ATTENTION: JIM MACDONALD

Gentlemen:

The enclosed test appears to be a good mechanical drill stem test during which the tools functioned properly, and the formation produced enough reservoir fluid for proper identification. Reservoir pressure drawdown was sufficient and adequate shut-in build-ups occurred for reliable quantitative analysis.

1. Flow Rate: A flow rate of 4700 MCF/day of gas was noted during this test.
2. Reservoir Pressure: Extrapolation of the initial shut-in pressure build-up indicates a maximum reservoir pressure of 5655 psig at recorder depth. Extrapolation of the final shut-in pressure build-up indicates a maximum reservoir pressure of 5638 psig at recorder depth. The difference between the initial and final shut-in pressure of 17 psi is insignificant.
3. Permeability: The calculated transmissibility factor of 5879 md.ft./cp. indicates an average effective permeability to gas of 59 md. for the reported 250 foot porous interval. The calculations were based on a slope of 1,060,000 psi<sup>2</sup>/log cycle obtained from the final shut-in build-up plot. It was assumed for these calculations: (a) gas gravity 0.70, (b) viscosity .025 cp., (c) and gas deviation factor 1.07. These figures were obtained from the available technical literature.
4. Well Bore Damage: The calculated damage ratio of 6.40 indicates that well bore damage is present at the time and conditions of this test. This value appears to be excessive and may be due to the partial penetration of the net productive interval by the test interval. If subsequent information confirms this possibility then the value D.T. should be discounted.
5. Radius of Investigation: The calculated radius of investigation of relatively low permeability effective to the reservoir fluid and well more damage is indicated. No unusual characteristics were noted from the analysis of the test data presented.

Yours truly,

  
Jose Cuesta

JC/jmb



WELL: COLUMBIA GAS FT AL KOTANHEIF HRR JID

FLOW RATE PRIOR TO SHUT IN (MCF/DAY)		4700.000
COMPRESSIBILITY FACTOR Z		1.0700
FORNER PLMT SLOPE (PSI <sup>2</sup> /100 CYCLE)		1060000.
VISCOSITY (CP)		0.020
NET THICKNESS (FT)		250.000
MAX RESERVOIR PRESSURE (PSIG)		2650.0
FLOWING PRESSURE (PSIG)		800.0
FLW TIME (MIN)		130.0
PERMEABILITY (MD)		0.050
COMPRESSIBILITY (1/PSI)		0.00012000
WELL BORE RADIUS (IN)		4.25
WELL ELEVATION (FT)		2275.0
RECORDER DEPTH (FT)		11645.0
TEMPERATURE (DF)		297.0

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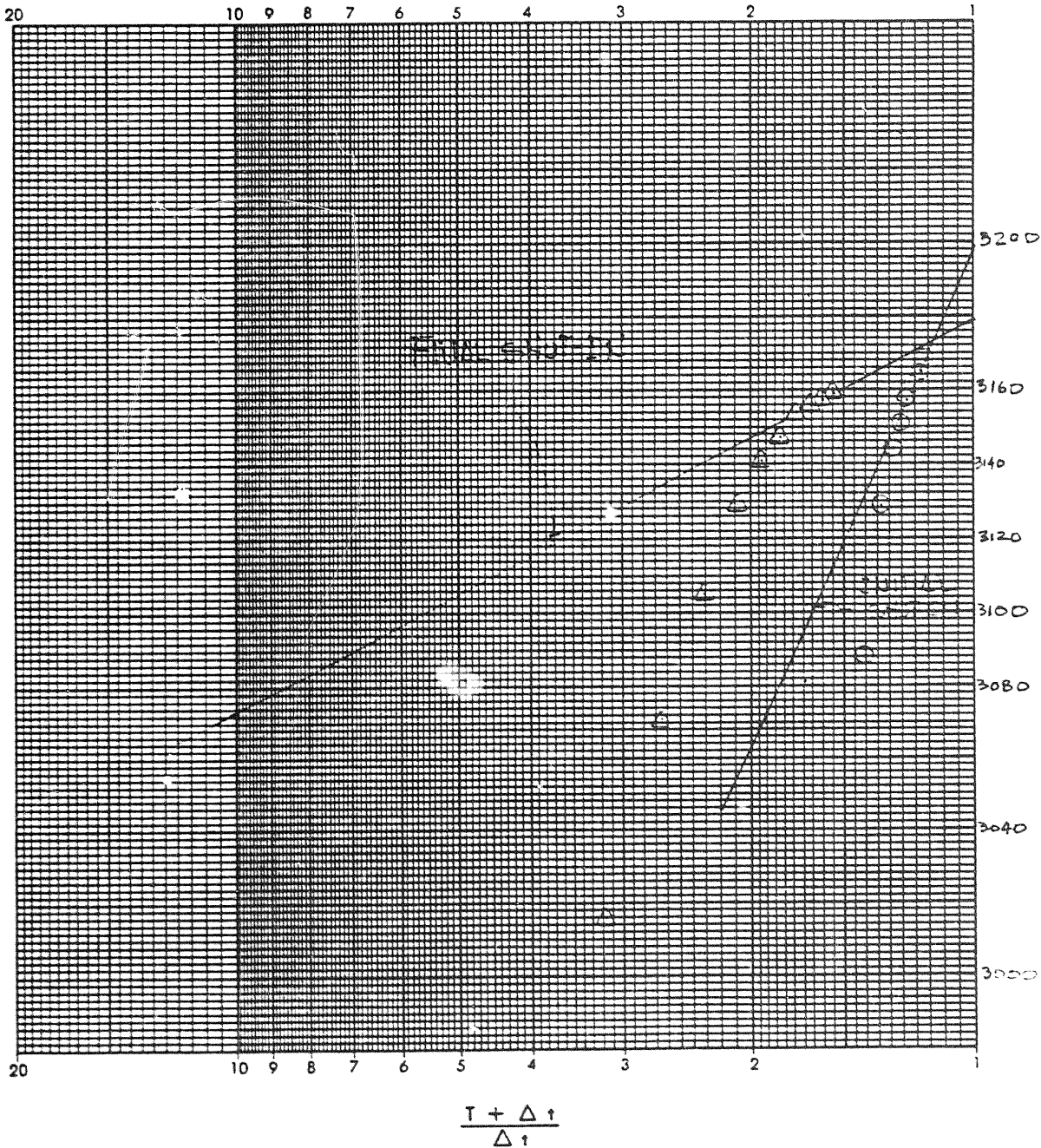
TRANSMISSIBILITY (MD-FT/CP)		5879.23
FLOW CAPACITY (MD-FT)		140.20
AVERAGE EFF. PERMEABILITY (MD)		0.50
DAMAGE RATIO		0.40
FLOW RATE WITH DAMAGE REMOVED (MCF/DAY)		30055.815
POTENTIOMETRIC SURFACE (FT)		3687.4
RADIUS OF INVESTIGATION (FT)		94.1

# RESERVOIR PRESSURE PLOT

JOHNSTON



RECORDER No. 107-2515 CAPACITY 7250 FIELD REPORT No. 515095  
 MAXIMUM RESERVOIR PRESSURE  $P_o$  = 3625 psig INITIAL SHUT-IN = 5638  
 SLOPE OF SHUT-IN CURVE  $M_1$  = 1060000 psig/LOG CYCLE FULL SHUT-IN = 5638  
 SLOPE  $M_1$  =  $P_i$  3780000  $P_{10}$  3570000 = psig/LOG CYCLE 1060000  
 SLOPE  $M_2$  =  $P_i$  .....  $P_{10}$  ..... = psig/LOG CYCLE .....







# JOHNSTON TESTERS

A DIVISION OF SCHLUMBERGER CANADA LIMITED  
321, 50th AVENUE S.E. CALGARY, ALBERTA T2G 2B3

District	Fort St. John	Ticket No.	E15088	Company	Columbia Gas Development Ltd.		
Address	c/o D & S Consultants, 600, 633 -6 Avenue S.W., Calgary, Alberta T2P 0S2			Test No.	5	J.T. No.	5
Field	Kotaneelee			Well Name	Columbia Gas et al Kotaneelee		
Province	British Columbia			Number	H-38-60-10-124		
Co. Rep.	J. Dortch			Date	October 4, 1977		
Technician	T. Thompson			Formation	Nahanni	Thickness	
				Interval	11,625 - 11,890	T D	11,890'

TEST DATA			
Type of Test	Open hole, Bottom hole.		
Time Started in Hole	0430	Hrs.	Tool Opened 1128 Hrs.
First Flow	10	Min.	Initial Shut-In 60 Min.
Second Flow	120	Min.	Second Shut In 240 Min.
Third Flow		Min.	Final Shut In Min.
Pulled Loose @	1830	Hrs.	Out of Hole 0200 Hrs.
Wt. Set/on Packers	30,000	#	Pulled Loose Wt. 30,000 #
Description of Blow During Test	Good initial puff on preflow with gas to surface in 45 minutes of initial shut-in. Water to surface in 10 minutes of valve opening with good gas flow in 5 minutes. Increasing to strong gas and water blow in 20 minutes.		

FLUID RECOVERY			
Was Test Reverse Circulated	Yes <input type="checkbox"/>	No <input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	
Total Fluid Recovered	80		Ft.
Description of Fluid Recovered	80' Gasified mud cut water.		

GAS BLOW MEASUREMENT			
Measured With Willis Choke			2" I.D. Riser
Time	Sfcs. Choke	Reading Psi	M Cubic Feet/Day
1320	64	380	10,000 Wet gas flow
1330	64	350	9,300 Wet gas flow
1340	64	320	8,600 Wet gas flow
1350	64	280	7,100 Wet gas flow
1400	48	320	4,700 Wet gas flow
1410	48	320	4,700 Wet gas flow
1420	48	320	4,700 Wet gas flow
1430	48	320	4,700 Wet gas flow

REMARKS: Test satisfactory.			
RESISTIVITY Chloride CONTENT			
Recovery Water	@	°F.	44,500 ppm.
Mud Pit sample filtrate	@	°F.	ppm.

TOOL SEQUENCE		
Tool	Length	O.D.
P.O. Sub	1.00	
D.P. Sub	.65	
MFE Tool	12.55	
Bypass Tool	2.85	
Recorder	4.40	
Safety Joint	1.75	
S.S. & Packer	8.30	7 1/2"
T.C. & Packer	5.35	7 1/2"
Packer	4.35	7 1/2"
Total	42.20	
Packer Stub	1.00	
Perfs	15.00	
Recorder	4.40	
Recorder	4.40	
Sub	1.00	
Drill Collars	236.48	
Sub	1.00	
Bull Nose & Perf	2.00	
Total Interval	265.28	
TOTAL LENGTH		
Elevation G.L.	2250 K.E.	2275
Bottom Hole Choke Size	1/2"	
Fluid Cushion Type	Water	Amt. 3500'

MUD AND HOLE DATA			
Mud Type	KCL	W.L.	
Filter Cake	Visc.	41 Wt.	9.9
Time Taken 2400 hours			
Contractor	Nabors Drilling	Rig No.	9
Drill Pipe Size	4 1/2" IF		
Drill Collar Size	4 1/2" XH	&	
Drill Collar Length	365'	&	
Main Hole Size	Ret Hole	8 1/2"	

Distribution of Reports 12 - Calgary Attention: MRS. WIERE





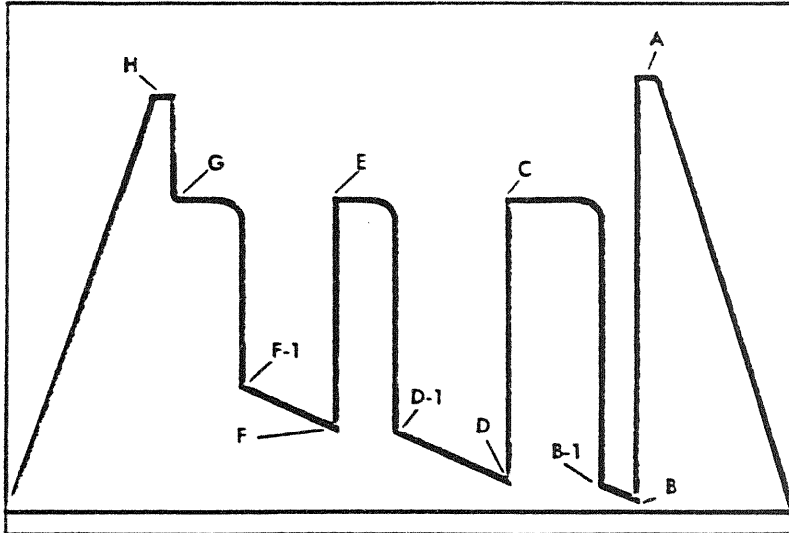
## GUIDE TO IDENTIFICATION OF DRILL STEM TEST PRESSURE CHARTS

FIELD  
REPORT NO.

RECORDER NO.

E15088

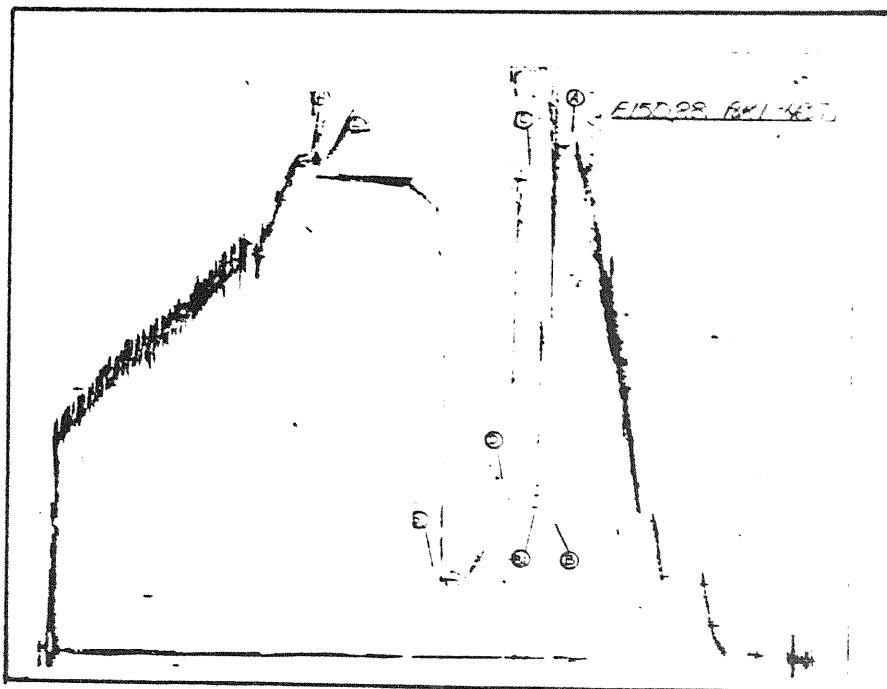
AK1-4371



- A. Initial Hyd. Mud
- B. First Flow
- C. Initial Shut-In
- D. Second Flow
- E. Second Shut-In
- F. Third Flow
- G. Final Shut-In
- H. Final Hyd. Mud

The following points are either fluctuating pressures or points indicating other packer settings (testing different zones).

- A-1, A-2, A-3, etc. Initial Hyd. Pressures
- Z — Special pressure points such as pumping pressures recorded for formation breakdown.





D&S PETROLEUM CONSULTANTS LTD.

CASING SUMMARY

73F 2

Casing Size 20" Casing Type Surface

Well COLUMBIA ET AL. KOTANEELEE VT H38 Date April 22/77

Table with columns: CSG WT, GR, RGE, THD, T&C, MAKE, JTS RUN, DEPTH LANDED, FT. RUN IN WELL. Rows include Shoe, Shoe JT., Float Collar, and multiple Casing entries.

Summary table with rows: Landing Jt (when used) Length, Overall Length of Casing String, Feet up from K.B. (subtract), Setting Depth: Driller Tally.

Centralizers 3

Scratchers yes

Weld/ Thread Lock (No. Joints) welded and thread locked, first 3 joints

Cement Co. Nowasco Cementer: Bill Miller

Cement Volume 700 cu. ft.

as 2% Cal.

Displacement Calculated 30 bbls Measured 221 bbls

Top Plug rubber Bottom Plug rubber Other

Circ. Time Before Cement 1 hr Bbls. Wash 20

Start Mix 5:54 AM 190 min Displace 6 B.P.M. min

Plug Down 7:07 AM FWP psi BPP 1200 psi

Remarks

John Dortch
Fld. Supervisor





D&S PETROLEUM CONSULTANTS LTD.

TUBULAR TALLY

73F4

Page 1 of 1

WELL: COLUMBIA ET AL KOTANEELEE YT H38 DATE: April 22 1977  
 Size: 20" Weight: 94# # Ft. \_\_\_\_\_ Thread Buttress Grade: H-40 Make: Mannesman

Joint Number	LENGTH		Joint Number	LENGTH		Joint Number	LENGTH		Joint Number	LENGTH	
S&F	45	21	21			41			61		
2	41	74	22			42			62		
3	35	15	23			43			63		
4	42	97	24			44			64		
5	39	31	25			45			65		
6	40	63	26			46			66		
7	40	96	27			47			67		
8	40	00	28			48			68		
9	41	16	29			49			69		
10	38	52	30			50			70		
TOTAL	405	65	TOTAL			TOTAL			TOTAL		
Joint Number	LENGTH		Joint Number	LENGTH		Joint Number	LENGTH		Joint Number	LENGTH	
11	39	65	31			51			71		
12	41	86	32			52			72		
13	39	82	33			53			73		
14	42	55	34			54			74		
15	41	08	35			55			75		
16	42	95	36			56			76		
17	37	98	37			57			77		
18	39	71	38			58			78		
19	41	74	39			59			79		
20			40			60			80		
TOTAL	367	34	TOTAL			TOTAL			TOTAL		

TALLY SUMMARY

GROUP NO.	LENGTH		JTS	LENGTH		
1-10	405	65	19	767	99	BROUGHT FORWARD
11-20	367	34	Shoe & Float	5	00	PAGE TOTAL
21-30						TOTAL ON LOCATION
31-40						TOTAL LEFT OUT (incl. L.J.)
41-50				772	99	TOTAL PERMANENTLY IN HOLE
51-60						
61-70						
71-80						
81-90						
91-100						
TOTAL	772	99				

\* Left out  
 \*\* Damaged

REMARKS (Note transfer of left out joints to where and by whom.)  
 (Use separate page for each weight, grade or thread.) \_\_\_\_\_

\* 6 joints total 240.47

Racked on location

Tallied by J. Dortch



D&S PETROLEUM CONSULTANTS LTD.

CASING SUMMARY

73F2

Casing Size 13 3/8" Casing Type Intermediate
Well COLUMBIA ET AL KOTANEELEE YT H38 Date June 19/77

Table with 10 columns: CSG WT, GR, RGE, THD, T&C, MAKE, JTS RUN, DEPTH LANDED, FT. RUN IN WELL. Rows include Shoe, Shoe JT., Float Collar, and multiple Casing entries.

Landing Jt (when used) Length.....
Overall Length of Casing String..... 3022.54
Feet up from K.B. (subtract)..... 2.54
Setting Depth: Driller Tally 3020.00

Centralizers sets straps
Scratchers yes
Weld/Thread Lock ( Joints) 3 welded and thread locked
Cementing C Nowsco Cementer: Bill Miller
Cement Volume 2500 cu. ft.
Additives
Displacement Calculated 53 bbls Measured 53 bbls
Top Plug rubber Bottom Plug rubber Other
Circ. Time Before Cement 2 hrs. Bbls. Wash 20 Bbls
Start Mix 5:53 AM min: Displace 70 min:
Plug Down 9:15 AM FWP psi BPP 1500 psi

Remarks

John Dortch
Fld. Supervisor



D&S PETROLEUM CONSULTANTS LTD.

TUBULAR TALLY

73F 4

WELL: COLUMBIA ET AL KOTANEELEE YT H38 DATE: June 19 19 77  
 Size: 13 3/8 Weight: 72# #/ft. \_\_\_\_\_ Thread: Buttrs Grade: N-80 Make: USS Oilwell

Joint Number	LENGTH	Joint Number	LENGTH	Joint Number	LENGTH	Joint Number	LENGTH	Joint Number	LENGTH
1	40 05	21	40 10	41	39 58	61	39 44	81	
2	40 09	22	39 68	42	40 03	62	39 25	82	
3	39 54	23	39 35	43	39 98	63	38 98	83	
4	39 48	24	40 15	44	39 60	64	39 54	84	
5	38 05	25	36 53	45	40 15	65	38 88	85	
6	38 45	26	40 70	46	41 26	66	39 55	86	
7	39 48	27	40 25	47	40 66	67	40 90	87	
8	40 50	28	37 52	48	39 58	68	40 26	88	
9	40 35	29	39 84	49	39 48	69	37 94	89	
10	40 10	30	40 15	50	40 78	70	41 14	90	
TOTAL	396 09	TOTAL	394 27	TOTAL	401 10	TOTAL	395 88	TOTAL	
11	39 55	31	40 68	51	39 85	71	39 82	91	
12	40 35	32	38 53	52	39 75	72	40 23	92	
13	40 00	33	40 30	53	40 00	73	39 65	93	
14	40 43	34	40 65	54	39 22	74	40 22	94	
15	39 05	35	39 50	55	41 18	75	40 67	95	
16	40 41	36	39 03	56	39 94	76	41 12	96	
17	39 44	37	40 15	57	39 70	77		97	
18	35 98	38	39 96	58	39 52	78		98	
19	39 48	39	37 50	59	39 76	79		99	
20	40 46	40	40 85	60	39 77	80		100	
TOTAL	395 15	TOTAL	397 15	TOTAL	397 69	TOTAL	241 71	TOTAL	

TALLY SUMMARY

GROUP NO.	LENGTH	JTS	LENGTH	
1-10	396 09	76	3019 04	BROUGHT FORWARD
11-20	395 15	shoe	1 55	PAGE TOTAL
21-30	394 27	float	1 95	TOTAL ON LOCATION
31-40	397 15			TOTAL LEFT OUT (incl. L.J.)
41-50	401 10		3022 54	TOTAL PERMANENTLY IN HOLE
51-60	397 69			
61-70	395 88			
71-80	241 71			
81-90				
91-100				
TOTAL				

\* Left out  
 \*\* Damaged

REMARKS: (Note transfer of left out joints to where and by whom.)  
 (Use separate page for each weight, grade or thread.)

Tallied by J. Dortch





D&S PETROLEUM CONSULTANTS LTD.

CASING SUMMARY

73F2

Casing Size 9 5/8 Casing Type Intermediate
Well COLUMBIA ET AL KOTANEELEE YT H38 Date Sept 15/77

Table with 10 columns: CSG WT, GR, RGE, THD, T&C, MAKE, JTS RUN, DEPTH LANDED, FT. RUN IN WELL. Rows include Shoe, Shoe JT., Float Collar, and multiple Casing entries.

Landing Jt (when used) Length
Overall Length of Casing String
Feet up from K.B. (subtract)
Setting Depth: Driller Tally 10,862

Centralizers Shoe jt. collar jt, stage collar jt, all weld on

Scratchers --

Weld/Thread Lock (No. Joints) 2

Cementing Co. Nowsco Cementer:

Cement Volume 1st stage, 600 ft^3, 2nd stage 1400 ft^3

Additives 1st stage - OW NT + .8% R-55 + .5% T-10, 2nd stage OW NT+.35% R-5+.5% T-10

Displacement Calculated 1st 798 Bbls, 2nd 648bbls Measured bbls

Top Plug rubber Bottom Plug rubber Other

Circ. Time Before Cement Bbls. Wash 40 Bbls water

\*Start Mix 6:19 AM min: Displace min:

\*Plug Down 5:43 AM FWP psi BPP psi

Remarks \* Start mix first stage, \*\* Bump plug on second stage

John Dortch
Fld. Supervisor



D&S PETROLEUM CONSULTANTS LTD.

TUBULAR TALLY

73F4

Page 1 of 4

WELL: COLUMBIA ET AL KOTANEELEE YT H38 DATE: Sept 8 19 77  
 Size: 9 5/8 Weight: 47# #Ft. \_\_\_\_\_ Thread: N80 8 RD Grade: N80 Make: Mannesman

Joint Number	LENGTH	Joint Number	LENGTH	Joint Number	LENGTH	Joint Number	LENGTH	Joint Number	LENGTH
1	40 83	21	39 16	41	37 20	61	39 35	81	35 71
2	40 47	22	41 92	42	38 03	62	41 12	82	35 16
3	38 81	23	38 54	43	44 44	63	39 49	83	40 52
4	34 35	24	43 17	44	40 33	64	40 76	84	44 41
5	40 68	25	36 44	45	43 92	65	37 98	85	43 46
6	39 92	26	39 04	46	41 57	66	39 08	86	36 97
7	36 91	27	40 20	47	40 14	67	41 30	87	41 25
8	40 77	28	39 27	48	39 74	68	41 05	88	41 02
9	38 13	29	33 79	49	37 30	69	40 15	89	47 47
10	40 78	30	41 00	50	44 40	70	38 49	90	37 28
TOTAL	391 65	TOTAL	392 53	TOTAL	407 07	TOTAL	398 77	TOTAL	403 25
Joint Number	LENGTH	Joint Number	LENGTH	Joint Number	LENGTH	Joint Number	LENGTH	Joint Number	LENGTH
11	39 76	31	40 02	51	40 10	71	39 51	91	45 92
12	38 30	32	40 65	52	41 75	72	41 03	92	41 00
13	37 89	33	39 48	53	40 09	73	41 15	93	40 30
14	38 90	34	39 45	54	40 27	74	38 01	94	36 55
15	45 69	35	44 57	55	36 21	75	36 45	95	42 70
16	39 10	36	41 08	56	38 31	76	39 83	96	41 97
17	43 68	37	41 04	57	39 14	77	40 00	97	42 32
18	35 81	38	37 23	58	36 97	78	43 13	98	40 15
19	38 91	39	34 52	59	39 52	79	47 36	99	38 43
20	37 58	40	41 03	60	40 96	80	41 10	100	39 43
TOTAL	395 62	TOTAL	399 07	TOTAL	393 32	TOTAL	407 57	TOTAL	408 77

TALLY SUMMARY

GROUP NO.	LENGTH	JTS	LENGTH
1-10	391 65		
11-20	395 62	100	3997 62
21-30	392 53		
31-40	399 07		
41-50	407 07		
51-60	393 32		
61-70	398 77		
71-80	407 57		
81-90	403 25		
91-100	408 77		
TOTAL	3997 62		

BROUGHT FORWARD  
 PAGE TOTAL  
 TOTAL ON LOCATION  
 TOTAL LEFT OUT (incl. L.J.)  
 TOTAL PERMANENTLY IN HOLE

\* Left out  
 \*\* Damaged

(Note transfer of left out joints to where and by whom.)  
 REMARKS: (Use separate page for each weight, grade or thread.)

Threads on - 3997.62

Thread make up - 39.58

Thread off - 3958.04

Tallied by John Dortch



D&S PETROLEUM CONSULTANTS LTD.

TUBULAR TALLY

73F4

WELL: COLUMBIA ET AL. KOTANEELEE YT H38 DATE: Sept 6 19 77  
 Size: 9 5/8 Weight: 47# # Ft. \_\_\_\_\_ Thread: 8 RD Grade: N 80 Make: Mannesman

Joint Number	LENGTH	Joint Number	LENGTH	Joint Number	LENGTH	Joint Number	LENGTH	Joint Number	LENGTH
1	37 80	21	40 05	41	39 18	61		81	
2	39 56	22	41 62	42	39 76	62		82	
3	40 59	23	40 62	43	41 23	63		83	
4	41 24	24	40 40	44	41 75	64		84	
5	40 65	25	37 35	45	36 55	65		85	
6	41 38	26	39 44	46	41 21	66		86	
7	36 40	27	37 05	47	39 98	67		87	
8	39 70	28	41 21	48	38 40	68		88	
9	40 95	29	40 90	49	43 86	69		89	
10	36 30	30	40 40	50	41 70	70		90	
TOTAL	394 57	TOTAL	399 04	TOTAL	403 73	TOTAL		TOTAL	
Joint Number	LENGTH	Joint Number	LENGTH	Joint Number	LENGTH	Joint Number	LENGTH	Joint Number	LENGTH
11	39 13	31	38 14	51	41 25	71		91	
12	42 30	32	37 26	52		72		92	
13	37 57	33	40 91	53		73		93	
14	37 98	34	42 11	54		74		94	
15	39 30	35	37 43	55		75		95	
16	41 42	36	40 02	56		76		96	
17	40 38	37	46 58	57		77		97	
18	37 31	38	42 01	58		78		98	
19	36 82	39	36 71	59		79		99	
20	39 13	40	43 21	60		80		100	
TOTAL	391 34	TOTAL	404 38	TOTAL	41 25	TOTAL		TOTAL	

TALLY SUMMARY

GROUP NO.	LENGTH	JTS	LENGTH	
1-10	394 57	100	3997 62	BROUGHT FORWARD
11-20	391 34	51	2034 31	PAGE TOTAL
21-30	399 04			TOTAL ON LOCATION
31-40	404 38			TOTAL LEFT OUT (incl. L.O.)
41-50	403 73			TOTAL PERMANENTLY IN HOLE
51-60	41 25			
61-70				
71-80				
81-90				
91-100				
TOTAL	2034 31			

\* Left out  
 \*\* Damaged

REMARKS: Note transfer of left out joints to where and by whom.  
 (Use separate page for each weight, grade or thread.)  
Threads on - 2034.31  
Threads make up - 20.19  
Threads off - 2014.11

Tallied by John Dortch





D&S PETROLEUM CONSULTANTS LTD.

TUBULAR TALLY

73F 4

Page 3 of 4

WELL: COLUMBIA ET AL KOTANEELEE YT H38 DATE: Sept 8 19 77  
 Size: 9 5/8 Weight: 43.5 #.ft. \_\_\_\_\_ Thread: Buttress Grade: N 80 Make: Mannesman

Joint Number	LENGTH	Joint Number	LENGTH	Joint Number	LENGTH	Joint Number	LENGTH	Joint Number	LENGTH
1	40 16	21	38 22	41	43 70	61	44 05	81	45 08
2	39 91	22	45 00	42	43 51	62	39 88	82	41 74
3	41 40	23	45 78	43	42 60	63	42 85	83	41 94
4	37 86	24	44 11	44	41 17	64	44 35	84	44 20
5	41 25	25	47 37	45	43 15	65	41 30	85	43 92
6	45 11	26	43 91	46	45 00	66	42 22	86	44 33
7	42 65	27	43 80	47	41 39	67	38 30	87	42 85
8	46 93	28	37 56	48	42 10	68	34 55	88	46 70
9	41 50	29	42 56	49	41 80	69	44 09	89	44 56
10	40 86	30	43 59	50	40 71	70	43 29	90	43 25
TOTAL	417 63	TOTAL	431 90	TOTAL	425 13	TOTAL	414 88	TOTAL	438 57

Joint Number	LENGTH	Joint Number	LENGTH	Joint Number	LENGTH	Joint Number	LENGTH	Joint Number	LENGTH
11	44 55	31	41 69	51	43 92	71	39 20	91	42 55
12	40 10	32	40 57	52	44 59	72	44 20	92	42 75
13	44 97	33	44 35	53	43 72	73	40 53	93	41 05
14	43 56	34	39 30	54	47 43	74	44 54	94	44 54
15	39 62	35	42 15	55	44 78	75	37 60	95	45 78
16	44 11	36	43 68	56	40 94	76	43 80	96	42 12
17	44 66	37	42 44	57	43 40	77	41 86	97	44 70
18	41 25	38	44 68	58	43 72	78	44 88	98	44 01
19	43 25	39	43 40	59	44 15	79	36 43	99	43 84
20	43 82	40	43 45	60	46 58	80	42 94	100	40 50
TOTAL	429 89	TOTAL	425 71	TOTAL	443 23	TOTAL	415 98	TOTAL	431 84

TALLY SUMMARY

GROUP NO.	LENGTH	JTS	LENGTH
1-10	417 63	151	6031 93
11-20	429 89	100	4274 76
21-30	431 90		
31-40	425 71		
41-50	425 13		
51-60	443 23		
61-70	414 88		
71-80	415 98		
81-90	438 57		
91-100	431 84		
TOTAL	4274 76		

BROUGHT FORWARD \* Left out  
 PAGE TOTAL \*\* Damaged  
 TOTAL ON LOCATION  
 TOTAL LEFT OUT (incl. L.J.)  
 TOTAL PERMANENTLY IN HOLE

REMARKS: Note transfer of left out joints to where and by whom. Use separate page for each weight, grade or thread.

Thread on - 4274.76

Thread make up - 40.10

Threads off - 4234.66

Talled by John Dortch



D&S PETROLEUM CONSULTANTS LTD.

TUBULAR TALLY

73F4

Page 4 of 4

WELL: COLUMBIA ET AL KOTANEELEE YT H38 DATE: Sept 8 19 77  
 Size: 9 5/8 Weight: 43.5 #/Ft. \_\_\_\_\_ Thread: Buttress Grade: N 80 Make: Mannesman

Joint Number	LENGTH	Joint Number	LENGTH	Joint Number	LENGTH	Joint Number	LENGTH	Joint Number	LENGTH
1	44 35	21		41		61		81	
2	42 20	22		42		62		82	
3	45 33	23		43		63		83	
4	41 15	24		44		64		84	
5	45 30	25		45		65		85	
6	41 60	26		46		66		86	
7	44 60	27		47		67		87	
8	42 90	28		48		68		88	
9	43 67	29		49		69		89	
10	45 00	30		50		70		90	
TOTAL	436 10	TOTAL		TOTAL		TOTAL		TOTAL	
Joint Number	LENGTH	Joint Number	LENGTH	Joint Number	LENGTH	Joint Number	LENGTH	Joint Number	LENGTH
11	42 80	31		51		71		91	
12	44 48	32		52		72		92	
13	42 26	33		53		73		93	
14	45 70	34		54		74		94	
15	41 29	35		55		75		95	
16	42 00	36		56		76		96	
17	44 55	37		57		77		97	
18	42 40	38		58		78		98	
19		39		59		79		99	
20		40		60		80		100	
TOTAL	345 48	TOTAL		TOTAL		TOTAL		TOTAL	

TALLY SUMMARY

GROUP NO.	LENGTH	JTS	LENGTH	
1-10	436 10	251	1030669	BROUGHT FORWARD
11-20	345 48	18	78158	PAGE TOTAL
21-30				TOTAL ON LOCATION
31-40				TOTAL LEFT OUT (incl. L.J.)
41-50		269	1108827	TOTAL PERMANENTLY IN HOLE
51-60				
61-70				
71-80				
81-90				
91-100				
TOTAL	781 58			

\* Left out  
 \*\* Damaged

REMARKS: (Note transfer of left out joints to where and by whom.) (Use separate page for each weight, grade or thread.)

Threads on - 781.58  
Thread make up - 7.22  
Threads off - 774.36

Tallied by John Dortch



D&S PETROLEUM CONSULTANTS LTD.

CASING SUMMARY

73F 2

Casing Size 7" 32#/ft LT&C N-80  
 Casing Type 29#/ft Butt, N-80  
 Well COLUMBIA ET AL KOTANEELEE YT H38 Date October 15, 1977

	CSG WT	GR	RGE	THD	T&C	MAKE	JTS RUN	DEPTH LANDED	FT. RUN IN WELL
Shoe	MAKE: Baker		TYPE: FFloat					12789	1.50
Shoe JT.	32	N-80		BRD			1		36.30
Float Collar	MAKE: Baker		TYPE: Float					12752	1.50
Casing	32	N-80		BRD					8859.26
Casing	29	N-80		Butt					3897.00
Casing									
Casing									
Casing									

Landing Jt (when used) Length.....	
Overall Length of Casing String.....	12795.56
Feet up from K.B. (subtract).....	6.56
Setting Depth: Driller _____ Tally	12789.00

Centralizers none

Scratchers none

Weld/ Thread Lock (No. Joints) none

Cementing Co. NowSCO Cementer: Don Chris

Cement Volume 500 sacks Oilwell Class "G"

Additives 30% Silica Flour, 1% R-55, .5% T-10

Displacement Calculated 465 (water) bbls Measured 465 bbls

Top Plug calc. 12749, actual 12681 Bottom Plug \_\_\_\_\_ Other \_\_\_\_\_

Circ. Time Before Cement 4 hours ~~60X~~ Wash 5 Bbls water

Start Mix 1:45 ~~AM~~ min: Displace \_\_\_\_\_ min:

Plug Down 3:50 ~~AM~~ FWP 300 psi BPP 3000 psi

(Oct 19/77)

Remarks \_\_\_\_\_

Ralph Lane

F Id. Supervisor





D&S PETROLEUM CONSULTANTS LTD.

TUBULAR TALLY

73F 4

WELL: COLUMBIA ET AL. KOTANEELEE VT H38 DATE: Oct 15 19 77

Size: 7" Weight: 32 #ft. \_\_\_\_\_ Thread: LT&C Grade: N-80 Make: \_\_\_\_\_

Joint Number	LENGTH	Joint Number	LENGTH	Joint Number	LENGTH	Joint Number	LENGTH	Joint Number	LENGTH
1	43 54	21	40 68	41	41 01	61	39 47	81	41 05
2	40 58	22	43 48	42	38 88	62	41 56	82	40 80
3	43 68	23	39 98	43	39 80	63	40 57	83	38 91
4	42 89	24	38 66	44	36 41	64	42 25	84	44 00
5	44 61	25	40 18	45	39 54	65	42 18	85	39 90
6	40 40	26	41 77	46	31 78	66	39 85	86	41 44
7	35 03	27	44 17	47	37 89	67	43 05	87	39 79
8	42 94	28	40 55	48	40 86	68	33 51	88	43 58
9	** 38 71	29	40 50	49	40 55	69	41 30	89	41 12
10	39 28	30	37 15	50	42 05	70	38 22	90	41 67
TOTAL	411 66	TOTAL	407 12	TOTAL	388 77	TOTAL	401 96	TOTAL	412 26
Joint Number	LENGTH	Joint Number	LENGTH	Joint Number	LENGTH	Joint Number	LENGTH	Joint Number	LENGTH
11	38 91	31	40 54	51	40 62	71	42 98	91	41 68
12	40 32	32	42 68	52	39 40	72	40 85	92	42 30
13	38 29	33	40 17	53	40 20	73	43 11	93	40 89
14	40 75	34	41 18	54	39 85	74	43 91	94	39 53
15	36 20	35	39 75	55	40 84	75	41 75	95	41 10
16	38 97	36	39 19	56	43 04	76	41 17	96	41 75
17	40 20	37	40 95	57	41 00	77	40 03	97	34 89
18	42 12	38	40 18	58	43 48	78	41 13	98	42 10
19	41 08	39	37 36	59	40 13	79	40 16	99	40 09
20	37 66	40	38 71	60	41 29	80	42 60	100	39 13
TOTAL	394 50	TOTAL	400 71	TOTAL	409 85	TOTAL	407 69	TOTAL	403 46

TALLY SUMMARY

GROUP NO.	LENGTH	JTS	LENGTH
1-10	411 66		
11-20	394 50	100	4014 98
21-30	407 12		
31-40	400 71		
41-50	388 77		
51-60	409 85		
61-70	401 96		
71-80	417 69		
81-90	412 26		
91-100	403 46		
TOTAL	4047 98		

BROUGHT FORWARD  
PAGE TOTAL  
TOTAL ON LOCATION  
TOTAL LEFT OUT (incl. L.J.)  
TOTAL PERMANENTLY IN HOLE

\* Left out  
\*\* Damaged

(Note transfer of left out joints to where and by whom.)  
REMARKS (Use separate page for each weight, grade or thread.)

NOTE: pipe measured with threads on, deduct .33ft/jt  
or 33 feet.  
Total this page, 4014.98

Tallied by J. Dortch



D&S PETROLEUM CONSULTANTS LTD.

TUBULAR TALLY

73F4

Page 2 of 5

WELL: COLUMBIA ET AL KOTANEELEE YT H38 DATE: Oct 15 19 77

Size: 7" Weight: 32 # Ft. \_\_\_\_\_ Thread: LT&C Grade: N-80 Make: \_\_\_\_\_

Joint Number	LENGTH	Joint Number	LENGTH	Joint Number	LENGTH	Joint Number	LENGTH	Joint Number	LENGTH
1	40 39	21	** 42 94	41	39 20	61	39 10	81	42 50
2	38 90	22	43 78	42	** 36 69	62	41 51	82	39 22
3	** 39 44	23	38 98	43	38 71	63	40 40	83	41 55
4	38 40	24	42 35	44	38 89	64	39 78	84	** 42 02
5	35 83	25	41 43	45	37 30	65	41 57	85	41 02
6	39 24	26	41 14	46	40 40	66	37 19	86	39 00
7	36 40	27	41 40	47	42 78	67	32 23	87	43 00
8	37 33	28	37 93	48	38 19	68	41 30	88	38 26
9	39 15	29	42 23	49	36 31	69	41 47	89	38 01
10	39 35	30	43 60	50	39 00	70	39 82	90	30 13
TOTAL	384 43	TOTAL	415 78	TOTAL	387 47	TOTAL	394 37	TOTAL	394 71
Joint Number	LENGTH	Joint Number	LENGTH	Joint Number	LENGTH	Joint Number	LENGTH	Joint Number	LENGTH
11	40 85	31	37 53	51	35 20	71	37 92	91	41 94
12	35 20	32	35 68	52	25 29	72	39 90	92	36 60
13	38 84	33	39 96	53	36 30	73	41 74	93	27 98
14	39 69	34	42 71	54	41 13	74	42 05	94	42 80
15	38 18	35	43 45	55	** 40 58	75	43 31	95	42 15
16	43 25	36	38 20	56	42 00	76	36 55	96	** 43 45
17	42 61	37	40 35	57	36 57	77	27 36	97	** 41 60
18	41 22	38	43 10	58	40 98	78	42 80	98	** 37 58
19	36 42	39	38 15	59	43 02	79	40 79	99	** 28 58
20	41 93	40	43 20	60	43 02	80	37 92	200	42 14
TOTAL	398 19	TOTAL	402 33	TOTAL	384 09	TOTAL	390 34	TOTAL	384 82

TALLY SUMMARY

GROUP NO.	LENGTH	JTS	LENGTH
1-10	384 43	100	4014 98
11-20	398 19	100	3903 53
21-30	415 78		
31-40	402 33		
41-50	387 47		
51-60	384 09		
61-70	394 37		
71-80	390 34		
81-90	394 71		
91-100	384 82		
TOTAL	3936 53		

BROUGHT FORWARD  
PAGE TOTAL  
TOTAL ON LOCATION  
TOTAL LEFT OUT (incl. L.J.)  
TOTAL PERMANENTLY IN HOLE

\* Left out  
\*\* Damaged

REMARKS (Note transfer of left out joints to where and by whom.)  
(Use separate page for each weight, grade or thread.)

NOTE: pipe measured with threads on, deduct .33ft/jt or 33 feet.

Total this page - 3903.53 feet

Tallied by \_\_\_\_\_



D&S PETROLEUM CONSULTANTS LTD.

TUBULAR TALLY

73F 4

WELL: COLUMBIA ET AL KOTANEELEE YT H38 DATE: Oct 15 1977

Size: 7" Weight: 32 # Ft. \_\_\_\_\_ Thread: LT&C Grade: N-80 Make: \_\_\_\_\_

Joint Number	LENGTH	Joint Number	LENGTH	Joint Number	LENGTH	Joint Number	LENGTH	Joint Number	LENGTH
201	38 46	21	32 60	41		61		81	
2	40 80	22	40 90	42		62		82	
3	37 85	23	30 58	43		63		83	
4	40 22	24	42 15	44		64		84	
5	40 15	25	31 00	45		65		85	
6	39 37	26	41 11	46		66		86	
7	41 20	27	37 40	47		67		87	
8	41 00	28	42 20	48		68		88	
9	** 37 81	29	39 08	49		69		89	
10	42 64	30	41 10	50		70		90	
TOTAL	399 50	TOTAL	378 42	TOTAL		TOTAL		TOTAL	
Joint Number	LENGTH	Joint Number	LENGTH	Joint Number	LENGTH	Joint Number	LENGTH	Joint Number	LENGTH
11	40 31	31	40 00	51		71	Joints on	91	leave not included
12	40 13	32	39 06	52		72	in tally	92	
13	36 00	33	33 82	53		73	42 20	93	
14	41 10	34	35 89	54		74	39 95	94	
15	40 25	35	41 49	55		75	42 92	95	
16	42 24	36	40 92	56		76	42 35	96	
17	43 97	37		57		77	39 44	97	
18	39 92	38		58		78		98	
19	40 57	39		59		79		99	
20	41 25	40		60		80		100	
TOTAL	405 74	TOTAL	231 18	TOTAL		TOTAL		TOTAL	

TALLY SUMMARY

GROUP NO.	LENGTH	JTS	LENGTH	
1-10	399 50	200	7918.51	BROUGHT FORWARD
11-20	405 74	36	1402.84	PAGE TOTAL
21-30	378 42			TOTAL ON LOCATION
31-40	231 18			TOTAL LEFT OUT (incl. L.O.)
41-50				TOTAL PERMANENTLY IN HOLE
51-60				
61-70				
71-80				
81-90				
91-100				
TOTAL	1414 84			

\* Left out  
\*\* Damaged

REMARKS (Note transfer of left out joints to where and by whom. Use separate page for each weight, grade or thread.)

NOTE: Pipe measured with threads on. Deduct .33 ft/jt or 12 feet. Total this page 1402.84

Tallied by J. Dortch





D&S PETROLEUM CONSULTANTS LTD.

TUBULAR TALLY

73F4

WELL: COLUMBIA ET AL KOTANEELEE YT H38 DATE: Oct 15 1977

Size: 7" Weight: 29 # Ft. Thread: Butt Grade: N-80 Make:

Joint Number	LENGTH	Joint Number	LENGTH	Joint Number	LENGTH	Joint Number	LENGTH	Joint Number	LENGTH
1	41 92	21	42 55	41	40 25	61	44 49	81	* 44 77
2	42 61	22	42 01	42	40 74	62	41 79	82	* 41 68
3	33 21	23	36 95	43	39 50	63	42 63	83	* 41 12
4	40 30	24	41 28	44	41 93	64	40 18	84	* 40 47
5	41 18	25	40 21	45	40 97	65	42 05	85	* 39 32
6	35 38	26	42 02	46	41 28	66	41 07	86	* 41 38
7	35 10	27	39 04	47	38 18	67	32 56	87	* 42 68
8	41 51	28	42 88	48	40 84	68	42 71	88	* 41 41
9	37 58	29	42 70	49	43 08	69	* 41 50	89	* 37 05
10	40 35	30	39 26	50	41 32	70	29 78	90	* 39 85
TOTAL	389 14	TOTAL	408 90	TOTAL	408 09	TOTAL	408 76	TOTAL	409 73
Joint Number	LENGTH	Joint Number	LENGTH	Joint Number	LENGTH	Joint Number	LENGTH	Joint Number	LENGTH
11	43 50	31	41 84	51	41 66	71	31 08	91	44 85
12	39 00	32	45 25	52	34 55	72	45 30	92	29 91
13	39 95	33	45 26	53	43 22	73	43 07	93	42 06
14	38 78	34	41 26	54	41 08	74	33 41	94	44 88
15	40 95	35	45 35	55	45 02	75	33 64	95	40 09
16	39 85	36	44 12	56	42 20	76	* 39 69	96	41 22
17	42 54	37	42 80	57	41 00	77	* 37 07	97	41 23
18	41 22	38	34 10	58	38 45	78	* 37 03	98	31 78
19	40 38	39	44 35	59	40 78	79	* 33 82	99	42 39
20	41 57	40	42 02	60	42 36	80	* 40 63	100	41 74
TOTAL	407 74	TOTAL	426 35	TOTAL	410 32	TOTAL	374 74	TOTAL	400 15

TALLY SUMMARY

GROUP NO.	LENGTH	JTS	LENGTH	
1-10	389 14	300	9321 35	BROUGHT FORWARD
11-20	407 74	100	4008 51	PAGE TOTAL
21-30	408 90			TOTAL ON LOCATION
31-40	426 35			TOTAL LEFT OUT (incl. L.J.)
41-50	408 09		13329 86	TOTAL PERMANENTLY IN HOLE
51-60	410 32			
61-70	408 76			
71-80	374 74			
81-90	409 73			
91-100	400 15			
TOTAL	4043 92			

\* Left out  
\*\* Damaged

REMARKS (Note transfer of left out joints to where and by whom.)  
(Use separate page for each weight, grade or thread.)

NOTE: Pipe measured with threads on. Deduct 4.25"/jt or 35.41'. Total threads off 4008.51'

Tallied by \_\_\_\_\_



D&S PETROLEUM CONSULTANTS LTD.

TUBULAR TALLY

73F 4

WELL: COLUMBIA ET AL KOTANEELEE YT H38 DATE: Oct 15 1977

Size: 7" Weight: 29 #/ft. Thread: Butt Grade: N-80 Make: \_\_\_\_\_

Joint Number	LENGTH	Joint Number	LENGTH	Joint Number	LENGTH	Joint Number	LENGTH	Joint Number	LENGTH
1	40 94	21		41		61		81	
2	42 48	22		42		62		82	
3	36 45	23		43		63		83	
4	34 27	24		44		64		84	
5	41 21	25		45		65		85	
6	36 94	26		46		66		86	
7	39 20	27		47		67		87	
8	** 35 48	28		48		68		88	
9	** 27 03	29		49		69		89	
10	40 67	30		50		70		90	
TOTAL	374 67	TOTAL		TOTAL		TOTAL		TOTAL	
Joint Number	LENGTH	Joint Number	LENGTH	Joint Number	LENGTH	Joint Number	LENGTH	Joint Number	LENGTH
11	37 53	31		51		71		91	
12	37 32	32		52		72		92	
13	30 81	33		53		73		93	
14	33 20	34		54		74		94	
15	31 18	35		55		75		95	
16	46 24	36		56		76		96	
17		37		57		77		97	
18		38		58		78		98	
19		39		59		79		99	
20		40		60		80		100	
TOTAL	216 28	TOTAL		TOTAL		TOTAL		TOTAL	

TALLY SUMMARY

GROUP NO.	LENGTH	JTS	LENGTH
1-10	374 67	400	13329 86
11-20	216 28	16	585 29
21-30			
31-40			1131 38
41-50			12783 77
51-60			
61-70			
71-80			
81-90			
91-100			
TOTAL	590 95		

BROUGHT FORWARD

PAGE TOTAL

TOTAL ON LOCATION

TOTAL LEFT OUT (incl. L.O.)

TOTAL PERMANENTLY IN HOLE

\* Left out

\*\* Damaged

REMARKS (Note transfer of left out joints to where and by whom. Use separate page for each weight, grade or thread.)

NOTE: Pipe measured with threads on. Deduct 4.25"/jt or 5.66 feet. Total threads off 585.29

Tallyed by J. Dortch





D&S PETROLEUM CONSULTANTS LTD

BIT RECORD

WELL NAME: COLUMBIA ET AL. KOPANNELEE, VT. H18  
OPERATOR:  
CONTRACT NO:

DATE: \_\_\_\_\_ MO./DAY/YEAR  
SPUDDED: April 6, 1977 A.M./P.M.  
SET SURFACE: (20") April 23, 1977 - 771' X.M./P.M.  
UNDER SURFACE: 13 3/8" June 21/77 - 3023' X.M./P.M.  
UNDER INTER: 9 5/8" Sept 15/77 10850' X.M./P.M.  
COMPLETION: 7" Oct 19/77 12789' A.M./P.M.  
RELEASE: October 21, 1977 X.M./P.M.

DRILL PIPE SIZE \_\_\_\_\_ O.D. ID  
DRILL COLLARS SIZE \_\_\_\_\_  
TOOL JOINTS SIZE 5  
PUMP No. 1 \_\_\_\_\_  
PUMP No. 2 \_\_\_\_\_

TYPE

NO	SIZE	MAKE	TYPE	JET SIZE	SERIAL NO.	DEPTH OUT	FEET	HOURS	ACCUM. HOURS	BIT CONDITION	NO OF D.C.	WT. 1000 LBS.	RPM	PUMP PRESS.	NO. 1		NO. 2		MUD				
															SPM	LINER	SPM	LINER	WT	VIS			
1	17 1/2	HM	OSCI	2-16, 1-13	BA195	369	369	25	25.00	4	2	1	15	5/10	80/130	1100	62	63			8.8	38	
2	17 1/2	HM	OSCI	2-16, 1-13	BH 646	502	133	16 1/2	41.50	3	5	1	"	5/10	80/130	"	"	"	"	"	"	8.8	35
3	12 1/4	HM	XIG	3-15	8337	892	390	45 3/4	87.25	4	2	1	"	5	70	"	"	"	"	"	"	8.9	32
4	12 1/4	HM	XIG	3-15	6601	970	78	7	94.25	"	"	"	"	10	40	"	"	"	"	"	"	8.9	32
5	17 1/2	HM	OSCI	3-17	705434	1005	35	11 3/4	106.00	4	3	3	"	70	300	"	"	"	"	"	"	9.0	45
6	12 1/4	HM	XIG	3-14	8340	1140	135	10 1/4	116.25	4	2	1	"	25	50	1400	"	"	"	"	"	9.0	45
7	12 1/4	SEC	M41	3-14	205908	1193	53	15 1/4	131.50	8	2	1	"	10/20	65	1700	60	"	"	"	"	9.0	35
8	12 1/4	SEC	M41	3-14	705853	1239	46	15 1/4	146.75	8	2	1	14	10	60	1000	"	"	"	"	"	9.6	35
9	12 1/4	SMTH	4JS	3-14	PH 107	1363	124	24 1/4	171.00	8	1	1	"	20	44	1400	"	"	"	"	"	9.6	38
10	12 1/4	SMTH	3JS	3-14	774HP	1498	135	45	216.00	5	2	1	"	20/32	45	1300	"	"	"	"	"	9.7	40
11	12 1/4	SMTH	F-5	3-14	351HR	1780	282	67 1/4	283.25	5	2	1	"	25	40	"	"	"	"	"	"	10.1	40
12	12 1/4	SMTH	F-5	3-14	285JC	1987	207	64 3/4	348.00	5	2	1	"	35	44	"	"	"	"	"	"	10.1	40
13	12 1/4	SMTH	F-6	3-13	102SP	2268	281	92 1/2	417.50	8	4	1	"	35	45	1800	"	"	"	"	"	10.2	41
14	12 1/4	SMTH	F-6	3-13	637BY	2390	122	37 1/4	482.25	5	2	0	"	28	44	"	"	"	"	"	"	10.2	40
15	12 1/4	SMTH	F-7	3-13	181EX	2558	168	42	524.25	4	2	0	"	30	45	"	"	"	"	"	"	10.1	45
16	12 1/4	SMTH	F-7	3-13	993EK	2823	265	86 1/4	597.50	8	4	0	"	30	45	"	"	"	"	"	"	10.1	45
17	12 1/4	SEC	H-88	3-13	680528	3023	198	63 1/4	660.75	8	3	0	"	35	45	"	"	"	"	"	"	10.3	40
18	2 1/4	SEC	M-88	2-14, 1-13	195595	3076	53	17 3/4	678.50	8	2	0	"	35	45	1600	"	"	"	"	"	9.7	38



RUNS TO OPEN HOLE FROM 12 1/4" to 17 1/2"

### BIT RECORD

WELL NAME: COLUMBIA ET AL KOTANEELEE YT H38

OPERATOR:

CONTRACTOR:

PETROLEUM CONSULTANTS LTD.

MO./DAY/YEAR				OD	ID	TYPE
DATE	TIME	DEPTH	TIME	DRILL PIPE	SIZE	
April 6, 1977	A.M. / P.M.			DRILL COLLARS	SIZE	PUMP No. 1
April 23, 1977	XXM. / P.M.	771'				
June 21, 1977	XXX. / P.M.	3023'				
Sept 15, 1977	XXX. / P.M.	10850'		TOOL JOINTS	SIZE 5	PUMP No. 2
Oct 19, 1977	A.M. / P.M.	12789'			EH	
October 21, 1977	XXM. / P.M.					

SIZE	MAKE	TYPE	JET SIZE	SERIAL NO.	DEPTH OUT	FEET	HOURS	ACCUM. HOURS	BIT CONDITION			NO OF D.C.	WT. 1000 LBS.	RPM	PUMP PRESS	NO. 1		NO. 2	
																SPM	LINER	SPM	LINER
17 1/2		HO 3pt	open	85257	1144	139	20 1/4	20 1/4	3	3	1	13	25	38	850	60	6 1/2	60	6 1/2
17 1/2		HO 3pt	open	X5469	1449	305	62 1/4	82 1/2	8	4	1	13	25	35	300	60	6 1/2		
17 1/2		HO 3pt	open	X5572	1563	114	21 1/2	104	4	2	1	13	25	38	300	60	6 1/2		
17 1/2		HO 3pt	open	X5572	1646	83	37 1/4	141 1/4	6	3	0	15	35	35	300	60	6 1/2		
17 1/2		HO 3pt	open	X5469	1703	26 1/4		167 1/2	4	5	1	15	35	38	1000	60	6 1/2		
17 1/2		Y72	3-16	615645	1793	90	28	195 1/2	3	3	1	15	30	35	1000	60	6 1/2		
17 1/2		Y72	3-16	616398	1936	143	32 3/4	228 1/4	2	3	1	15	25	40	900	60	6 1/2		
17 1/2		4JS	3-16	BV657	2179	243	46 1/2	274 3/4	6	4	0	15	30	40	700	60	6 1/2		
17 1/2		HO	3-18	10583	2272	93	21 3/4	296 1/2	2	4	1	15	35	38	700	60	6 1/2		
17 1/2		HO	3-18,3-12	10013	2415	143	31 1/2	328	2	5	1	15	30	38	700	60	6 1/2		
17 1/2		44R	2-16,1-15	6M656	2415		damaged												
17 1/2		HW	2-16,1-15	HM914	2528	113	36 1/4	364 1/4	7	4	0	14	30	35	1000	60	6 1/2		
17 1/2		HO	conv	X5567	2596	68	26 1/4	390	2	3	1	14	30	35	1200	60	6 1/2		
17 1/2		H8	1-16,2-14	526281	2803	207	42 1/2	432 1/2	8	4	1	14	30	35	1200	60	6 1/2		
17 1/2		H8	1-16,2-14	526068	2999	196	42 1/2	474 3/4	7	3	1	14	30	35	1200	60	6 1/2		
17 1/2		4JS	1-16,2-14	EF523	3023	24	4 3/4	479 1/2				14	30	35	1200	60	6 1/2		



D&S PETROLEUM CONSULTANTS LTD

BIT RECORD

WELL NAME: COLUMBIA CRT AL KOTAMBELLE XT H38

OPERATOR:

CONTRACTOR:

DATE: MO./DAY/YEAR

SPUNDED: April 6, 1977

SET SURFACE: (20") April 23, 1977 - 771'

UNDER SURFACE: 13 3/8" June 21/77 - 3023'

UNDER INTER: 9 5/8" Sept 15/77

COMPLETION: 7" Oct 19/77

RELEASE: October 21, 1977

A.M./P.M.

XXM./P.M.

XXXK./P.M.

A.M.

XXM./P.M.

OD ID

TYPE

DRILL PIPE SIZE

DRILL COLLARS SIZE

TOOL JOINTS SIZE

5

EH

PUMP No. 1

PUMP No. 2

NO	SIZE	MAKE	TYPE	JET SIZE	SERIAL NO.	DEPTH OUT	FEET	HOURS	ACCU. HOURS	BIT CONDITION	NO OF D.C.	WT. 1000 LBS.	RPM	PUMP PRESS	NO. 1 SFM LINER	NO. 2 SFM LINER	MUD WT	VIS	
19	12 1/2	Sec	H88	2-14,1-13	719090	3208	124	29	707 1/2	3	0	14	35	35	1600	60	9.5	37	
20	12 1/2	Sec	H88	2-14,1-13	720438	2270	70	14 3/4	722 1/4	8	2	1	20	45	35	1600	60	9.4	36
21	12 1/2	Sec	H100	2-14,1-13	678428	3414	144	44 1/2	766 3/4	4	2	1	20	40	35	1500	60	9.3	39
22	12 1/2	Sec	H100	2-13,1-15	710046	3594	180	57 3/4	824 1/2	4	2	1	20	35	45	1500	60	9.3	41
23	12 1/2	Sec	M89F	2-13,1-15	741470	3654	60	17 1/4	841 3/4	3	1	1	20	35	45	1500	60	9.3	44
24	12 1/2	Smith	F6	2-13,1-15	519FW	3727	73	22	863 3/4	5	1	1	20	30	45	1500	60	9.2	39
25	12 1/2	Reed	S72J	2-13,1-14	109390	3798	71	26 1/4	890	3	1	1	20	30	30	1600	60	9.2	38
26	12 1/2	Smith	F6	2-14,1-13	788FW	3900	102	49 3/4	939 3/4	3	2	1	20	30	30	1500	60	9.2	37
27	12 1/2	Sec	M88	2-13,1-15	554968	4200	300	70 1/2	1010	3	2	1	20	30	65	1500	60	9.2	41
28	12 1/2	Sec	H77	2-13,1-15	683608	4233	33	12 1/2	1022 1/2	4	2	1	20	25	80	1500	60	9.2	39
29	12 1/2	Smith	F4	1-12,13,16	379JT	4621	388	76 3/4	1095 1/4	5	2	1	20	30	45	1400	62	9.3	41
30	12 1/2	Reed	FP62	2-13,1-15	532222	5143	522	90 3/4	1190	5	7	1	20	40	50	1500	62	9.4	47
31	12 1/2	Sec	S88	2-13,1-15	645453	5266	123	28	1218	3	1	1	20	35	50	1500	62	9.4	43
32	12 1/2	Smith	F4	2-13,1-15	705UP	5788	522	65 1/2	1283 1/2	5	2	1	20	30	30	1500	60	9.4	46
33	12 1/2	Reed	FP63	2-13,1-14	601199	5840	52	14 3/4	1301 1/4	2	1	1	20	35	60	1500	62	9.4	48
34	12 1/2	Sec	M4AN	2-13,1-15	652339	6245	405	48 3/4	1350	5	2	1	20	50	60	1500	60	9.5	47
35	12 1/2	Smith	30S	2-13,1-14	495TC	7175	930	105	1455	7	4	1	20	40	60	1550	60	9.4	40
36	12 1/2	Smith	F2	3-14	VT664	7337	162	26 1/4	1481 1/4	2	8	1	20	30	60	1600	60	9.4	42





O&S PETROLEUM CONSULTANTS LTD

BIT RECORD

WELL NAME: COLUMBIA JET AL. KORANBELEE YR H3B  
OPERATOR:  
CONTRACTOR:

DATE: MO./DAY/YEAR  
SPUDDED: April 6, 1977 A.M./P.M.  
SET SURFACE: (20") April 23, 1977 - 771' X.M./P.M.  
UNDER SURFACE: 13 3/8" June 21/77 - 3023' X.M./P.M.  
UNDER INTER: 9 5/8" Sept 15/77 10850' X.M./P.M.  
COMPLETION: 7" Oct 19/77 12789' A.M./K.M.X  
RELEASE: October 21, 1977 X.M./P.M.

DRILL PIPE SIZE: OD ID  
DRILL COLLARS SIZE: \_\_\_\_\_  
TOOL JOINTS SIZE: 5  
PUMP No. 1 \_\_\_\_\_  
PUMP No. 2 \_\_\_\_\_  
TYPE: \_\_\_\_\_

NO	SIZE	MAKE	TYPE	JET SIZE	SERIAL NO.	DEPTH OUT	FEET	HOURS	ACCUM HOURS	BIT CONDITION		NO OF D.C.	WT. 1000 LBS.	RPM	PUMP PRESS	NO. 1		NO. 2		MUD	
																SPM	LINER	SPM	LINER	WT	VIS
37	12 1/2	Reed	FP52	2-13,1-14	330203	7707	370	66 1/4	15475	6	6	2	20	35	55	1400	60	6 1/2		9.3	41
38	12 1/2	Smith	F3	2-13,1-14	302CT	7852	145	18 1/4	1565 3/4	8	2	0	20	35	55	1550	60	6 1/2		9.3	45
38R	12 1/2	Reed	FP63	2-13,1-14	601199	7920	120	30 1/2	1596 1/4	3	2	1	20	40	55	1550	60	6 1/2		9.8	45
39	12 1/2	Reed	FP62	2-13,1-14	734477	8120	210	42 3/4	1639	6	2	1	20	50	55	1550	60	6 1/2		9.8	41
40	8 15/32	Chris.	Diam	open	7E067	8169	35	7	1646	6	2	1	20	14	66	800	44	6 1/2		9.9	45
41	12 1/2	Sec	S88	2-13,1-15	570796	8193	59	9 3/4	1655 3/4	2	1	1	20	55	50	1550	60	6 1/2		9.9	45
42	12 1/2	Smith	J2S	2-13,1-14	818CT	8631	438	54 1/2	1710 1/4	7	5	0	20	60	55	1650	60	6 1/2		9.8	45
43	12 1/2	Smith	J2S	2-14,1-13	780HP	9200	569	61	1771 1/4	4	6	1	20	55	55	1650	60	6 1/2		9.9	46
44	12 1/2	Reed	FP52	2-14,1-13	320200	9310	110	35 1/2	1806 3/4	4	8	1	20	60	60	1650	60	6 1/2		10.0	48
45	12 1/2	Sec	M44N	2-13,1-14	652530	9617	307	43 1/2	1850 1/4	4	3	1	20	60	60	1650	60	6 1/2		9.7	45
46	12 1/2	Smith	J2S	2-13,1-14	434HH	9813	196	47	1897 1/4	2	3	1	20	60	60	1650	60	6 1/2		9.7	45
47	12 1/2	Sec	M44N	2-13,1-14	625064	10135	322	47 3/4	1945	5	7	1	20	60	60	1650	60	6 1/2		9.7	45
48	12 1/2	Sec	M44N	2-13,1-15	758258	10403	268	40 1/2	1985 1/2	8	5	0	20	50	60	1550	60	6 1/2		9.7	41
49	12 1/2	Smith	F3	2-13,1-14	P2KJF	10677	274	31 1/2	2014	4	2	0	20	50	60	1550	60	6 1/2		9.8	42
50	12 1/2	Sec	M44N	2-13,1-15	758309	10850	173	33	2050	5	1	1	20	60	60	1550	60	6 1/2		9.7	40
51	8 1/2	Reed	SI36	3-11	303981	10920	70	12 1/4	2062 1/4	8	6	0	21	30	50	1500	58	5 1/2		9.6	40
52	3 1/2	Sec	M44N	3-11	571346	11025	105	22 1/4	2084	8	4	1	21	35	55	1375	60	5 1/2		9.6	40
53	8 1/2	Reed	FP52	3-11	NSY378	11255	230	58	2142	2	3	1	21	35	55	1500	60	5 1/2		9.9	40





D&S PETROLEUM CONSULTANTS LTD

BIT RECORD

WELL NAME: COLUMBIA ET AL. KOTANEELLE, CT. H3B  
OPERATOR:  
CONTRACTOR:

DATE: \_\_\_\_\_ MO./DAY/YEAR \_\_\_\_\_

SPUNDED: April 6, 1977 A.M./P.M. \_\_\_\_\_

SET SURFACE: (20") April 23, 1977 - 771' X.M./P.M. \_\_\_\_\_

UNDER SURFACE: 13 3/8" June 21/77 - 3023' M.M./P.M. \_\_\_\_\_

UNDER INTER: 9 5/8" Sept 15/77 10850' X.M./P.M. \_\_\_\_\_

COMPLETION: 7" Oct 19/77 12789' A.M./P.M. \_\_\_\_\_

RELEASE: October 21, 1977 X.M./P.M. \_\_\_\_\_

DRILL PIPE SIZE: \_\_\_\_\_ O.D. \_\_\_\_\_ I.D. \_\_\_\_\_

DRILL COLLARS SIZE: \_\_\_\_\_

TOOL JOINTS SIZE: \_\_\_\_\_

PUMP No. 1 \_\_\_\_\_

PUMP No. 2 \_\_\_\_\_

NO	SIZE	MAKE	TYPE	JET SIZE	SERIAL NO.	DEPTH OUT	FEET	HOURS	ACCUM. HOURS	BIT CONDITION	NO. OF D.C.	WT. 1000 LBS.	RPM	PUMP PRESS	TYPE		MUD WT	MUD VIS
															NO. 1 LINER	NO. 2 LINER		
54	8 1/2	Reed	S136	3-11	304284	11362	107	17 1/2	2159.5	6 2	1 21	30	55	1500	60	5 1/2	9.9	36
55	8 1/2	Sec	M44N	3-11	627265	11422	60	13 1/2	2173	4 1	1 21	30	55	1500	60	5 1/2	9.9	36
56	8 1/2	SM	JUS	3-11	350K	11654	232	48 1/2	2226	4 1	1 21	30	55	1500	60	5 1/2	9.8	37
57	8 1/2	Reen	FP 62	3-11	301951	11690	36	2 3/4	2228 3/4	1 1	1 21	30	55	1500	60	5 1/2	9.9	37
58	8 15/32	Christ. Dia		open	7E067	11750	60	20	2248 3/4	1 1	1 21	22	65	1300	55	5 1/2	9.9	37
57RR	8 1/2	Reed	FP62	3-11	3-1951	11890	190	11 1/2	2260 1/4	3 3	1 21	30	55	1300	55	5 1/2	10.0	37
59	8 1/2	Reed	FP62	3-11	137808	12040	150	10 3/4	2271	2 2	1 21	26	50	1400	60	5 1/2	9.8	37
58RR	8 15/32	Christ Dia		open	7E067	12064	24	5 3/4	2276 3/4	1 1	1 20	19	65	1200	55	5 1/2	10.0	38
59RR	8 1/2	Reed	FP62	2-11, 1-10	237808	12260	196	12 3/4	2285 1/2	4 3	1 21	35	55	950	60	5 1/2	10.0	36
59RRR	8 15/32	Christ Dia		open	7E067	12220	60	6 3/4	2292 1/4	1 1	1 21	19	65	1150	60	5 1/2	9.9	36
60	8 1/2	Smith	F4	3-14	806KP	12450	130	9 1/4	2301 1/2	2 1	1 21	35	55	1150	60	5 1/2	9.9	36
58RR	8 15/32	Christ Dia		open	7E067	12510	60	7 3/4	2309 1/4	1 1	1 20	20	60	1350	60	5 1/2	10.0	42
60RR	8 1/2	Smith	F4	3-14	806KP	12708	198	22 3/4	2349	7 2	1 21	35	55	1300	60	5 1/2	10.0	42
58RRR	8 15/32	Christ Dia		open	7E067	12789	34	10 1/4	2367 1/2	good	21	20	55	1300	60	5 1/2	10.0	46

COLUMBIA ET AL KOTANEELEE YT H38

MUD REPORT

<u>PRODUCT TYPE</u>	<u>AMOUNT USED</u>	<u>UNIT</u>
Milbar	4370	100# sx
Milgel	1553	100# sx
Sawdust	220	40# sx
Caustic	447	50# sx
KCl	5602	50# sx
Bicarb	26	100# sx
IPI 37	434	50# sx
Soda Ash	4	100# sx
Cyfloc	79	50# sx
Milfree	0	gal
LD-8	40	gal
Unical	85	50# sx
Kwikseal	0	50# sx
Lime	90	50# sx
Staflor	94	50# sx
Noxygen	558	50# sx
XC Polymer	146	50# sx
AltoSol	177	gal
Ami Tec	115	gal
Milgard	103	50# sx





D&S PETROLEUM CONSULTANTS LTD.

DEVIATION SURVEY SUMMARY

73F7 COLUMBIA ET AL KOTANEELEE YT H38

DEPTH	DEGREES	DEPTH	DEGREES
100	1 1/8	1404	1 3/4
195	1/2	1470	1 7/8
280	1	1500	1 3/4
310	1 1/4	1560	1 7/8
340	1	1690	1 3/4
360	1 1/4	1750	1 7/8
400	1 3/4	1815	1 7/8
450	1 1/4	1875	2
460	1 1/2	1938	2 1/8
495	1 7/8	2000	2 1/2
525	1 3/4	2060	2 1/4
550	1 1/4	2125	2 1/4
585	1 1/8	2185	2 3/8
615	1 1/4	2265	2 3/4
645	1 3/4	2345	3
685	1 1/2	2390	2 1/2
725	1 1/4	2435	2 7/8
750	1 7/8	2500	3 1/4
780	1 3/4	2558	2 7/8
815	1 3/4	2628	3 1/4
845	2	2684	3
875	2	2748	3
970	1 3/4	2823	2 7/8
995	2 1/2	2903	3
1050	2 1/2	3021	3
1111	2 1/2	3060	3 1/2
1140	2 3/4	3074	3 7/8
1170	2 1/2	3185	3 1/4
1210	2 1/2	3326	4
1250	2 3/4	3389	4
1280	2	3484	4 3/4
1310	2 1/4	3560	4 1/4
1340	2 1/2	3611	5 3/4
1373	1 7/8	3642	5 1/2





D&S PETROLEUM CONSULTANTS LTD.

DEVIATION SURVEY SUMMARY

73F7

DEPTH	DEGREES	DEPTH	DEGREES
3654	5	4850	6 3/4
3691	6	4910	6 1/2
3719	6 1/8	4976	6 1/2
3727	6	5035	6 1/2
3764	5 5/8	5070	6 1/4
3798	6 1/2	5102	6 1/2
3815	6	5140	6 1/2
3850	6	5225	7N 16W
3888	6	5350	8N 0W
3920	6	5415	8 1/4N 4E
3950	6 1/2	5470	8 1/2N 0E
3975	6 1/2	5530	8 1/3N 1E
4012	7	5600	8 1/4N 2E
4040	7	5660	8 1/4N
4070	7 1/8	5760	misrun
4100	7 5/8	5780	7 3/4
4130	7 3/4	5820	7 1/4 N 2W
4165	8 1/2	5885	7N 4W
4195	9	5940	7N 12W
4225	8	6040	7N 12W
4230	8	6100	6 7/8N 15W
4263	8	6175	7N 15W
4290	8 3/4	6220	7N 17W
4325	8 1/4	6290	6 3/4N 18W
4353	8 1/4	6345	7N 21W
4415	8 1/4	6410	7 1/3N 19W
4478	8 1/2	6475	7N 23W
4528	8 3/4	6535	7 1/4N 21W
4620	9	6600	7N 21W
4690	8	6660	7 1/2N 25W
4725	8	6725	7 3/4N 26W
4785	7 3/4	6785	7N 24W



D&S PETROLEUM CONSULTANTS LTD.

DEVIATION SURVEY SUMMARY

73F7

DEPTH	DEGREES	DEPTH	DEGREES
6850	6 3/4N 20W	10120	5
6910	7 1/4N 24W	10403	4 3/4
6970	7 1/2N 22W	10677	4 1/2N 49W
7035	7 1/2N 23W	10840	4 1/2
7095	7 3/4N 24W	10920	3 7/8
7160	8 1/8N 28W	11025	5
7225	8N 29W	11254	6
7290	8 1/4N 28W	11362	6 1/2
7115	8 3/4N 28W	11422	6 3/4
7475	8 1/2N 29W	11654	6 1/4
7535	8 1/4N 28W	12040	misrun
7700	7 1/4N 32W	12260	6 1/2
7600	7 1/2N 32W	12450	7 1/4
7790	7 1/4N 32W		
7870	6 1/2N 32W		
7940	6 3/4N 40W		
8030	6 1/4N 42W		
8120	6 1/4		
8160	6N 45W		
8255	5 1/2N 48W		
8325	5N 50W		
8475	4 3/4N 50W		
8620	4		
8750	4 1/4N 36W		
8910	3 3/4N 31W		
9100	3 3/4N 41W		
9230	3 3/4N 43W		
9290	3 1/2N 43W		
9490	2 3/4N 48W		
9610	5		
9740	4 1/2N 85W		
9950	4 1/4N 40W		



COLUMBIA GAS DEVELOPMENT OF CANADA LTD.  
 COLUMBIA FT AL KOTANEFLEF YT H-38  
 WILDCAT  
 YUKON TERRITORY  
 MAGNETIC DIRECTIONAL SINGLE SHOT  
 UNITED DIRECTIONAL DRILLING LTD  
 RECORD OF SURVEY  
 DATE OF SURVEY OCTOBER 28, 1977  
 VERTICAL SECTION DIRECTION CLOSURE  
 32 DEG EAST CORRECTION APPLIED  
 PAGE

MEASUREMENT DEPTH	TRUE VERTICAL DEPTH	SUA SFA TYD	COURSE INCLINATION DEG MIN	ASSUMED VERTICAL TO 3023	COURSE DIRECTION DEG	DOG-LEG SEV DEG/100	RECTANGULAR NORTH/SOUTH	TOTAL COORDINATES		VERTICAL SECTION
								EAST/WEST	VERTICAL SECTION	
3023	3023.00	773.00								
3125	3124.95	874.95	3	0	86	2.94	0.19	N	0.00	0.00
3219	3218.78	968.78	4	0	88	1.07	.47	N	2.66	1.88
3313	3312.52	1062.52	4	30	78	.95	1.35	N	8.39	5.78
3407	3406.20	1156.20	5	0	78	.53	2.97	N	15.28	10.85
3500	3498.88	1248.88	4	30	73	.70	4.88	N	22.89	16.97
3594	3592.55	1342.55	5	0	68	.69	7.49	N	30.34	23.22
3688	3686.16	1436.16	5	30	73	.72	10.35	N	37.67	29.97
3782	3779.73	1529.73	5	30	78	.51	12.60	N	45.78	37.32
3876	3873.19	1623.19	6	48	83	1.49	14.21	N	54.69	44.62
3969	3965.54	1715.54	6	48	70	1.65	16.77	N	64.42	52.25
4063	4058.81	1808.81	7	30	78	1.29	19.95	N	75.06	61.04
4157	4151.89	1901.89	8	30	73	1.30	23.25	N	86.29	70.64
4251	4244.83	1994.83	8	45	78	.84	26.77	N	98.93	81.34
4345	4337.77	2087.77	8	30	68	1.62	30.86	N	112.57	92.80
4438	4429.69	2179.69	9	0	76	1.41	35.20	N	126.01	104.56
4532	4522.60	2272.60	8	30	73	.72	39.01	N	139.44	116.50
4626	4615.57	2365.57	8	30	63	1.57	44.19	N	153.22	128.27
4720	4708.60	2458.60	8	0	53	1.61	51.28	N	166.05	140.48
4814	4801.80	2551.80	7	0	56	1.14	58.42	N	177.46	153.25
4907	4894.12	2644.12	7	0	38	2.35	66.06	N	187.44	165.13
5001	4987.44	2737.44	6	48	22	2.05	75.73	N	195.63	176.24
5015	5001.35	2751.35	6	45	18	3.39	77.28	N	201.24	187.24
5110	5095.69	2845.69	6	45	20	.25	87.84	N	201.80	188.81
5225	5209.86	2959.86	7	0	16	.47	100.92	N	205.44	199.23
5350	5333.80	3083.80	8	0	0	1.84	116.95	N	209.68	211.95
5415	5398.15	3148.15	9	15	4	.95	126.12	N	211.78	225.67
5470	5452.57	3202.57	8	30	0	1.15	134.12	N	211.45	232.45
5530	5511.92	3261.92	8	20	1	.37	142.91	N	211.18	238.41
									211.10	245.00



ALBERTA GAS DEVELOPMENT OF CANADA LTD.

ALBERTA FT AL KOTANFELFE YT H-38

CAT  
YUKON TERRITORY

DATE OF SURVEY OCTOBER 28 1955  
VERTICAL SECTION DIRECTION  
32 DEG EAST CORRECTION

VERTICAL DIRECTIONAL SINGLE SHOT

UNITED DIRECTIONAL DRILLING LTD  
RECORD OF SURVEY

DEPTH	TRUE	SUR	COURSE	COURSE	DOG-LEG	TOTAL	
	VERTICAL DEPTH	SEA TVD	INCLINATION DEG MIN	DIRECTION DEG	SFV DEG/100	RECTANGULAR NORTH/SOUTH	COORDINATES EAST/WEST
0	5640.57	3390.57	8 15	N 0 F	.48	161.60 N	210.69 W
0	5759.40	3509.40	7 45	N 0 E	.42	178.30 N	210.69 W
0	5799.06	3549.06	7 15	N 2 W	1.41	183.52 N	210.78 W
5	5863.56	3613.56	7 0	N 4 W	.54	191.57 N	211.20 W
0	5918.15	3668.15	7 0	N 12 W	1.77	198.20 N	212.13 W
0	6017.40	3767.40	7 0	N 12 W	.01	210.12 N	214.66 W
0	6076.96	3826.96	6 53	N 15 W	.63	217.16 N	216.35 W
5	6151.41	3901.41	7 0	N 15 W	.16	225.92 N	218.70 W
0	6196.08	3946.08	7 0	N 17 W	.54	231.19 N	220.21 W
0	6265.57	4015.57	6 45	N 18 W	.40	239.18 N	222.73 W
5	6320.18	4070.18	7 0	N 21 W	.80	245.39 N	224.93 W
0	6384.67	4134.67	7 20	N 19 W	.64	253.01 N	227.70 W
5	6449.16	4199.16	7 0	N 23 W	.92	260.57 N	230.60 W
5	6508.70	4258.70	7 15	N 21 W	.59	267.47 N	233.38 W
0	6573.20	4323.20	7 0	N 21 W	.38	275.00 N	236.27 W
0	6632.72	4382.72	7 30	N 25 W	1.18	281.96 N	239.23 W
5	6697.14	4447.14	7 45	N 26 W	.44	289.75 N	242.95 W
5	6756.65	4506.65	7 0	N 24 W	1.32	296.72 N	246.21 W
0	6821.18	4571.18	6 45	N 20 W	.83	303.93 N	249.13 W
0	6880.73	4630.73	7 15	N 24 W	1.16	310.70 N	251.87 W
0	6940.24	4690.24	7 30	N 22 W	.60	317.79 N	254.88 W
5	7004.68	4754.68	7 30	N 23 W	.20	325.63 N	258.13 W
5	7064.15	4814.15	7 45	N 24 W	.47	332.93 N	261.30 W
0	7128.53	4878.53	8 8	N 28 W	1.03	340.99 N	265.24 W
5	7192.88	4942.88	8 0	N 29 W	.30	349.01 N	269.59 W
0	7257.23	5007.23	8 15	N 28 W	.44	357.08 N	273.98 W
5	7380.86	5130.86	8 45	N 28 W	.40	373.40 N	282.65 W
5	7440.18	5190.18	8 30	N 29 W	.49	381.31 N	286.94 W
5	7499.54	5249.54	8 15	N 28 W	.48	388.98 N	291.11 W
0	7563.92	5313.92	7 30	N 32 W	1.43	396.70 N	295.55 W

ALBERTA GAS DEVELOPMENT OF CANADA LTD.  
 ALBERTA FT AL KOTANFEELE YT H-38  
 ALBERTA  
 NORTHWEST TERRITORY  
 MAGNETIC DIRECTIONAL SINGLE SHOT

DATE OF SURVEY OCTOBER 2  
 VERTICAL SECTION DIRECTION  
 32 DEG EAST CORRECTION

UNITED DIRECTIONAL DRILLING LTD  
 RECORD OF SURVEY

DEPTH	TRUE VERTICAL DEPTH	SURF SEA TVD	COURSE INCLINATION DEG MIN	COURSE DIRECTION		DOG-LEG SEV DEG/100	RECTANGULAR NORTH/SOUTH	TOTAL COORDINATES EAST/WEST	
				DEG					
00	7663.10	5413.10	7 15	N	32 W	.25	407.59 N	302.35 W	
90	7752.38	5502.38	7 15	N	32 W	0.	417.22 N	308.37 W	
70	7831.80	5581.80	6 30	N	32 W	.94	425.34 N	313.45 W	
40	7901.34	5651.34	6 45	N	40 W	1.36	431.85 N	318.19 W	
30	7990.76	5740.76	6 15	N	42 W	.61	439.54 N	324.87 W	
20	8080.22	5830.22	6 15	N	43 W	.12	446.77 N	331.49 W	
60	8119.99	5869.99	6 0	N	45 W	.82	449.84 N	334.45 W	
55	8214.52	5964.52	5 30	N	48 W	.61	456.39 N	341.35 W	
25	8284.22	6034.22	5 0	N	50 W	.76	460.60 N	346.18 W	
75	8433.68	6183.68	4 45	N	50 W	.17	468.79 N	355.94 W	
20	8578.26	6328.26	4 0	N	42 W	.67	476.41 N	363.92 W	
50	8707.92	6457.92	4 15	N	36 W	.38	483.68 N	369.79 W	
10	8867.53	6617.53	3 45	N	31 W	.38	492.96 N	375.97 W	
00	9057.13	6807.13	3 45	N	41 W	.34	502.97 N	383.24 W	
30	9186.85	6936.85	3 45	N	43 W	.10	509.29 N	388.93 W	
90	9246.73	6996.73	3 30	N	43 W	.42	512.07 N	391.52 W	
90	9446.38	7196.38	3 15	N	48 W	.19	520.32 N	399.90 W	
10	9566.07	7316.06	5 0	N	46 W	1.46	526.23 N	406.19 W	
40	9695.62	7445.62	4 30	N	45 W	.39	533.78 N	413.87 W	
50	9905.01	7655.01	4 15	N	40 W	.22	545.56 N	424.70 W	
20	10074.45	7824.45	5 0	N	45 W	.50	555.63 N	433.98 W	
03	10356.43	8106.43	4 45	N	45 W	.09	572.63 N	450.99 W	
77	10629.54	8379.54	4 30	N	45 W	.09	588.25 N	466.61 W	
40	10792.03	8542.03	4 30	N	45 W	0.	597.30 N	475.65 W	
20	10871.82	8621.82	3 53	N	45 W	.77	601.43 N	479.79 W	
25	10976.50	8726.50	5 0	N	45 W	1.06	607.18 N	485.54 W	
54	11204.44	8954.44	6 0	N	45 W	.44	622.70 N	501.06 W	
62	11311.80	9061.80	6 30	N	45 W	.46	631.02 N	509.37 W	
22	11371.40	9121.40	6 45	N	45 W	.42	635.91 N	514.27 W	



COLUMBIA GAS DEVELOPMENT OF CANADA LTD.  
 COLUMBIA FT AL KOTANFELFF YI H-38  
 WINDGAT  
 YUKON TERRITORY

MAGNETIC DIRECTIONAL SINGLE SHOT

UNITED DIRECTIONAL DRILLING LTD

DATE OF SURVEY OCTOBER 20, 1977  
 VERTICAL SECTION DIRECTION  
 32 DEG EAST CORRECTION APPLIED

MEASURED DEPTH	TRUE VERTICAL DEPTH	SURF SEA TVD	COURSE INCLINATION DEG MIN	COURSE DIRECTION DEG	DOG-LEG SEV DEG/100	TOTAL		VERTICAL SECTION
						RECTANGULAR NORTH/SOUTH	COORDINATES EAST/WEST	
12040	11985.61	9735.61	6 15	N 45 W	.00	684.20 N	562.55 W	885.73
12260	12204.25	9954.25	6 30	N 45 W	.11	701.47 N	579.83 W	910.07
12450	12392.89	10142.89	7 15	N 45 W	.39	717.55 N	595.91 W	932.72
12780	12729.18	10479.18	7 15	N 45 W	0.	747.80 N	626.16 W	975.34

\*\* THE CALCULATIONS ARE BASED ON THE MINIMUM RADIUS OF CURVATURE METHOD \*\*

THIS SURVEY WAS CALCULATED BY MACHINE COMPUTER UTILIZING PROGRAM FURNISHED BY SPEERY-SUN WELL SURVEYING COMPANY, HOUSTON, TEXAS. CALCULATIONS ARE BASED, HOWEVER, UPON INPUT DATA FURNISHED BY THE CUSTOMER WHO ASSUMES RESPONSIBILITY AND HOLDS SPEERY-SUN WELL SURVEYING COMPANY HAPLESS FROM LIABILITY.

HORIZONTAL DISPLACEMENT = 975.34 FEET AT NORTH 39 DEG. 56 MIN. WEST (TRUE)

START OF SURVEY WAS 2250.00 FEET ABOVE SEA LEVEL

- Note:
- 1) The well bore is assumed vertical to 3023' M.D. for calculation purposes. Drift angle surveys only were conducted in this portion of the well bore and its' exact position cannot be determined in this calculation.
  - 2) The direction of all surveys below 9950' has been extrapolated on a North-45°-West bearing. It is assumed drift angle surveys only were conducted below this depth, and that the direction of the well bore remained relatively constant in the North/West quadrant.



COLUMBIA GAS DEVELOPMENT OF CANADA LTD.  
 COLUMBIA FT AL KOTANFELFF YI H-38  
 WINDCAT  
 YUKON TERRITORY

MAGNETIC DIRECTIONAL SINGLE SHOT

UNITED DIRECTIONAL DRILLING LTD

DATE OF SURVEY OCTOBER 20, 1977  
 VERTICAL SECTION DIRECTION  
 32 DEG EAST CORRECTION APPLIED

MEASURED DEPTH	TRUE VERTICAL DEPTH	SURF SEA TVD	COURSE INCLINATION DEG MIN	COURSE DIRECTION DEG	DOG-LEG SEV DEG/100	TOTAL		VERTICAL SECTION
						RECTANGULAR NORTH/SOUTH	COORDINATES EAST/WEST	
12040	11985.61	9735.61	6 15	N 45 W	.00	684.20 N	562.55 W	885.73
12260	12204.25	9954.25	6 30	N 45 W	.11	701.47 N	579.83 W	910.07
12450	12392.89	10142.89	7 15	N 45 W	.39	717.55 N	595.91 W	932.72
12780	12729.18	10479.18	7 15	N 45 W	0.	747.80 N	626.16 W	975.34

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HORIZONTAL DISPLACEMENT = 975.34 FEET AT NORTH 39 DEG. 56 MIN. WEST (TRUE)

START OF SURVEY WAS 2250.00 FEET ABOVE SEA LEVEL

- Note:
- 1) The well bore is assumed vertical to 3023' M.D. for calculation purposes. Drift angle surveys only were conducted in this portion of the well bore and its' exact position cannot be determined in this calculation.
  - 2) The direction of all surveys below 9950' has been extrapolated on a North-45°-West bearing. It is assumed drift angle surveys only were conducted below this depth, and that the direction of the well bore remained relatively constant in the North/West quadrant.



# D&S PETROLEUM CONSULTANTS LTD.

## DAILY OPERATIONS REPORT

73F 8

WELL COLUMBIA GAS ET AL KOTANEELEE YT H-38

DATE	DEPTH	DETAIL OF OPERATION
		cutter. Ran in with magnet, no recovery. Ran in with 16 7/8" junk basket, center cut mill shoe. Worked four hours, no recovery. Cut cones off 12 1/4" bit. Worked junk in hole. Ran in with magnet, recovered four bearing rollers. Ran in with magnet, no recovery. Mud Wt. 8.8, Vis. 31.
Apr.19	970'	- Ran in with 12 1/4" bit without cones. Stirred up junk. Ran in with 11 1/2" magnet - no recovery. Ran in with 17 1/2" bit. Ran in with magnet and junk sub, recovered one bearing roller. Ran in with poor boy basket, recovered one hole opener cutter and one hub. Ran in with magnet and junk sub, recovered two bearing rollers. Ran in with poor boy basket, recovered two hole opener cutters. Ran in with 17 1/2" bit. Ran in with poor boy basket - recovered one cutter hub.
Apr.20	970'	- Ran 17 1/2" bit, cleaned to bottom. Some iron on bottom. Ran in with 26" hole opener. Opened hole (592-650') - 68 feet. Mud Wt. 8.9, Vis. 37.
Apr.21	970'	- Preparing to run 20" casing to 771'. Reamed 17 1/2" hole to 26" hole 650-771' (121'). Pulled out of hole - checked reamer. Reamer badly cracked. Ran in with 17 1/2" bit. Cleaned to bottom 970'. 26" hole to 771'. Going to run pipe. Mud Wt. 9.2, Vis. 38.
Apr.22	972'	2' Running 20" conductor casing. Made four runs with 11 1/2" magnet. Recovered two main cutter pins, roller bearing and ball bearing. Made two bit runs. Drilled 2' of 17 1/2" hole. Hole appears clean of all iron. Circulated and conditioned hole to run 20" casing. Mud Wt. 9.2, Vis. 38.
Apr.23	972'	- Waiting on cement on 20" casing. Ran 19 joints, 20", 94#, H-40 Buttress casing, Baker float shoe and Davis float collar, 3 centralizers welded shoe and float collar. Total string length 772.99'. Landed at 772' K.B. Pressure tested lines to 2000#. Prewash 20 barrels. Mixed 1500 cu.ft. Oilwell "G" + 2% CaCl <sub>2</sub> . Cemented to surface. Displaced with 13 barrels H <sub>2</sub> O. Float held. Cement slurry avg. 15.2#/gal. No indication of lost circulation. Cement in place at 7:15 p.m. April 22, 1977.
Apr.24	972'	Running in with drill pipe to pressure test BOPs, etc. Welded on 20" casing bowl. Pressure tested weld to 1500 psi with grease gun and marsh





D&S PETROLEUM CONSULTANTS LTD.

DAILY OPERATIONS REPORT

WELL COLUMBIA GAS ET AL KOPANEELER YT H-38

7958

DETAIL OF OPERATION

DATE	DEPTH	DETAIL OF OPERATION
		gauge. Held OK. Installed 20" hydril and blowdown manifold and flare line.
Apr. 24	972'	- Ran in with 17 1/2" bit to cement at 723'. Pressure tested hydril and blowdown manifold to 1000 psi for 15 minutes - held OK. Pressure tested Kelly cock - held OK. Activated motor shut-offs - OK. Flare lines, poor boy degasser and Swaco degassers hooked up. Seven hours drilling out cement and shoe. Mud Wt. 9.2, Vis. 39.
Apr. 26	1135'	163' Drilling 12 1/4" hole. Drilled 17 1/2" from 972-1005'. Drilled 12 1/4" from 1005-1135'. Surveys:- 995'-2 1/2°, 1050'-2 1/2°, 1111'-2 1/2° Mud Wt. 9.2, Vis. 39.
Apr. 27	1193'	59' Tripping for cracked and washed out drill collar (7"). Limestone, pyrite, siltstone. Water flow 20 barrels per hour. Gas - 100 unit background. Surveys:- 1142'-2 3/4°, 1172'-2 1/2°, Mud Wt. 9.1, Vis. 36.
Apr. 28	1239'	46' Tripping to sonoscope collars and change bit. One cracked drill collar (7 1/2") and XO sub (7 1/2 to 6 1/2). Hard limestone. 240 units background gas. Surveys:- 1210'-2 1/2°, 1239'-2 1/2°, Mud Wt. 9.6, Vis. 37.
Apr. 29	1337'	98' Drilling 12 1/4" hole. Background gas - 10 units. Limestone and siltstone. Surveys:- 1250'-2 3/4°, 1280'-2°, 1310'-2 1/4°, Mud Wt. 9.6 Vis. 39.
Apr. 30	1393'	56' Drilling 12 1/4" hole. Siltstone, dense chert. Background - 5 units Surveys:- 1540'-2 1/2°, 1373' - 17/8°, Mud Wt 9.7, visc. 38
May 1	1466'	73' Drilling 12 1/4" hole. Dense chert - 5 units of background. Surveys:- 1404' - 1 3/4° Mud Wt. 9.9, visc. 47
May 2	1557'	91' Drilling 12 1/4" hole. Drilling chert and siltstone. 5 units background gas. Surveys:- 1470' - 1 7/8° 1500' - 1 3/4°. Mud Wt. 9.8 Visc. 37
May 3	1660'	103' Drilling 12 1/4" hole. Firm chert, siltstone, hard shale Background gas 25 units. Surveys:- 1560-1 7/8° Mud Wt. 9.8, visc 37.
May 4	1738'	78' Drilling 12 1/4" hole. Matsen sand, sandstone. 3 units background gas. Raining, lease very wet. Surveys:- 1690-1 3/4°. Mud wt. 9.8





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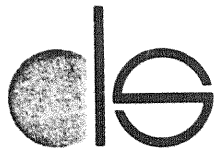
DAILY OPERATIONS REPORT

COLUMBIA GAS ET AL  
KOTANEELEE YT H-38

73F 8

WELL

DATE	DEPTH	DETAIL OF OPERATION
May 5	1804'	66' Drilling 12 1/4" hole. 15 units background gas. Drilling in sandstone. Surveys:- 1751'-1 7/8°. Mud wt. 9.8, visc 41
May 6	1882'	78' Drilling 12 1/4" hole. Matsen - no change in samples. 10 units background. 9.8 mud weight required to holdback water flow. Raining, roads wet. Surveys:- 1815'-1 7/8°, mud wt. 9.8, viscosity 37
May 7	1956'	74' Drilling 12 1/4" hole. 15 units background gas. Surveys:- 1875'-2°, 1938'- 2 1/8° Mud wt. 9.8, viscosity 40.
May 8	2017'	61' Drilling 12 1/4" hole. Matsen sand, 3 units background gas. Surveys 2000'-2 1/2°. Mud wt. 10.2, viscosity 38.
May 9	2083'	66' Drilling 12 1/4" hole. 4 units background gas. Surveys 2066'-2 1/4°. Mud wt. 10.2, viscosity 38.
May 10	2158'	75' Drilling 12 1/4" hole. Matsen sand. 10 units background gas. Surveys:- 2125'-2 1/4°. Mud weight 10.2, viscosity 38.
May 11	2238'	80' Drilling 12 1/4" hole. Matsen sand. 10 units background gas. Surveys:- 2185' - 2 3/8° Mud weight 10.2, viscosity 38
May 12	2280'	42' Drilling 12 1/4" hole. Matsen sand - 10 units background gas. Trip for bit. Turned 2 pins on near bit reamer. Turned 3 pins in up hole reamer. Shock sub OK. Surveys:- 2265'- 2 3/4°. Mud wt. 10.2 viscosity 41.
May 13	2365'	85' Drilling 12 1/4" hole. Matsen sand. 8 units background gas. Surveys:- 2345'-3°. Mud wt. 10.2, viscosity 40.
May 14	2430'	65' Drilling 12 1/4" hole. Matsen sand. 5 units background gas. Surveys:- 2390'-2 1/2°. Mud wt. 10.2, viscosity 40
May 15	2523'	93' Drilling 12 1/4" hole. Matsen sand. 30 units background gas. surveys:- 2435'-2 7/8°, 2500'- 1/4°. Mud wt. 10.2, viscosity 38
May 16	2586'	63' Drilling 12 1/4" hole. Matsen sand, 45 units background gas. surveys:- 2558'-2 7/8°. Mud wt. 10.2, viscosity 38
May 17	2650'	64' Drilling 12 1/4" hole. Matsen sand. BGG 30. Surveys:- 2628'-3 1/4°, mud wt. 10.1, viscosity 36.
May 18	2720'	70' Drilling 12 1/4" hole. Matsen sand. 20 units background gas. Surveys:-2684'-3°, mud wt. 10.2, viscosity 38



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DAILY OPERATIONS REPORT

COLUMBIA GAS ET AL  
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WELL \_\_\_\_\_

DATE	DEPTH	DETAIL OF OPERATION
May 19	2800'	80' Drilling 12 1/4" hole. Mattson sand. 20 units background gas. Surveys:- 2748' -3°. Mud wt. 10.2, viscosity 38
May 20	2852'	52' Drilling 12 1/4" hole. Mattson sand. 20 units background gas. Surveys:- 2823'- 2 7/8°. Mud wt 10.2, viscosity 40
May 21	2927'	75' Drilling 12 1/4" hole. Mattson sand, 5 units background gas. Surveys:- 2903'-3°. Mud wt. 10.1, viscosity 38
May 22	3000'	73' Drilling 12 1.4" hole.. Mattson sand. 3 units background gas. Snowing. Panels, one man, one tool to come. Waiting on weather. Mud wt. 10.2, viscosity 38.
May 23	3021'	21'. Logging, ran DILL, BHC, SGC and CNL-FDC logs. Surveys:3021'-3° Mud wt. 10.3, viscosity 40
May 24	3021'	nil Open 12 1/4" to 17 1/2" with hole opener. 1005' - 1105' (100') Sent logs in with Schlumberger. Weather, rain and snow. Mud wt 10.2 viscosity 38.
May 25	3021'	nil Open 12 1/4" to 17 1/2" with hole opener, from 1105' - 1226' (121') Mud wt. 10.2, viscosity 41
May 26	3021'	nil Open 12 1/4" to 17 1/2" with hole opener from 1226' - 1326' (100') Weather- sunny and mild. Mud wt. 10.2, viscosity 41
May 27	3021'	nil Open 12 1/4" hole to 17 1/2" with hole opener from 1336' - 1449' (113') Weather: clear and mild. Mud wt. 10.2, viscosity 39
May 28	3021'	nil Open 12 1/4" to 17 1/2" with hole opener from 1449' - 1562' (113') Weather - clear & mild, Mud wt. 10.2, viscosity 38
May 29	3021'	nil Reaming 12 1/4" to 17 1/2" hole, from 1562' - 1598' (36') Weather, cloudy but dry. Mud wt. 10.0, viscosity 36
May 30	3021'	nil Reaming 12 1/4" hole to 17 1/2" from 1598' - 1659' (61') Weather, raining. Mud wt. 10.2, viscosity 38
May 31	3021'	nil Reaming 12 1/4" to 17 1/2", from 1659' - 1703' (44') Weather - raining, mud wt. 10.2, viscosity 38
June 1	3021'	nil Reaming 12 1/4" hole to 17 1/2", from 1703' - 1745' (42') Sonoscoped collars and subs, OK. Weather, raining. Mud wt. 10.2, viscosity 38



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DAILY OPERATIONS REPORT COLUMBIA GAS ET AL  
WELL: KOTANEELEE YT H38

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DATE	DEPTH	DETAIL OF OPERATION
June 2	3021'	nil. 8:00 am, tripping. Reamed 12 1/4" to 17 1/2" hole with 17 1/2" bit from 1745' - 1793' (48'). Made two trips to check for wash out in drill string. Bit washed out between the cones. Mud wt. 10.0, viscosity 38
June 3	3021'	nil. Reaming 12 1/4" to 17 1/2" hole with 17 1/2" bit. Reamed from 1793' - 1900' (107') Drill string: Bit, SS, NRS, 60' - 9" collars, NRS. Weather - fogged in. Mud wt. 10.2, viscosity 42
June 4	3021'	nil Reaming 12 1/4" hole to 17 1/2" with 17 1/2" bit. Reamed from 1900' - 2000'. (100') Weather - clearing. Surveys: 1900' - 2 1/4 <sup>o</sup> 1975' - 1 7/8 <sup>o</sup> . Mud wt. 10.2, viscosity 40
June 5	3021'	Reaming 12 1/4" hole to 17 1/2" with 17 1/2" bit, from 2000' - 2100' (100'). Weather: good. Surveys: 2032' - 2 1/8 <sup>o</sup> . Mud wt. 10.2, viscosity 38
June 6	3021'	Reaming 12 1/4" to 17 1/2" with 17 1/2" bit, from 2100' - 2115'. (15') Weather- clear and warm. Mud wt. 10.2, viscosity 39
June 7	3021'	Reaming 12 1/4" to 17 1/2" hole, from 2115' - 2222' (107') Weather: clear and warm. Surveys: 2128' - 2 1/2 <sup>o</sup> . Mud wt. 10.4, viscosity 44.
June 8	3021'	Reaming 12 1/4" hole to 17 1/2" from 2222' to 2292' (70') Weather; clouding over. Mud wt. 10.3, viscosity 45
June 9	3021'	Reaming 12 1/4" hole to 17 1/2" from 2292' - 2405' (113') Weather: cloudy and dry. Mud wt. 10.3, viscosity 42
June 10	3021'	8:00 a.m. Waiting on collar thread inspector. Tripped for hole opener #11, while running in had to clean hole from 1139'-1250' and 1600'-1671' Twisted off pin on change over between drill pipe and 6 1/4" collars, 6 5/16" drill collar looking up. Bit 3 stands off bottom. Pulled out of hole, ran in with 10 5/8" O.S. and 6 3/8" grapple. Tagged fish approx. 240' lower. Picked up fish in O.S., worked fish in tight hole, recovered same. Bit belled and shock sub damaged. Will check collars & replace sub prior to running back in hole. Mud wt 10.3, visc 42.
June 11	3021'	Checked drill collars, layed down 2-9", 1-7" & 2 cracked XO subs, picked up 3-6 1/4" drill collars. 8:00 a.m., running in hole. Mud wt 10.3 viscosity 42.





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DAILY OPERATIONS REPORT COLUMBIA GAS ET AL

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DATE	DEPTH	DETAIL OF OPERATION
June 12	3021'	Reaming 12 1/4" to 17 1/2" from 2415' - 2455' (40') Running in with bit #12, had to ream from 1641'-1700' and from 1924'-2180'. Severe torquing through these sections. Bottom section could be caused by undergauge hole. 5 feet fill on bottom. Mud wt. 10.3, visc. 42
June 13	3021'	8:00 a.m. Tripping. Reamed 12 1/4" to 17 1/2" from 2455'-2528' (73') Mud wt 10.4, viscosity 39
June 14	3021'	Reaming 12 1/4" to 17 1/2" from 2528'-2583 (55') Mud wt 10.2, visc 43
June 15	3021'	Reaming 12 1/4" to 17 1/2" from 2583'-2628'(45') Tripped to check for washout - rubber in shock sub washed out. Mud wt. 10.2, visc. 42
June 16	3021'	Tripping for wash out. Reamed 12 1/4" to 17 1/2" from 2628'-2738'(110') Mud wt. 10.3, visc. 40
June 17	3021'	Reaming 12 1/4" to 17 1/2" from 2738'-2819' (81') Found wash out in shock sub. 1.6 miles road gravel, 0.5 to go. Mud wt. 10.3, viscosity 39
June 18	3021'	Reaming 12 1/4" to 17 1/2" from 2819' - 2936' (117') Surveys: 2820'-3 1/2°, 2890'-3 1/2°
June 19	3023'	Circulating and conditioning hole. Reamed 12 1/4" to 17 1/2" from 2936' - 3023' (87') Mud weight 10.4, viscosity 40
June 20	3023'	Circulated and conditioned hole to run 13 3/8" surface casing. Rig to and run 76 joints 13 3/8" 72# Buttress Baker float shoe and collar. Thread lok and weld shoe, collar, and first 2 joints. Welded on centralizers. Total casing run 3022.54. Preparing to cement
June 21	3023'	Waiting on cement. Surface casing. Mixed and pumped 2500 sacks Portland Neat. Pressure tested lines to 2000 psi. 20 barrels water ahead, followed by 17 barrels 11.5lbs/gal Scavenger. Cement weight 15.2-15.6 lbs/gal, displaced drill pipe with 54 barrels water, back wash drill pipe. Floats held. Cement to surface. Annulus held OK. Casing landed at 3020'. Cement in place 9:00 pm June 20.
June 22	3023'	Cut off casing, remove 20" hydrill, install 13 3/8" OCT casing head. Pressure tested seals to 3000 psi through test port. Install pipe gate, double gate, and hydril (13 3/8 x 5000)



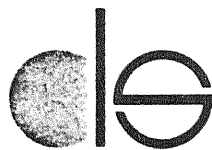
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DAILY OPERATIONS REPORT

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WELL COLUMBIA ET AL KOTANEELEE YT H38

DATE	DEPTH	DETAIL OF OPERATION
June 23	3023'	Headed up BOP stack. Pressure test Pipe rams, blind rams and manifold to 5000 psi for 15 minutes. Pressure tested hydril to 2000 psi. Check motor chut offs. Drilled 1" holes in matting and grouted with 400 sacks cement. Preparing to run in with bit and pressure test casing.
June 24	3060'	Drilling 12 1/4" hole. Ran in with 12 1/4" bit, tagged cement top at 2960', pressure tested casing to 3500 psi (OK), pressure tested lower pipe rams, kill line, kelly valves to 2000 psi (OK). Drilled out to 3033', ran bleed off test (data attached). Drilled ahead. Background gas 3 units. Mattson sand formation. Mud wt. 10.1, Vis 38
June 25	3102'	42' Drilling 12 1/4" hole. Surveys 3060'-3 1/2°, 3074'-3 7/8° Mud weight 9.7, Viscosity 38
June 26	3200'	98' Drilling 12 1/4" hole and tripping for bit change. Surveys: 3185'-3 1/4°, mud weight 9.5, viscosity 37
June 27	3265'	65' Drilling 12 1/4" hole with packed drilling assembly. Produced 100 barrels while tripping, after starting drilling making 6 barrels per hour. 7/10 mile of road to gravel. Surveys: 3185'-3 1/4° Mud wieght 9.2, viscosity 35
June 28	3325'	Drilling 12 1/4" hole. Grouted 250 sacks under matting, levelling rig with jacking crew. Mud weight 9.4, viscosity 36
June 29	3390'	65' Drilling 12 1/4" hole. 6 units background gas. Mattson sand. Grouted matting and leveled rig. Surveys:- 3326'-4°, 3389'-4° Mud weight 9.3, viscosity 37
June 30	3443'	53' Drilling 12 1/4" hole. 5 units background gas. Mattson sand. Surveys:- 3389'-4°, mud weight 9.3, viscosity 39
July 1	3519'	76' Drilling 12 1/4" hole. 5 units background gas. Mattson sand. 90% Sandstone, 10% Siltstone. Surveys:- 3484'-4 3/4°, mud weight 9.2 viscosity 38
July 2	3588'	69' Drilling 12 1/4" hole, 5 units background gas. Mattson sand. Sandstone 60%, Siltstone 20%, Shale 20%. Surveys:-3564'-4 1/4°
July 3	3645'	57' Drilling 12 1/4" hole. 5 units background gas. Mattson sand. Sandstone 10%, Siltstone 80%, Shale 10%, Surveys:- 3611'-5 3/4° 3642'-5 1/2 ° Mud weight 9.3, visc 41



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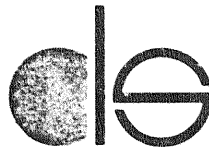
DAILY OPERATIONS REPORT

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WELL COLUMBIA ET AL KOTANEELEE YT H38

DATE	DEPTH	DETAIL OF OPERATION
July 4	3715'	70' Drilling 12 1/4" hole. 3 units background gas. Mattson sand. Surveys:- 3642'-5 1/2°, 3654'-5°, 3691'-6° Mud weight 9.3, visc 44
July 5	3751'	36' Drilling 12 1/4" hole. 5 units background gas. Mattson sand. Sandstone 10%, Siltstone 40%, Shale 30%, Limestone 20%, Surveys:- 3719'-6 1/8°, 3727'-6°. Mud wt 9.2, visc 39
July 6	3801'	50' Drilling 12 1/4" hole, 2 units background gas. Mattson sand. 80% sandstone, 10% Siltstone, 10% Shale. Surveys:- 3764'-5 5/8° 3798'-6 1/2°, mud weight 9.2, viscosity 38
July 7	3845'	44' Drilling 12 1/4" hole. 2 units background gas. Mattson sand. 20% Sandstone, 40% Siltstone, 30% Shale. Surveys:-3815'-6° Mud wt. 9.2, visc. 37
July 8	3899'	54' Drilling 12 1/4" hole. 5 units background gas. Mattson sand. Shale 90%, Dolomite 10%. Surveys:- 3850'-6°, 3888'-6°, mud wt 9.2 Visc. 37
July 9	3957'	58' Drilling 12 1/4" hole, 4 units background gas. Mattson sand. Sandstone 60%, Siltstone 40%. Surveys:- 3920'-6°, 3950'- 6 1/2°.
July 10	4037'	80' Drilling 12 1/4" hole. 4 units background gas. May be coming out of mattson sand. Shale 70%, Siltstone 20%, Lime 10%. Surveys 3975' - 6 1/2°, 4012' - 7°, mud wt. 9.2, visc. 35
July 11	4149'	112' Drilling 12 1/4" hole, 5 units background gas. 70 units connec- tion gas. Sandstone 90%, mixed 10%. Surveys:- 4040' - 7°, 4070'-7 1/8°, 4100'-7 5/8°, 4130'-7 3/4°. Mud wt. 9.2, visc 39
July 12	4223'	74' Drilling 12 1/4" hole. 3 units background gas. Lower Mattson Flett transition. Shale 40%, Siltstone 40%, Sandstone 20%. Surveys:- 4165'-8 1/2°, 4195' - 9°, mud wt. 9.2, visc 41
July 13	4330'	107' Drilling 12 1/4" hole. 10 units background gas. Mattson-Flett Transition. 40% Shale, 60% Siltstone. Surveys:- 4225'-8°, 4263'-8°, 4290'-8 3/4°, 4325'-8 1/4°. Mud wt. 9.2, visc. 39
July 14	4460'	130' Drilling 12 1/4" hole. 15 units background gas. Mattson- Flett transition. 10% Shale, 50% Siltstone, 40% Sandstone. Surveys:-4353'-8 1/4°, 4415'-8 1/4°. Mud wt. 9.4, visc. 42





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DATE	DEPTH	DETAIL OF OPERATION
July 15	4540'	80' Drilling 12 1/4" hole. 5 units background gas. 60% Siltstone 50% Shale Surveys:- 4478'-8 1/2°. Mud wt. 9.3, Viscosity 41
July 16	4621'	81' Drilling 12 1/4" hole. Running in bit #30. 5 units background gas. Siltstone 80%, Shale 10%, Sandstone 10%. Surveys:- 4528'-8 3/4° 4620' - 9°. Mud wt. 9.3, viscosity 41
July 17	4700'	79' Drilling 12 1/4" hole. 10 units background gas. 100% Siltstone Surveys:-4690' - 8°. Mud wt. 9.4, visc. 40
July 18	4792'	92' Drilling 12 1/4" hole. 5 units background gas. 40% Siltstone 30% Sandstone, 10% Limestone, 20% Dolomite. Surveys:-4725' - 8° 4785' - 7 3/4°. Mud wt. 9.4, Viscosity 38
July 19	4946'	154' Drilling 12 1/4" hole. 35 units background gas. Shale 20%, Siltstone 40%, Silty Sandstone 30%, Sandstone 10%. Surveys:- 4850' - 6 3/4°, 4910' - 6 1/2° Mud wt. 9.3, viscosity 40
July 20	5113'	167' Drilling 12 1/4" hole. 20 units background gas. Shale 70%, Siltstone 30%, Surveys:- 4976' - 6 1/2°, 5035' - 6 1/2°, 5070' - 6 1/4° 5102' - 6 1/2°. Mud wt. 9.3, visc. 44
July 21	5221'	108' Drilling 12 1/4" hole. 25 units background gas. At 5110' - 6 3/4° N 52°W with displacement 226.35 N 66° 57'W. Made directional survey on trip. 60% Shale, 20% Siltstone, 20% Sandstone. Surveys:-5140'-6 1/2° Mud wt. 9.4, visc 47
July 22	5266'	45' Drilling 12 1/4" hole. Tripping for bit. 5 units background gas. Shale 80%, Siltstone 20%. Surveys:- 5225' - 7°N 16°W. Mud wt. 9.3, visc 47
July 23	5466'	200' Drilling 12 1/4" hole. Background gas 50 units, formation shale 100%. Surveys:- 5350' - 8°N 0W 5415' - 8 1/4°N 4°W Mud wt. 9.4 visc. 42
July 24	5624'	158' Drilling 12 1/4" hole. Background gas 15 units. Flett top 5606' 100% Shale. Surveys:- 5470' 8 1/2°N 0E, 5530' - 8 1/3°N 1°E 5600' - 8 1/4°N 2°E Mud wt. 9.5, visc 44
July 25	5770'	146' Drilling 12 1/4" hole. Background gas 8 units. 5624' - 5710' 100% Shale 5710' - 5750' 50% Dolomite 50% Shale. Mud wt. 9.4, visc. 40





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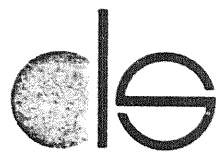
DAILY OPERATIONS REPORT

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WELL COLUMBIA ET AL KOTANEELEE YT H38

DATE	DEPTH	DETAIL OF OPERATION
1977		
Aug 13	7992'	Footage 72'. Drilling 12½" hole, Flowline temp 52.6°C, drilling exponent 1.79, Bulk Density 2.66, Total gas 3 units, background gas 25 units, Limestone 50%, Shale 40%, Dolomite 5%, Marl trace, Chert trace. Surveys: 7940'-6 3/4°M 40°W, Mud wt 9.8, viscosity 39
Aug 14	8120'	Footage 128'. Drilling 12 1/4" hole. Flowline temp 55.7°C, Drilling Exp. 1.74, Bulk Density 2.63, Background gas 23 units, total gas 9 units, Shale 70%, Limestone 30%, weather clear Surveys:-8030'-6½°N 42°W, Mud wt. 9.8, viscosity 41
Aug 15	8130'	Footage 10' drilled 12½"hole to 8130', pulled and picked up core barrel Drop table bushing locking pin down hole while installing pipe wiper. Ran in with 11" magnet and Junk Sub. No recovery. Running in with bit and junk sub. Flowline temp 55°C, drilling exponent 1.64, Cuttings gas 7 units, background gas 22 units, shale density 2.67, Shale 75% Limestone 25% Surveys:- 8120'-6½°
Aug 16	8169'	Footage 39' Recovering core #1, core dia 4", bit OD 8 15/32", ran in with tooth bit and junk sub, drilled 4' hole, worked pipe and pump and recover most of fish. Ran back in hole to cut core #1, 8134'-8169' (35') recovered 100%. Flowline temp 120°F, drilling exponent 1.33, Shale density 2.6, cuttings gas 4 units, background gas 40 units, Shale 90%, Limestone 5%, Marl 5%. Surveys:-8160'-6°N 45°W, mud wt. 9.9, visc 45
Aug 17	8192'	Footage 23'. Lay down core barrel, run in with 12 1/4" bit, ream rat hole 8134'-8169' (35') drill ahead 12½" hole. Flowline temp 52.9°C., Drilling exponent 2.0, Shale density 2.6, cuttings gas 4 units, background gas 30 units, Shale 90%, Limestone 5%, Marl 5%, Surveys:-8160'-6°N 45°W, Mud wt. 10.0, viscosity 44
Aug 18	8282'	Footage 90'. Drilling 12½" hole, Flowline temp 54.1°C, drilling exp 1.7, Shale density 2.63. Cuttings gas 3 units, Background gas 45 units, Shale 80%, Marl 20%, Surveys: 8255'-5½°N 48°W Mud wt. 9.9, viscosity 45
Aug 19	8484'	Footage 202' Drilling 12½" hole. Flowline temperature 55°C Drilling exp





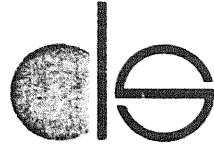
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## DAILY OPERATIONS REPORT

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WELL: COLUMBIA ET AL KOTANEELEE YT H38

DATE	DEPTH	DETAIL OF OPERATION
1977		
		1.77, Shale Density 2.62, Cuttings Gas 5 units, Background gas 35 units, Shale 20%, Limestone 80%, Weather - broken cloud, smoky
		Surveys:- 8325'-5 <sup>o</sup> N 50 <sup>o</sup> W. Mud wt. 9.8, viscosity 44
Aug 20	8631'	Footage 147'. Running in with Bit:#43. Flowline temp. 62C, Drilling Exponent 1.78, Shale Density 2.62, Cuttings Gas 5 units, Background Gas 35 units, Shale 20%, Limestone 80%, Weather - overcast
		Surveys:-8475'-4 3/4 <sup>o</sup> N 50 <sup>o</sup> W. 8620'-4 <sup>o</sup> . Mud wt. 9.8, viscosity 45
Aug 21	8810'	Footage 179' Drilling 12 1/4" hole. Flowline temp. 57C. Drilling exponent 1.70. Shale Density 2.63, Cuttings gas 10 units, Background gas 72 units. Shale 100%. Weather: Raining and broken cloud. Surveys:-8750'-4 1/4 <sup>o</sup> N 36 <sup>o</sup> W. Mud wt. 9.8, visc. 45
Aug 22	9030'	Footage 220'. Drilling 12 1/4" hole. Flowline temperature 60 <sup>o</sup> C. Drilling Exponent 1.72, Shale Density 2.65, Cuttings Gas 8-12 units. Background Gas 90 units. Shale 100%. Weather - warm & clear. Surveys:-8910'-3 3/4 <sup>o</sup> N 31 <sup>o</sup> W. Mud wt. 9.8, visc. 44
Aug 23	9200'	Footage 170'. Tripping for bit. Flowline temperature 50 <sup>o</sup> C. Drilling Exponent 1.68, Shale Density 2.65, Cuttings Gas 8-12 units. Background gas 180 units. Shale 100%. Surveys:-9100'-3 3/4 <sup>o</sup> N 41 <sup>o</sup> W. Mud wt. 9.9 visc. 46
Aug 24	9240'	Footage 40'. Drilling 12 1/4" hole. Flowline temperature 58.1C, Drilling Exponent 1.98, Shale Density 2.65, Cuttings Gas 5 units. Background Gas 60 units. Shale 100%. Surveys:-9230'-3 3/4 <sup>o</sup> N 43 <sup>o</sup> W Mud wt. 10.0, viscosity 47
Aug 25	9310'	Footage 70'. Drilling 12 1/4" hole. Bit torquing, will pull at 8:30 am. Flowline temp. 58.6 <sup>o</sup> C. Drilling Exponent 2.0, Shale Density 2.69, Total gas 7 units. Background gas 35 units. Shale 100%. Trace limestone. Surveys:-9290'-3 1/2 <sup>o</sup> N 43 <sup>o</sup> W. Mud wt. 9.9, visc 47
Aug 26	9415'	Footage 105'. Drilling 12 1/4" hole. Flowline temperature 60.7 <sup>o</sup> C Drilling exponent 1.75, Shale Density 2.69, Total Gas 5 units. Background Gas 70 Units, Shale 100%. Weather - clear. Layed down ShockSub. Mud wt. 10.0, viscosity 48
Aug 27	9583'	Footage 168'. Drilling 12 1/4" hole. Flowline temperature 58.8 <sup>o</sup> C



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WELL COLUMBIA ET AL KOTANEELEE YT H38

DATE	DEPTH	DETAIL OF OPERATION
Aug 4	7295'	Footage 120' Drilling 12½" hole 40 units background gas, Shale 80%, Limestone 20% Weather clear and sunny. Surveys:-7225' 8°N 29°W Mud wt 9.5 Viscosity 42
Aug 5	7367'	Footage 72' Drilling 12½" hole 60 units background gas Flow line temp 125°F weather-overcast Limestone 50%, Shale 50% Surveys 7290'-8½°N 28W Mud wt 9.4 viscosity 42
Aug 6	7484'	Footage 117' drilling 12½"hole background gas 45 units Flowline temp 123°F Total gas 10 units, drilling exponent 1.7 bulk density 2.65, Shale 40%, Limestone 60%, Surveys 7115'-8 3/4°N 28W Mud wt 9.5, viscosity 39
Aug 7	7605'	Footage 121' drilling 12½" hole background gas 20 units, Flowline temp 125°F Drilling Exponent 1.7, Bulk Density 2.56, Total gas 8 units, limestone 50% Shale 50% weather - raining
Aug 8	7707'	Footage 102' run in with Bit #38. Background gas 30 units, drilling exp 1.8 Flowline temp 54.2°C, Bulk Density 2.66, Lime 75%, Shale 25%, total gas 6 units, surveys:-7700' 7 1/4°N, 32W 7600'-7 1/2°N 32W mud wt 9.3 visc 41
Aug 9	7852'	Footage 145' Trip to check wash out. Background gas increased to 1000 units 7740'-7770'. Dropped to 540 units 7770'-7800'. 1000 units 7800'-7820' 130 units 7820'-7850' drilling exponent 1.60. Limestone 75% Shale 5% Chert 20% weather clear, Surveys:-, '90' 7½°N 32°W, mud wt. 9.5, visc 45
Aug 10	7888'	Footage 36' Drilling 12½" hole. Flowline temp 54°C, Background Gas 100 units, Bulk Density 2.62, Total Gas 7 units, Drilling Exponent 1.70, Will DST gas kick in Lower Flett this PM and core top of carbonate Limestone 70%, Shale 20%, Chert 10%, Surveys:7870'-6½°N 32°W, Mud wt. 9.7 viscosity 47
Aug 11	7920'	Footage 22'. Run DST 7725'-7920' Preflow 10 min, strong airblow. GTS in 6 mins, now in initial shut in. Flowline temp 54.2°C, background gas 100 units, total gas 8 units, drilling exponent 1.59, bulk density 2.58 Shale 70%, Limestone 20% Marl 10%, mud wt. 9.8, viscosity 40
Aug 12	7920'	Footage nol. Run in with 12 1/4" bit. DST #1 7725'-7920'. Basal Flett 10-30-60-120. Gas in place. Strong air blow, GTS in 6 minutes, after 10 minutes 1.34 MMcf/d, after 20 min 1.30MMcf, after 30 1.32 MM, made slug of mud, 40-60 min, 820 Mcf/d. Received 900' of drilling mud. IHP 4032, DEP 1569, ISIP 3359, FP 746-674, FSIP 2894, FHP 3932





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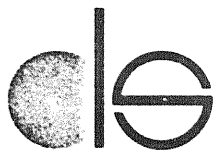
DAILY OPERATIONS REPORT

73F 8

WELL COLUMBIA ET AL KOTANEELEE YT H38

DATE	DEPTH	DETAIL OF OPERATION
1977		
		Drilling Exponent 1.72, Shale Density 2.70, Total Gas 2 units, Background Gas 60 Units. Shale 100%. Surveys:-9490'-2 3/4°N 48°W Mud wt. 9.8, viscosity 42
Aug 28	9650'	Footage 67'. Drilling 12 1/4" hole. Flowline temperature 58°C. Drilling Exponent 1.8, Shale Density 2.69. Total Gas 2 units. Background gas 60 units. Shale 100%. Weather - High scattered clouds. Surveys:-9610'-5°. Mud wt. 9.7, viscosity 45
Aug 29	9755'	Footage 105'. Drilling 12 1/4" hole. Flowline temperature 60.6°C Drilling Exponent 2.0, Shale Density 2.68, Total Gas 2.0 units. Background Gas 38 units. Shale 100%. Weather:-cloudy and wet. Surveys:-9740'-4 1/2°N 85°W. Mud wt. 9.7, viscosity 42
Aug 30	9813'	Footage 58'. Tripping for bit. Flowline temperature 62.4°C. Drilling Exponent 2.1 Shale Density 2.7, Total Gas 2 units, Background Gas 42 units. Shale 100%. Mud wt. 9.7, viscosity 45
Aug 31	9979'	Footage 156'. Drilling 12 1/4" hole. Flowline temperature 62.6°C Drilling Exponent 1.7, Shale Density 2.61, Cuttings Gas 13 uni's, Background Gas 100 Units. Shale 100%. Weather - clear Surveys:- 9950'-4 1/4°N 40°W. Mud wt. 9.6, visc. 43
Sept 1	10112'	Footage 133' Drilling 12 1/4" hole. Flowline Temperature 61°C. Drilling Exponent 1.84, Shale Density 2.68, Cuttings Gas 2 units, Background Gas 35 units. Shale 90%, Marl 10%. Weather - clear Mud wt. 9.7 viscosity 48
Sept 2	10202'	Footage 90'. Drilling 12 1/4" hole. Flowline temperature 60.8°C. Drilling Exponent 1.67, Shale Density 2.68, Cuttings Gas 8.0 units, Background Gas 80 units. Shale 90%, Marl 5%, Limestone 5%. Weather- cloudy and cool. surveys:- 10120'-5°. Mud wt. 9.7, viscosity 50
Sept 3	10328'	Drilling 12 1/4" hole. Flowline temperature 64.2°C. Background Gas 70 units. Drilling Exponent 1.80, Shale Density 2.66, Cuttings Gas 6.0 units. Shale 100%. Mud wt. 9.9, viscosity 42
Sept 4	10403'	Footage 75'. Tripping. Flowline temperature 62.4°C. Drilling Exponent 1.72, Shale Density 2.64, Background Gas 600-200 units. Shale 95%. Limestone 5%. Mud wt. 9.7, visc. 41 Surveys:- 10403- 4 3/4° Totco





D&S PETROLEUM CONSULTANTS LTD.

DAILY OPERATIONS REPORT

73F8

WELL: COLUMBIA ET AL KOTANEELEE YT H38

DATE	DEPTH	DETAIL OF OPERATION
1977		
Sept 5	10,621'	Footage 218'. Drilling 12 1/4" hole. Flowline temperature 62.1°C Background Gas 325 units. Drilling exponent 1.81. Cuttings Gas 20 units. Chert 90%, Shale 10%. Weather - overcast and raining. Mud wt. 9.7, visc. 44
Sept 6	10,677'	Footage 56'. Tripping. Flowline temperature 63°C. Drilling exponent 1.96, Shale Density 2.72, Background Gas 260 units, Cuttings Gas 20 units. Shale 70%, Chert 10%, Marl 20%. Weather - overcast. Surveys:-10,677' - 49°N, 4 1/2°W. Mud wt. 9.8, visc. 42
Sept 7	10,795'	Footage 118'. Drilling 12 1/4" hole. Flowline temperature 63.8°C Drilling Exponent 1.82, Shale Density 2.68, Background Gas 300 units. Cuttings Gas 3.0 units, Shale 100% Mud wt. 9.8, visc 45
Sept 8	10,850'	Footage 55'. Logging - Schlumberger. Logging depth 10,805' Flowline temperature 64°C, Drilling Exponent 1.9, Shale Density 2.67 Background Gas 300 units, Cuttings Gas 3 units. Surveys:- 10840' - 4 1/2°. Mud wt. 9.7, viscosity 40
Sept 9	10,850'	No footage. Completed DILL & Sonic GR caliper 10,805' - 3021'. Ran in hole with CNL-FDC; tool problem, repaired same. Ran back with CNL- FDC to 4000'. Driller working on drawworks brake, dropped blocks and damaged Schlumberger's sheave, wt. indicator, and cable. Restrung travelling blocks, pulled Schlumberger tool out of hole and cut off 3100' logging line. Picking up new sheave at Beaver River. Should be logging at 10:00 AM today.
Sept 10	10,850'	No footage. Waiting on additional logging tools. Strung 10 lines while waiting for Otter to return from Dawson Creek with second CNL-FDC tool. Ran in to log CNL-FDC, tool would not work. Leaving for Dawson Creek to pick up third CNL-FDC tool at daybreak.
Sept 11	10,850'	No footage. Ran CNL-FDC log 10,805 - 8021'. Finished logging, rigged out loggers. Ran in hole with bit to circulate hole. Clean approx. 60' of fill.
Sept 12	10,850'	No footage. Tripping and circulating, conditioning hole to run casing. Pulled out of hole, laying down 9" & 7 1/2" drill collars and BH assembly. Mud wt. 9.7, viscosity 46



## D&amp;S PETROLEUM CONSULTANTS LTD.

## DAILY OPERATIONS REPORT

73F8

WELL: COLUMBIA ET AL KOTANEELEE VT H38

DATE	DEPTH	DETAIL OF OPERATION
1977		
Sept 13	10,850'	No footage. Running 9 5/8" casing. Break and lay down Bottom Hole assembly, change pipe rams, rig to and run 9 5/8" casing, 62 joints in. Weather - raining.
Sept 14	10,850'	No footage. Running 9 5/8" casing. 237 joints in, 29 joints left to run. Weather - clearing.
Sept 15	10,850'	No footage. Wait on Cement. Ran 266 joints (10,862') 9 5/8", mod N80 43.5# buttress and 47# N80 8 rd with stage collar at 8880'. Cemented casing at 10,827' with 600 sacks Class "G" cement, retarded on bottom and 1400 sacks on second stage. Plugs down at 12:00 midnight and 5:00 AM Sept 15. Carried out as per casing program. Weather - broken
Sept 16	10,850'	No footage. Nipple up BOP's and preparing to pressure test. Change pump liners to 5 1/2", rams from 9 5/8" to 5", pick up BOP's, set slips cut off casing, pick up 9 - 6 1/4" collars. Weather - clear
Sept 17	10,850'	No footage. Drilling out DV tool. Installed 7" casing hangar. Tested seals, pressured up seal assembly to 3000 psi, held OK. Nippled up BOP's, flareline, accumulator line and turnbuckles on BOP's. Pressure tested blind rams, kill line and manifold to 4500 psi, held OK. Installed wear bushing and ran in hole to drill out DV tool.
Sept 18	10,920'	70' Tripping for bit. Drilled out DV tool, tagged float collar. Pressure tested hydril to 2000 psi, upper and lower pipe rams to 4500, casing to 4500. Drilled out float collar and float shoe, and 15' of new hole. Pressure tested formation to 700 psi. Shoe at 10,850' KB. Prepared remote control Cameron choke. Flowline temp 55.2°C, Back ground Gas 80 units, Cuttings Gas 18 units, Drilling Exponent 4.9, Shale Density 2.65, Shale 80%, Chert 20%, clay trace. Mud wt. 9.4 viscosity 36
Sept 19	10,982'	62' Drilling 8 1/2" hole. Flowline temp 58.4C. Background Gas 150 units, Cuttings Gas 14 units, Shale Density 2.67, Drilling Exponent 2.06 Trip Gas 1000 units, Shale 80%, Chert 20%. Weather - clear. Surveys:- 10,920' - 3 7/8°. Mud wt. 9.6, viscosity 40
Sept 20	11,045'	63' Drilling 8 1/2" hole. Gov't BOP check OK. Flowline temp 56.6C Background Gas 195 units, Cuttings Gas 7 units, Shale Density 2.7,



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## DAILY OPERATIONS REPORT

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WELL: COLUMBIA ET AL KOTANEELEE YT H38

DATE	DEPTH	DETAIL OF OPERATION
1977		
		Drilling Exponent 2.08. Trip Gas 1000 units. Shale 90%, Limestone 10%
		Weather - high scattered. Surveys:- 11,025' - 5°. Mud wt 9.5, visc. 40
Sept 21	11,158'	113' Drilling 8 1/2" hole. Flowline temp 60.4C, Background Gas 200 units, Cuttings Gas 3 units, Shale Density 2.7, Drilling Exponent 1.93. Shale 90%, Siltstone 10%. Weather - clear and mild
		Mud wt. 9.9, viscosity 35
Sept 22	11,240'	82' Drilling 8 1/2" hole. Flowline temperature 62C, Drilling Exponent 1.92, Shale Density 2.69, Background Gas 360 units, Cuttings Gas 4.0 units. Shale 90%, Limestone 5%, Dolomite 5%. Mud wt 9.9, Viscosity 36
Sept 23	11,300'	60' Drilling 8 1/2" hole. Flowline temp 57C, Background Gas 320 units, Cuttings Gas 3 units, Shale Density 2.62, Drilling Exponent 1.72, Shale 95%, Carbonate 5%. Surveys 11,254'-6°, Mud wt 9.9, visc 36
Sept 24	11,387'	87' Drilling 8 1/2" hole. Flowline temp 62C, Background Gas 280 units, Cuttings Gas 10 units, Shale Density 2.65, Drilling Exponent 1.82, Shale 90%, Carbonate 10%. Weather - cloudy. Surveys:- 11,362'-6 1/2°
		Mud wt. 9.9, viscosity 36
Sept 25	11,447'	60'. Drilling 8 1/2" hole. Flowline temperature 59C, Background Gas 180 units, Cuttings Gas 8 units, Shale Density 2.6, Drilling Exponent 1.75, Shale 100%. Weather - high. Surveys:-11,362'-6 1/2°.
		Mud wt. 9.9, viscosity 36
Sept 26	11,527'	80' Drilling 8 1/2" hole. Flowline temp 61C. Background Gas 400 units, Cuttings Gas 10 units, Shale Density 2.66, Drilling Exponent 1.88, Shale 100%, Weather - clear. Surveys:- 11,422'-6 3/4°. Mud wt 9.9, Viscosity 37
Sept 27	11,654'	127' Pull to run core barrel. Will cut 60' of core. Carbonate 11,640 Flowline temp 141F, Background Gas 400-900 units, Drilling Exponent 1.71, Shale Density 2.65, Cuttings Gas 6 units. 9% Limestone, 5% Chert. Mud wt. 9.8, visc 37
Sept 28	11,690'	36' Pick up test tools. DST #2 11,630' - 11,690'. Flowline temp 57.3C, Background Gas 450 units, Cuttings Gas 6 units, Drilling Exponent 1.31, 100% Dolomite. Surveys:- 11,654'-6 1/4°





## D&amp;S PETROLEUM CONSULTANTS LTD.

## DAILY OPERATIONS REPORT

73F8

WELL COLUMBIA ET AL KOTANEELEE YT H38

DATE	DEPTH	DETAIL OF OPERATION
1977		
Sept 29	11,690'	No footage. DST #2. Tripping out, will run core barrel. DST #2, 11,630'-11,690' 3500' water cushion. 10-60-120-240. Weak air blow. Water cushion and gas to surface in 30 minutes; from 4.064 MMCF/d in 60 minutes to 1.832 MMCF/d in 120 minutes. Recovered 750' gassy water cushion. HP 5976, PF 1619, ISIP - 5608, FP-1748-659, FSIP 5680 FHP 5976 Mud wt. 9.9, visc 37
Sept 30	11,732'	42' Cutting core #2, 11,690'-11,732'. Will continue to 11,750'. Corrected Flow Rates on DST #2 - 5.09 MMcf/d, decreasing at end of test to 2.30 MMcf/d. Flowline temp 59C, Background Gas 230 units, Drilling Exponent 1.65, cuttings Gas 5 - 6 units. Dolomite 100% Mud wt. 10.0, visc 42
Oct 1	11,787'	55' Core #2 11,690' - 11,750'. Recovered 60'. Flowline temp 61.2C, Background Gas 280 units, Drilling Exponent 1.53, Cuttings Gas 6 units, 100% Dolomite Mud wt. 9.9, viscosity 37
Oct 2	11,890'	103' Running DST #3 11,680'-11,890' (210') 2500' water cushion. Flowline temperature 58.9C, Background Gas 215 units, Drilling Ex. 1.43 Cuttings Gas 12 units, Dolomite 100%. Mud wt. 10.0, Visc 37
Oct 3	11,890'	No footage. Running DST #4 - DST #3 - 11,680'-11,890' misrun. Strong air blow on preflow. Gas to surface on initial shut-in. Lost seat on valve opening. ISIP 5624. Had 2500' of water cushion. Circulated out gas kick thru pump out sub. Running DST #4 11,695'-11,890', 3500' water cushion. Misrun, lost seat on preflow, start out of hole.
Oct 4	11,890'	No footage. Running in with DST #5 - 11,620'-11,890'. 3 packers and 3500' water cushion. Bled off gas from DST #4, jarred packer loose, pulled out, no damage to rubbers, added extra rubber, changed interval and changed hydraulic tool, rerun test.
Oct 5	11,895'	5' Drilling 8 1/2" hole. Ran DST #5, 11,620'-11,890'. 10-60-120-240 Fair air blow. Gas to surface in 45 minutes of initial shut in. Water cushion in 10 minutes of valve open. Recovered 800' of muddy water cushion. Gas at 50 min - 10 MMcf/d - wet gas, at 60 min, 9.4 MMcf/d wet gas, 70 min - 8.6 MMcf/d, wet gas - 80 min, 7.6 MMcf/d drying up IHP 5886, ISIP 5608, FP 1831-906. FSIP -5608, FHP-5850, BHT 286F



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DAILY OPERATIONS REPORT

73F8

WELL COLUMBIA ET AL. KOTANEETLEE VT H38

DATE	DEPTH	DETAIL OF OPERATION
1977		
Oct 6	12,040'	145' Running in to cut core #3. Circulated out gas kick from DST #5. Background Gas 235 - 520 units. Weather - broken cloud had skiff of snow. Mud wt 9.8, viscosity 37
Oct 7	12,094'	54' Drilling 8 1/2" hole. Cut and recovered core #3. 12,040'-12,064' Recovered 24'. Core jammed. Ran 8 1/2" bit, drilling ahead. Background Gas 340 units, Drilling Exponent 1.67, Cuttings Gas 7 units, Flowline temp 46.2C, Dolomite 100%. Weather - fogged in. Mud wt 10.0 viscosity 38
Oct 8	12,285'	191' Cutting core #4, 12,260'-12,285'. Will core to 12,320'. Flowline temp 49.6C, Background Gas 250 units, Cuttings Gas 4 units, Drilling Exponent 1.39, Dolomite 100%. Mud wt 10.0, visc 36
Oct 9	12,450'	165' Drilling 8 1/2" hole. Will core at 12,450'. Core #4 recovered 60'. Background Gas 370 units, Drilling Exponent 1.49, cuttings Gas 3 units, Flowline temp 56.3C, Dolomite 100%. Mud wt 9.9, visc 36
Oct 10	12,510'	60' Cut core #5, 12,450'-12,510'. Pulling core barrel. Background Gas 75 units, Drilling Exponent 1.56, Cuttings Gas 4 units, Flowline temp 60.5C, Dolomite 100% Mud wt. 10.0, Visc 42
Oct 11	12,675'	165' Drilling 8 1/2" hole. Background Gas 140 - 600 units, Drilling Exponent 1.75, Cuttings Gas 3 units, Flowline temp 65.6C, Dolomite 100% Mud wt. 10.0, visc 42
Oct 12	12,713'	38' Cutting core #6. 12,708-12,713'. Will core to 12,768'. Background Gas 360 units, Drilling Exponent 1.88, Cuttings Gas 2 units Flowline temp 66.7C. Dolomite 100%. Mud wt. 10.1, visc 42
Oct 13	12,758'	50' On bottom. Cutting core #7, from 12,755'. Core #6 12,708'-12,755'. (47') Recovered 47'. Background Gas 500 units, Trip Gas 2000 units, Cuttings Gas 2 units, Flowline Temp 57.5°C. Dolomite 100% Mud wt. 10.1, visc 37
Oct 14	12,789'	31' Logging - CNL-FDC log. Core #7, 12,755'-12,789', recovered 34' Background Gas 400 - 480 units. Cuttings Gas 3 units. Dolomite 100% Mud wt. 10.0, visc 46
Oct 15	12,789'	TD Logging. CNL-FDC-GR. 12,789'-10,850' GR failed after 400'.



D&S PETROLEUM CONSULTANTS LTD.

DAILY OPERATIONS REPORT

73F8

WELL : COLUMBIA ET AL KOTANEELEE VT H38

DATE	DEPTH	DETAIL OF OPERATION
1977		
		Dipmeter 12,789'-12,850'. Dual LLGR 12,789'-10,850'. BHC-SGC 10,789'-10,850'. Now running Variable Density
Oct 16	12,789'	Circulate and condition mud. Variable Density and Wavetrain 12,789'- 11,500'. Velocity 10,200' to surface. Tool would not go any deeper Had gas kick when bottom circulated up. Mud wt. 9.9, visc 44
Oct 17	12,789'	Laying down drill collars. Layed down 389 joints of drill pipe. circulated and conditioned mud prior to laying down drill pipe. Weather - high overcast, very windy, unable to fly. Mud wt. 10.0, visc 43
Oct 18	12,789'	Running 7" casing - 150 joints run
Oct 19	12,789'	WOC. Ran 225 joints (8899') 7" 32# Mod N80 LT&C, 98 joints (3899') 7" 29# mod N80 buttress, set @ 12,789'. Cemented by 500 sacks oilwell class "G", 30% silica flour, 1% R-55, .5% T10. Plug down at 3:50 AM Oct 19. Bumped plug with 500 PSI+. Held OK. Good mud returns throughout. Weather - windy - unable to fly.
Oct 20	12,789	WOC. Waiting on completion program
Oct 21	12,789	Waiting on completion equipment. Set 7" casing slip made first cut on 7" casing. Set slips at 320,000 lbs. tension
Oct 22	12,789	Waiting on completion equipment. RIG RELEASED from drilling operations 12:00 noon, October 21
Oct 23	12,789	Waiting on completion equipment
Oct 24	12,789	Waiting on completion equipment. Tagged cement top at 12,681. Ran Gamma-Ray Neutron Correlation log 12,681'-11,500'. Weather - clearing, wet and windy, airstrip wet
Oct 25	12,789	PBD 12,681'. Waiting on completion equipment. Installed 4 1/2" tubing hangar. DC-3 unable to fly yesterday, will bring in BH assembly today.
Oct 26	12,789	PBD 12,681. Running 4 1/2" CS Hyd'ril tubing. Moved in tubing equip- ment and running tools. Ran 7" Eaker Model "D" production packer on Schlumberger line and set at 11,540'. Made up and ran Bottom Hole assembly as per program. Rigged up tongs and Gater Hawk tube test equipment and sh <sub>d</sub> down for night.





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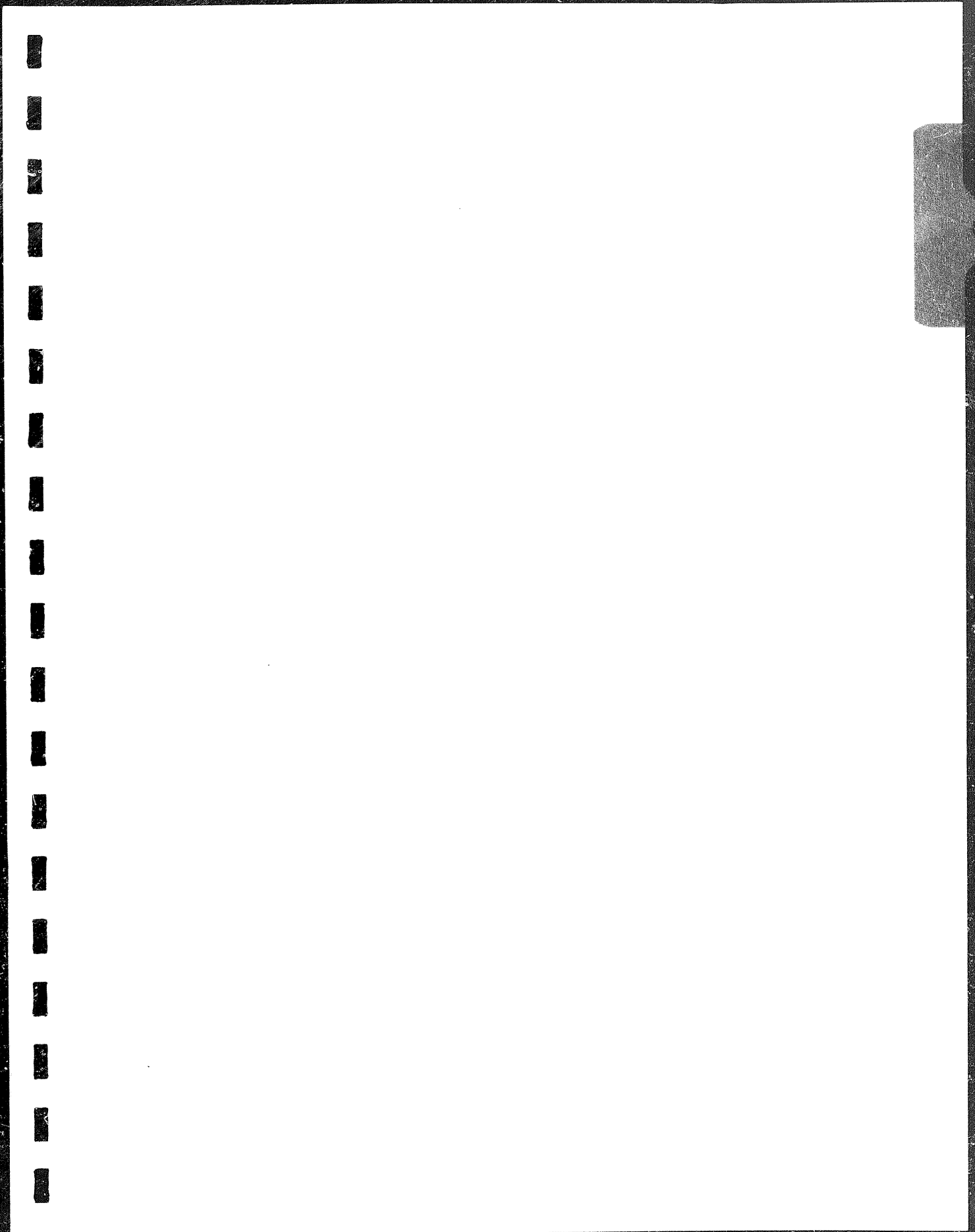
DAILY OPERATIONS REPORT

73F8

WELL : COLUMBIA ET AL KOTANEELEE YT H38

DATE	DEPTH	DETAIL OF OPERATION
1977		
Oct 27	12,789'	PBD 12,681'. Running 4 1/2" CS Hydril tubing. Ran 132 joints. Pressure testing connections to 8000 psi. Weather - clear & mild
Oct 28	12,789'	PBD 12,681'. Running 4 1/2" CS Hydril tubing. 330 joints run, 45 left to run.
Oct 29	12,789'	PBD 12,681'. Flowing well to pit. Ran 4 1/2" CS Hydril tubing to string into Baker Model "D" packer at 11,540', latched into packer, and sheared pins in tubing seal receptacle, took right torque and pulled up out of "J" slot in receptacle. Spaced out final hook-up. Circulated hole with 375 Bbls of inhibited water using 1% Coroban. Displaced 2 Bbls of diesel fuel down annulus. Installed wellhead and landed tubing in packer with tubing seal receptacle open 5'. Mule shoe landed at 11,606'. Baker model "D" landed at 11,540'. Top of bottom hole assembly 11,420'. Used a total of 375 joints of 4 1/2" CS Hydril C-75, 12.75# tubing. Pressure tested with Newsco on annulus to 5400 psi, on wellhead and tubing to 6400 psi. Held OK for 15 minutes on each test. Ran Schlumberger 2 1/8" scallop guns and perforated from 11,641' to 11,900' as per program, with 2 shots per foot (148') 308 shots. Water started to flow after last gun. Hooked up to flare line and blew water and gas till flare decreased to approximately 1 million. RIG RELEASED 8:00 AM, October 29, 1977 the following intervals have been perforated
		11,641' - 11,665' 24'      11,803' - 11,806' 3'
		11,668' - 11,687' 19'      11,809' - 11,818' 9'
		11,700' - 11,720' 20'      11,824' - 11,831' 7'
		11,729' - 11,742' 13'      11,847' - 11,854' 7'
		11,763' - 11,780' 17'      11,857' - 11,867' 10'
		11,789' - 11,792' 3'      11,871' - 11,874' 3'
		11,795' - 11,798' 3'      11,890' - 11,900' 10'
		TOTAL 148 feet, 310 shots
Oct 30	12,789'	PBD 12,681' Flowing well to pit. Tearing out rig. Flowing on 3/8" choke with 400 psi back pressure







SECTION IV

I

L O G S

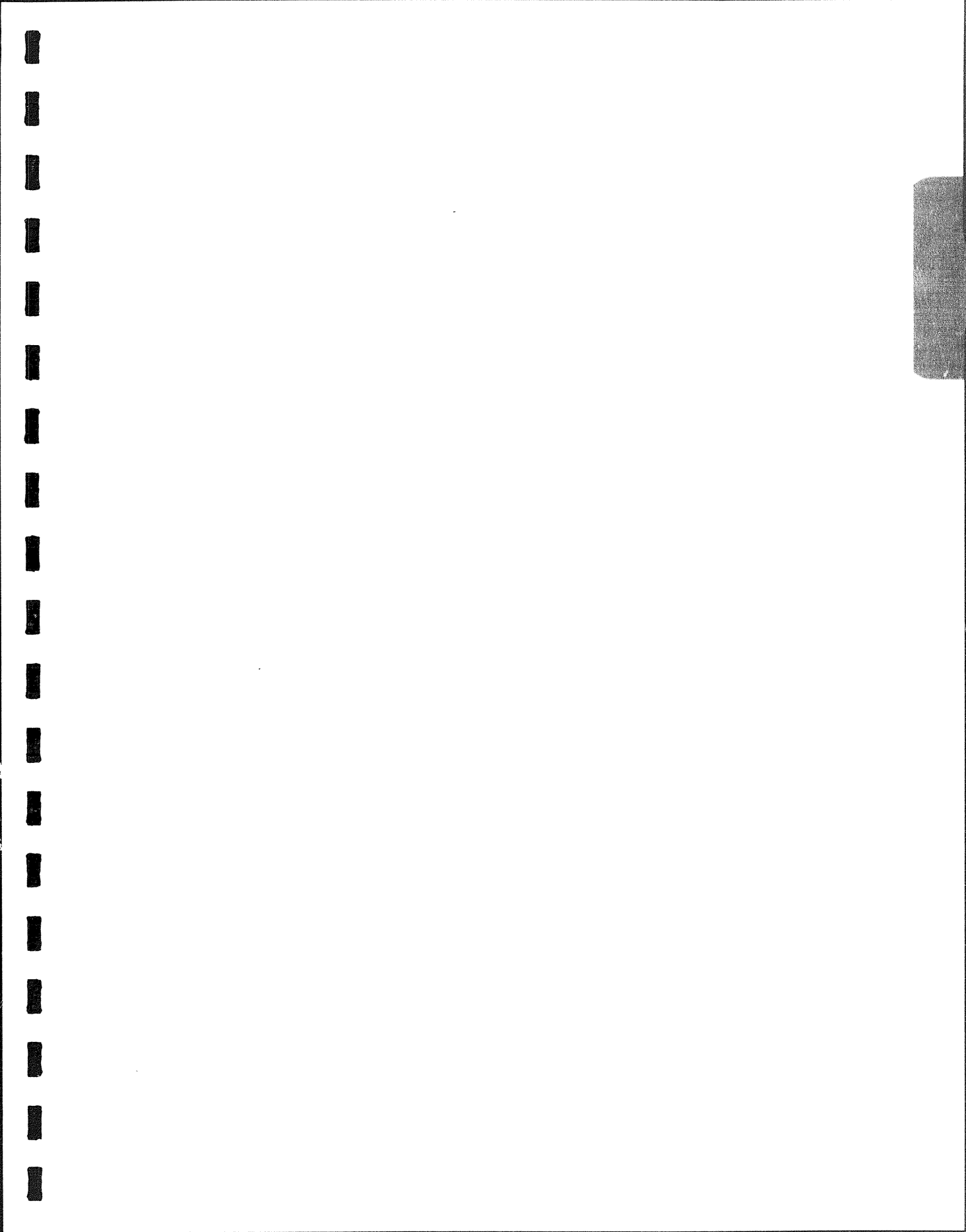
<u>TYPE OF LOG</u>	<u>INTERVAL</u>	<u>DATE RUN</u>
Dual Induction-Laterolog	772-3015	May 23, 1977
Compensated Neutron-Formation Density	772-3020	May 23, 1977
Borehole Compensated Sonic Log	772-3018	May 23, 1977
Dual Induction-Laterolog	3020-10800	Sept. 8, 1977 ✓
Compensated Neutron-Formation Density	3020-10804	Sept. 10, 1977 ✓
Borehole Compensated Sonic Log	3020-10758	Sept. 8, 1977 ✓
Dual Laterolog	10840-12770	Oct. 15, 1977 ✓
Compensated Neutron-Formation Density	10838-12780	Oct. 14, 1977 ✓
Open Hole Variable Density Log	11500-12776	Oct. 15, 1977 ✓
Borehole Compensated Sonic Log	10840-12778	Oct. 15, 1977 ✓
Sonic Wave Form Photographs	11450-12775	Oct. 15, 1977 ✓
Exploration Logging Lithology Log	1000-12789	April 25 - Oct. 14, 1977
Exploration Logging Formation Pressure Log	1000-12789	April 25 - Oct. 14, 1977

SECTION IV

Logs

	<u>Run #1</u>	<u>Run #2</u>	<u>Run #3</u>
CNL-FDC-GR	772-3020'	3020-10804'	10838-12780'
DILL	772-3021'	3020-10800'	
BHCS	772-3018'	3020-10756'	10840-12778'
Dual Laterlog			10840-12770'
Sonic Wavetrain			11450-12775'
Open Hole Variable Density			11500-12776'
Dipmeter			10840-12789'

NOTE: All logs distributed as received





SECTION V

Analyses

COLUMBIA ET AL KOTANEELEE

YT H-38

Core No. 1	8134 - 8169	35'
Core No. 2	11690 - 11750	60'
Core No. 3	12040 - 12-64	24'
Core No. 4	12260 - 12390	60'
Core No. 5	12450 - 12510	60'
Core No. 6	12708 - 12755	47'
Core No. 7	12755 - 12789	34'

Drill Stem Test No. 1	7725 - 7920	195'
Drill Stem Test No. 2	11630 - 11690	30'
Drill Stem Test No. 3	11680 - 11890	misrun
Drill Stem Test No. 4	11695 - 11890	misrun
Drill Stem Test No. 5	11620 - 11890	270'

	<u>Run No. 1</u>	<u>Run No. 2</u>	<u>Run No. 3</u>
CNL-FDC-GR	772 - 3020	3020 - 10804	10838 - 12780
DILL	772 - 3021	3020 - 10800	
BHCS	772 - 3018	3020 - 10756	10840 - 12788
Dual Laterlog			10840 - 12770
Sonic Wave Train			11450 - 12775
Open Hole Variable Density			11500 - 12776
Dipmeter			10840 - 12780



CORE LABORATORIES - CANADA, LTD.

COLUMBIA GAS DEVELOPMENT  
 OF CANADA LTD.  
 COLUMBIA ET AL KOTANEELIE YR H-38  
 KOTANEELIE, NORTHWEST TERRITORIES  
 60° 07' 16" N.L.  
 124° 06' 03" W.L.

Formation NAHANNI  
 Drilling Fluid WATER BASE MUD  
 Elevation  
 Analysis FULL DIAMETER  
 Remarks

Page 1 of 11  
 File 7004-7571  
 Date Report NOVEMBER 21, 1977  
 Analysts BK JL JC TC MW CP

API GRAVITY: 1.020  
 FLOW POINT VISCOSITY: 100  
 PENETRATION: 2000 MO  
 REFRACTIVITY: 1.48  
 WAX CONTENT: 0.0  
 CONDUCTIVITY: 1000  
 SOLUBLE SOLIDS: 0.0  
 SULFUR: 0.0  
 CHLORINE: 0.0  
 AMMONIUM: 0.0  
 FOSPHORUS: 0.0  
 IRON: 0.0  
 SILICA: 0.0  
 ALUMINA: 0.0  
 CALCIUM: 0.0  
 MAGNESIUM: 0.0  
 POTASSIUM: 0.0  
 SODIUM: 0.0  
 CHLORIDE: 0.0  
 SULFATE: 0.0  
 NITRATE: 0.0  
 PHOSPHATE: 0.0  
 IRON: 0.0  
 SILICA: 0.0  
 ALUMINA: 0.0  
 CALCIUM: 0.0  
 MAGNESIUM: 0.0  
 POTASSIUM: 0.0  
 SODIUM: 0.0  
 CHLORIDE: 0.0  
 SULFATE: 0.0  
 NITRATE: 0.0  
 PHOSPHATE: 0.0

Sample Number	Interval Represented, Feet		K Max	Permeability to Air, Millidarcys		Porosity Per Cent	Porosity Feet	Density, gm/cc		Residual Saturations, Per Cent Pore Space		Vial Estimation
	Depth	Thick		K30°	KV			Bulk	Grain	Oil	Total Water	

CORED INTERVAL 11690.0' - 12789.0'  
 CORE NO. 2 11690.0' - 11750.0' (REC. 59.0') (16 BOXES)

1	11690.0-91.0	1.0	0.37	0.30	-0.01	0.37	1.7	1.70	2.77	2.82		SV PPV F
2	11691.0-92.2	1.2	1.21	0.53	-0.01	1.45	1.9	2.28	2.77	2.82		SV PPV F
3	11692.2-93.5	1.3	0.69	0.08	-0.01	0.90	1.0	1.30	2.79	2.82		PPV F
4	11693.5-94.4	0.9	0.06	0.03	-0.01	0.05	0.8	0.72	2.79	2.82		SV
5	11694.4-95.4	1.0	0.21	-0.01	-0.01	0.21	1.0	1.00	2.78	2.81		SV F
6	11695.4-96.3	0.9	1.13	0.36	-0.01	1.02	1.4	1.26	2.77	2.81		SV F
7	11696.3-97.6	1.3	0.59	0.21	0.10	0.76	1.3	1.69	2.79	2.83		SV F
8	11697.6-98.7	1.1	557.00	11.60	0.31	612.70	8.1	8.91	2.59	2.82		LV SV F
9	11698.7-99.9	1.2	1.24	1.10	-0.01	1.49	2.5	3.00	2.74	2.81		SV F
10	11699.9-01.2	1.3	0.57	0.38	-0.01	0.74	1.6	2.08	2.76	2.81		SV F
11	11701.2-02.3	1.1	0.53	0.41	-0.01	0.58	2.7	2.97	2.73	2.81		SV F
12	11702.3-03.4	1.1	1.54	0.98	-0.01	1.69	2.4	2.64	2.76	2.83		SV F
13	11703.4-04.4	1.0	1.82	1.46	-0.01	1.82	2.6	2.60	2.75	2.83		SV F
14	11704.4-05.1	0.7	0.80	0.58	-0.01	0.56	0.8	0.56	2.81	2.83		SV F
15	11705.1-06.0	0.9	5.72	0.58	-0.01	5.15	1.4	1.26	2.79	2.83		DENSE F
16	11706.0-07.0	1.0	1.08	0.78	-0.01	1.08	5.3	5.30	2.69	2.84		SV F
17	11707.0-07.7	0.7	10.40	1.91	-0.01	7.28	2.2	1.54	2.75	2.81		SV F
18	11707.7-08.5	0.8	0.27	0.24	-0.01	0.21	2.7	2.16	2.75	2.82		SV F
19	11708.5-09.5	1.0	19.80	3.98	-0.01	19.80	2.1	2.10	2.76	2.83		SV F
20	11709.5-10.7	1.2	16.40	0.08	-0.01	19.68	1.9	2.28	2.76	2.81		SV F
21	11710.7-11.7	1.0	8.94	1.89	0.06	8.94	2.6	2.60	2.76	2.83		SV F
22	11711.7-12.7	1.0	27.30	5.60	0.11	27.30	4.1	4.10	2.71	2.83		SV F
23	11712.7-13.6	0.9	2.55	2.33	0.07	2.30	3.0	2.70	2.76	2.85		SV F
24	11713.6-14.7	1.1	1.33	0.52	-0.01	1.46	2.0	2.20	2.77	2.83		SV PPV F
25	11714.7-15.7	1.0	1.30	1.11	-0.01	1.30	1.8	1.80	2.77	2.82		SV F
26	11715.7-16.2	0.5	9.02	0.71	0.07	4.51	3.7	1.85	2.73	2.84		SV PPV F



CORE LABORATORIES - CANADA, LTD.

COLUMBIA GAS DEVELOPMENT  
 OF: CANADA LTD.  
 COLUMBIA ET AL. KOTANEELLES YT H-38  
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CORE NO. 2 CONTINUED

Sample Number	Interval Represented, Feet		K Max	Permeability to Air, Millidarcys		KV	Permeability Feet	Porosity, Per Cent	Porosity Feet	Density, gm/cc		Residual Saturations, Per Cent Pore Space		Visual Examination
	Depth	Thickness		K90	K90					L/b	Grain	Oil	Total Water	
27	11716.2-17.0	0.8	**	3.69	0.28	2.95	10.6	8.48	2.53	2.83				LV SV F
28	11717.0-18.1	1.1	1.15	1.05	-0.01	1.27	4.5	4.95	2.68	2.81				SV F
29	11718.1-19.1	1.0	10.90	4.61		10.90	4.7	4.70	2.68	2.81				SV F
30	11719.1-20.3	1.2	7.09	1.53	0.17	8.51	3.3	3.96	2.73	2.82				SV PPV F
31	11720.3-21.3	1.0	1.71	0.06	0.35	1.71	7.3	7.30	2.62	2.83				LV SV F
32	11721.3-22.0	0.7	**	2.21	0.05	1.55	7.3	5.11	2.63	2.84				LV SV F
33	11722.0-22.9	0.9	0.33	-0.01	0.07	0.29	1.1	0.99	2.79	2.82				SV F
34	11722.9-23.8	0.9	7.94	3.64	0.11	7.15	2.7	2.43	2.74	2.82				SV F
35	11723.8-24.8	1.0	1.83	1.78	0.16	1.83	2.4	2.70	2.75	2.82				SV F
36	11724.8-25.7	0.9	0.57	0.30	0.09	0.51	1.8	1.62	2.76	2.81				SV F
37	11725.7-26.6	0.9	1.32	0.21	-0.01	1.19	3.6	3.60	2.71	2.81				SV F
38	11726.6-27.6	1.0	5.75	0.31	0.18	5.75	6.5	5.85	2.62	2.80				SV F
39	11727.6-28.5	0.9	1.09	0.14	0.11	0.98	4.3	3.87	2.70	2.83				SV F
40	11728.5-29.4	0.9	4.86	-0.01	0.14	4.37	4.3	1.65	2.79	2.82				PPV F
41	11729.4-30.9	1.5	0.81	0.50	0.16	1.22	1.1	1.80	2.75	2.80				PPV F
42	11730.9-31.9	1.0	0.37	-0.01	-0.01	0.37	1.8	1.90	2.72	2.83				PPV F
43	11731.9-32.4	0.5	3.92	3.82	0.08	1.96	3.8	1.90	2.72	2.83				SV F
44	11732.4-33.3	0.9	2.83	1.08	0.07	2.55	3.9	3.51	2.73	2.84				SV F
45	11733.3-34.1	0.8	**	4.91	0.08	3.93	8.8	7.04	2.59	2.84				LV SV F
46	11734.1-35.1	1.0	0.28	0.20	-0.01	0.28	1.8	1.80	2.77	2.82				SV PPV F
47	11735.1-36.2	1.1	0.78	0.49	-0.01	0.86	1.5	1.65	2.80	2.84				SV PPV F
48	11736.2-37.4	1.2	1.47	0.66	0.13	1.76	2.8	3.36	2.74	2.83				SV F
49	11737.4-38.5	1.1	1.28	0.38	0.08	1.41	3.1	3.41	2.73	2.82				SV PPV F
50	11738.5-39.6	1.1	7.27	5.67	0.52	8.00	5.5	6.05	2.60	2.75				SV PPV F
51	11739.6-40.5	0.9	5.23	4.29	-0.01	4.71	2.5	2.25	2.75	2.82				SV F
52	11740.5-41.6	1.1	1.14	0.32	0.16	1.25	1.7	1.87	2.78	2.83				SV F
53	11741.6-42.7	1.1	0.13	-0.01	-0.01	0.14	1.4	1.54	2.79	2.83				SV PPV F
54	11742.7-43.6	0.9	22.80	15.70	0.95	20.52	3.1	2.79	2.76	2.85				SV PPV F
SS 55	11743.6-44.6	1.0	0.36	-	-	0.36	2.0	2.00	-	-				I RUBBLE
SS 56	11744.6-45.5	0.9	0.11	-	-	0.10	2.2	1.98	-	-				I RUBBLE
SS 57	11745.5-47.2	1.7	0.38	-0.01	-0.01	0.65	1.4	2.38	2.77	2.81				PPV F
58	11747.2-49.0	1.8	1.21	0.73	-0.01	2.18	1.5	2.70	2.76	2.80				SV PPV F

CORE LABORATORIES - CANADA, LTD.

COLUMBIA GAS DEVELOPMENT

OF CANADA LTD.

COLUMBIA ET AL KOTANEELEE YT- H-38

Formation

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Interval Represented, Feet		Permeability to Air, Millidarcys			Permeability Feet	Porosity, Per Cent	Porosity Feet	Density, gm/cc.		Residual Saturations, Per Cent Pore Space		Visual Examination
Depth	Thick	K Max	K90 <sup>o</sup>	KV				Bulk	Grain	Oil	Total Water	
CORE NO. 2 CONTINUED												
11749.0-50.0	1.0	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	LOST CORE
11750.0-40.0	290.0	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	DRILLED
CORE NO. 3 12040.0' - 12064.0' (REC. 22.0') (6 BOXES)												
12040.0-40.9	0.9	0.49	0.31	0.08	0.44	2.7	2.43	2.78	2.86			SV PPV F
12040.9-41.9	1.0	**	0.59	0.16	0.59	4.7	4.70	2.74	2.88			LV SV F
12041.9-42.9	1.0	12.00	3.68	0.14	12.00	2.0	2.00	2.80	2.86			SV F
12042.9-43.8	0.9	0.63	0.61	0.14	0.57	1.2	1.08	2.82	2.86			SV F
12043.8-44.8	1.0	15.20	8.47	0.70	15.20	5.0	5.00	2.71	2.86			SV F
12044.8-45.7	0.9	28.00	0.22	2.14	25.20	4.6	4.14	2.72	2.86			SV VF
12045.7-46.7	1.0	253.00	4.67	1.10	253.00	3.9	3.90	2.74	2.85			SV VF
12046.7-48.1	1.4	0.22	-0.01	0.18	0.31	3.1	4.34	2.76	2.85			SV PPV F
12048.1-49.6	1.5	**	0.07	0.73	0.11	8.6	12.90	2.61	2.85			LV SV F
12049.6-50.6	1.0	4.83	0.44	0.38	4.83	6.3	6.30	2.67	2.85			SV F
12050.6-51.5	0.9	119.00	0.07	9.01	107.10	6.5	5.85	2.67	2.86			SV F
12051.5-52.6	1.1	2.95	0.49	-0.01	3.25	5.3	5.83	2.70	2.86			SV F
12052.6-53.2	0.6	0.92	0.58	0.15	0.55	1.5	0.90	2.81	2.85			SV F
12053.2-54.0	0.8	2.18	1.51	2.21	1.74	2.5	2.00	2.78	2.85			SV VF
12054.0-55.1	1.1	1.12	0.65	0.37	1.23	1.2	1.32	2.82	2.85			I F
12055.1-56.3	1.2	3.63	1.31	0.11	4.36	0.9	1.08	2.82	2.85			SV F
12056.3-57.3	1.0	0.65	-	-	0.65	1.6	1.60	-	-			I RUBBLE
12057.3-58.2	1.0	0.61	-	-	0.55	4.1	3.69	-	-			I RUBBLE
12058.2-59.2	1.0	0.18	-	-	0.18	1.7	1.70	-	-			I RUBBLE
12059.2-60.1	0.9	0.26	-	-	0.23	1.5	1.35	-	-			PPV RUBBLE
12060.1-61.1	1.0	0.25	-	-	0.25	1.1	1.10	-	-			I RUBBLE
12061.1-62.0	0.9	0.26	-	-	0.23	1.8	1.62	-	-			I RUBBLE
12062.0-64.0	2.0	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-			LOST CORE
12064.0-60.0	196.0	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-			DRILLED
CORE NO. 4 12260.0' - 12320.0' (REC. 60.0') (16 BOXES)												
12260.0-61.1	1.1	0.41	0.39	0.13	0.45	1.5	1.65	2.81	2.86			SV F



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Interval Represented, Feet		Permeability to Air, Millidarcys			Permeability Feet	Porosity, Per Cent	Porosity Feet	Density, gm/cc		Residual Saturations, Per Cent Pore Space		Visual Examination
Depth	Thick	K Max	K90 <sup>0</sup>	KV				Bulk	Grain	Oil	Total Water	
CORE NO. 4 CONTINUED												
12261.1-62.0	0.9	1.65	0.75	0.07	1.49	2.0	1.80	2.80	2.86			SV F
12262.0-63.2	1.2	13.10	10.40	0.56	15.72	2.3	2.76	2.79	2.86			SV F
12263.2-64.0	0.8	2.99	1.87	0.69	2.39	2.3	1.84	2.79	2.86			SV F
12264.0-65.0	1.0	7.10	2.33	0.34	7.10	1.8	1.80	2.80	2.86			SV F
12265.0-65.8	0.8	3.81	2.84	0.64	3.05	2.7	2.16	2.78	2.86			SV F
12265.8-66.7	0.9	5.64	3.64	0.24	5.08	2.5	2.25	2.79	2.86			SV F
12266.7-67.8	1.1	13.60	6.12	-0.01	14.96	2.5	2.75	2.83	2.90			SV F
12267.8-68.8	1.0	30.30	1.99	-0.01	30.30	2.7	2.70	2.78	2.86			SV F
12268.8-69.8	1.0	21.80	0.95	0.06	21.80	1.7	1.70	2.81	2.86			SV F
12269.8-70.7	0.9	1.24	0.92	0.05	1.12	2.5	2.25	2.81	2.89			SV F
12270.7-71.7	1.0	3.61	1.31	0.12	3.61	1.4	1.40	2.81	2.85			SV F
12271.7-72.6	0.9	10.30	5.75	0.05	9.27	1.5	1.35	2.81	2.85			SV F
12272.6-73.5	0.9	0.89	0.82	0.94	0.80	1.2	1.08	2.82	2.86			SV F
12273.5-74.4	0.9	60.30	18.20	0.40	54.27	3.1	2.79	2.77	2.86			SV F
12274.4-75.4	1.0	0.57	0.36	-0.01	0.57	1.1	1.10	2.82	2.85			SV F
12275.4-76.1	0.7	0.71	0.52	0.04	0.49	4.0	2.80	2.74	2.86			SV F
12276.1-76.9	0.8	1.57	1.22	-0.01	1.26	1.0	0.80	2.82	2.85			SV F
12276.9-78.3	1.4	3.90	1.53	0.81	5.46	3.8	5.32	2.75	2.86			SV VF
12278.3-79.2	0.9	0.95	0.61	-0.01	0.85	0.4	0.36	2.85	2.87			DENSE F
12279.2-79.9	0.7	5.88	0.04	0.15	4.12	2.4	1.68	2.79	2.86			SV F
12279.9-81.0	1.1	0.93	0.68	0.95	1.03	1.4	1.54	2.82	2.86			SV F
12281.0-82.0	1.0	0.11	0.08	0.12	0.11	0.9	0.90	2.84	2.86			SV F
12282.0-82.0	1.0	5.06	3.09	0.42	5.06	4.5	4.50	2.73	2.86			SV F
12283.0-84.1	1.1	0.94	0.86	0.10	1.03	2.4	2.64	2.79	2.86			SV F
12284.1-84.9	0.8	58.00	9.05	1.03	46.40	3.8	3.04	2.75	2.86			SV F
12284.9-86.3	1.4	26.70	24.40	0.05	37.38	0.9	1.26	2.83	2.86			DENSE F
12286.3-91.4	5.1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-			DENSE
12291.4-92.8	1.4	0.68	0.68	0.98	0.96	1.4	1.96	2.82	2.86			I F
12292.8-94.5	1.7	0.63	0.29	0.11	1.07	1.2	1.20	2.83	2.87			I F
12294.5-95.1	0.6	3.06	0.73	0.26	1.84	3.0	1.80	2.78	2.87			SV F
12295.1-96.3	1.2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-			DENSE
12296.3-96.9	0.6	0.08	0.05	-0.01	0.05	3.8	2.28	2.75	2.86			SV F
12296.9-98.0	1.1	12.30	1.02	0.10	13.53	1.2	1.32	2.83	2.87			DENSE F



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Interval Represented, Feet		Permeability to Air, Millidarcys			Permeability Feet	Porosity, Per Cent	Porosity Feet	Density, gm/cc		Residual Saturations, Per Cent Pore Space		Visual Examination
Depth	Thick	K Max	K90 <sup>0</sup>	KV				Bulk	Grain	Oil	Total Water	

CORE NO. 4 CONTINUED

12298.0-98.7	0.7	1.67	1.52	-0.01	1.17	4.6	3.22	2.72	2.86			SV F
12298.7-99.5	0.8	25.50	13.50	0.23	20.40	7.8	6.24	2.64	2.87			SV F
12299.5-00.5	1.0	3.56	1.09	0.28	3.56	3.7	3.70	2.75	2.86			SV F
12300.5-01.4	0.9	0.36	0.26	0.33	0.32	2.7	2.43	2.78	2.86			SV F
12301.4-02.3	0.9	2.09	1.41	0.79	1.88	1.5	1.35	2.81	2.86			SV F
12302.3-05.5	3.2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-			DENSE
12305.5-07.5	2.0	7.02	1.05	0.46	14.04	1.3	2.60	2.82	2.86			SV F
12307.5-08.7	1.2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-			DENSE
12308.7-10.2	1.5	4.78	1.93	0.66	7.17	1.2	1.80	2.83	2.86			I F
12310.2-11.5	1.3	4.76	2.89	1.27	6.19	1.9	2.47	2.80	2.86			SV F
12311.5-13.0	1.5	11.80	7.21	0.58	17.70	3.5	5.25	2.76	2.86			SV F
12313.0-14.2	1.2	1.88	0.87	0.23	2.26	4.3	5.16	2.73	2.85			SV F
12314.2-15.3	1.1	0.77	0.56	0.42	0.85	3.4	3.74	2.75	2.85			SV F
12315.3-16.2	0.9	108.00	9.61	1.28	97.20	7.4	6.66	2.65	2.86			SV F
12316.2-17.2	1.0	*	6.43	*	6.43	2.9	2.90	2.77	2.86			SV OVF
12317.2-18.6	1.4	10.60	4.82	1.59	14.84	2.5	3.50	2.79	2.86			SV F
12318.6-20.0	1.4	27.00	13.20	3.41	37.80	6.4	8.96	2.67	2.86			SV F
12320.0-50.0	130.0	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-			DRILLED

CORE NO. 5 12450.0' - 12510.0' (REC. 60.0') (17 BOXES)

12450.0-51.6	1.6	22.10	6.58	10.10	35.36	2.9	4.64	2.78	2.86			SV F
12451.6-52.8	1.2	14.80	6.89	1.23	17.76	3.3	3.96	2.76	2.86			SV F
12452.8-53.8	1.0	105.00	21.90	0.70	105.00	2.9	2.90	2.77	2.86			SV F
12453.8-54.7	0.9	3.60	2.25	0.50	3.24	2.7	2.43	2.77	2.85			SV F
12454.7-55.7	1.0	86.00	19.80	0.47	86.00	3.6	3.60	2.75	2.85			SV F
12455.7-56.3	0.6	18.10	3.50	1.49	10.86	5.2	3.12	2.72	2.87			SV F
12456.3-57.3	1.0	8.97	4.89	0.74	8.97	3.2	3.20	2.76	2.86			SV F
12457.3-58.5	1.2	3.49	3.49	1.56	4.19	3.1	3.72	2.75	2.85			SV F
12458.5-59.3	0.8	5.41	3.94	1.38	4.33	3.4	2.72	2.75	2.85			SV F
12459.3-60.5	1.2	2.84	2.34	1.08	3.41	3.4	4.08	2.76	2.86			SV F
12460.5-61.6	1.1	7.34	5.92	3.08	8.07	2.6	2.86	2.77	2.85			SV F
12461.6-62.7	1.1	42.70	11.80	1.85	46.97	3.0	3.30	2.77	2.85			SV F

CORE LABORATORIES - CANADA, LTD.

COLUMBIA GAS DEVELOPMENT  
 Company OF CANADA LTD.  
 Well COLUMBIA ET AL KOTIANEELIE YF H-38  
 Formation NAHANNI  
 Drilling Fluid WATER BASE MUD

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CORE NO. 5 CONTINUED

Sample Number	Interval Represented, Feet		K Max	Permeability to Air, Millidarcys	KV	Permeability Feet	Porosity Per Cent	Porosity Feet	Density, gm/cc		Residual Saturations Per Cent Core Space		Vial Examination
	Depth	Thickness							Bulk	Grain	Oil	Total Water	
140	12462.7-63.3	0.6	3.87	2.66	2.13	2.32	3.5	2.10	2.75	2.85			SV F
141	12463.3-64.4	1.1	2.84	1.87	1.08	3.12	4.2	4.62	2.73	2.85			SV F
142	12464.4-65.6	1.2	2.13	1.75	0.91	2.56	3.5	4.20	2.76	2.86			SV F
143	12465.6-66.6	1.0	2.21	0.63	1.90	2.21	2.8	2.80	2.77	2.85			SV F
144	12466.6-67.5	0.9	4.37	3.43	4.43	3.93	3.1	2.79	2.77	2.86			SV F
145	12467.5-68.5	1.0	5.03	4.43	3.45	5.03	4.2	4.20	2.74	2.86			SV F
146	12468.5-69.5	1.0	**	3.42	0.81	3.42	4.7	4.70	2.72	2.86			LV SV F
147	12469.5-70.5	1.0	0.88	0.80	0.36	0.88	3.3	3.30	2.76	2.86			SV F
148	12470.5-71.4	0.9	3.33	2.70	1.13	3.00	4.1	3.69	2.74	2.85			SV F
149	12471.4-72.2	0.8	1.34	1.11	0.23	1.07	2.9	2.32	2.78	2.86			SV F
150	12472.2-73.0	0.8	8.00	5.15	1.09	6.40	3.5	2.80	2.76	2.86			SV F
151	12473.0-73.8	0.8	56.10	40.60	0.46	44.88	2.3	1.84	2.79	2.86			PPV F
152	12473.8-76.4	2.6	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-			DENSE
152	12476.4-77.1	0.7	10.80	8.34	0.30	7.56	2.9	2.03	2.79	2.88			SV F
153	12477.1-78.7	1.6	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-			DENSE
153	12478.7-80.1	1.4	-	0.51	23.00	0.71	5.0	7.00	2.72	2.86			LV SV F
154	12480.1-82.2	2.1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-			DENSE
154	12482.2-83.3	1.1	7.82	2.16	1.22	8.60	3.2	3.52	2.77	2.87			SV F
155	12483.3-84.3	1.0	2.11	2.07	12.00	2.11	2.7	2.70	2.77	2.85			I VF
156	12484.3-85.2	0.9	4.79	2.47	2.30	4.31	3.3	2.97	2.77	2.87			SV F
157	12485.2-86.2	1.0	7.98	4.87	3.17	7.98	2.9	2.90	2.78	2.86			SV F
158	12486.2-87.1	0.9	9.92	7.16	0.59	8.93	2.5	2.25	2.79	2.86			SV F
159	12487.1-87.9	0.8	12.40	8.07	2.13	9.92	2.5	2.00	2.77	2.85			SV PPV F
160	12487.9-88.8	0.9	5.47	5.36	1.89	4.92	3.3	2.97	2.76	2.86			SV F
161	12488.8-89.8	1.0	40.30	30.70	3.33	40.30	3.1	3.10	2.76	2.85			SV F
162	12489.8-90.6	0.8	22.60	22.60	3.29	18.08	3.3	2.64	2.76	2.86			SV F
163	12490.6-91.5	0.9	25.70	16.00	1.30	23.13	6.5	5.85	2.67	2.86			SV F
164	12491.5-92.4	0.9	60.40	26.50	4.52	54.36	3.3	2.97	2.76	2.85			SV F
165	12492.4-93.3	0.9	6.61	3.87	2.37	5.95	2.9	2.61	2.77	2.86			SV F
166	12493.3-94.2	0.9	2.47	1.55	0.28	2.22	3.3	2.97	2.76	2.85			SV F
167	12494.2-95.4	1.2	5.46	3.14	1.48	6.55	2.7	3.24	2.78	2.85			SV F
168	12495.4-96.6	1.2	43.80	9.56	4.35	52.56	1.5	1.80	2.82	2.87			SV VF



CORE LABORATORIES - CANADA, LTD.

COLUMBIA GAS DEVELOPMENT  
OF CANADA LTD.

COLUMBIA ET AL KOTANEELEE YT H-38

Formation NAHANNI  
Drilling Fluid WATER BASE MUD

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File 7004-7571

Interval Represented, Feet		Permeability to Air, Millidarcys			Permeability Feet	Porosity, Per Cent	Porosity Feet	Density, gm /cc		Residual Saturations Per Cent Pore Space		Visual Examination
Depth	Thick	K Max	K90 <sup>o</sup>	KV				Bulk	Grain	Oil	Total Water	
CORE NO. 5 CONTINUED												
12496.6-98.2	1.6	21.20	19.10	45.70	33.92	2.3	3.68	2.79	2.86			PPV VF
12498.2-99.1	0.9	5.06	3.78	2.09	4.55	1.4	1.26	2.81	2.86			I F
12499.1-04.9	5.8	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-			DENSE
12504.9-05.9	1.0	2.97	0.56	0.04	2.97	0.2	0.20	2.85	2.86			DENSE F
12505.9-06.7	0.8	14.40	9.18	3.69	11.52	2.3	1.84	2.79	2.86			SV F
12506.7-07.7	1.0	10.50	8.03	1.07	10.50	2.5	2.50	2.78	2.85			SV F
12507.7-08.7	1.0	21.60	18.60	2.72	21.60	2.7	2.70	2.78	2.86			SV F
12508.7-10.0	1.3	4.59	4.48	3.97	5.97	3.3	4.29	2.76	2.86			SV VF
12510.0-08.0	198.0	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-			DRILLED



CORE LABORATORIES CANADA LTD.

COMPANY: COLUMBIA GAS DEVELOPMENT OF CANADA LTD.  
 WELL: COLUMBIA ET AL KOTANEELEE YT H-38  
 FIELD: KOTANEELEE, NORTHWEST TERRITORIES  
 LOCATION: 60° 07' 16" N.L.  
 124° 06' 03" W.L.

FORMATION: NAHANNI  
 DRILLING FLUID: WATER BASE MUD  
 ELEVATION:  
 ANALYSIS: FULL DIAMETER  
 REMARKS:

PAGE: 8 of 11  
 FILE: 7004-7571  
 DATE REPORT: NOV.  
 ANALYSTS: BK JI  
 MW CF

ADT - APPEARS SIMILAR TO  
 B - BROKEN CORE (NO USE)  
 C - FOR SUMMARY PURPOSES  
 D - PERMEABILITY > 50000 MD

FE - FINE SAND  
 MS - MEDIUM SAND  
 CS - COARSE SAND

PERMEABILITY: K  
 CONG - CONGLOMERATE  
 SOL - SPLIT  
 SH - SHALE  
 LMY - LIMY

SHY - SHALY  
 FB - BREAK  
 BT - BITUMEN  
 CARB - CARBONACEOUS

A - ANHYDRITE  
 POS - PORE SPHERULE  
 RLN - CRYSTALLINE  
 LAM - LAMINATIONS

V - VUGULAR  
 LV - LARGE VUGS  
 SV - SMALL VUGS  
 PPV - PINPOINT VUGS

I - INTERGRANULAR  
 ST - ST. CRACK  
 HF - HORIZONTAL FRACTURE  
 VF - VERTICAL FRACTURE

DB - DRILL BIT  
 BL - BALL  
 W - WIRE  
 MW - MUD

SAMPLE NUMBER	INTERVAL REPRESENTED, FEET		PERMEABILITY TO AIR, MILLIDARCYS			PERMEABILITY FEET	POROSITY PERCENT	POROSITY FEET	DENSITY, gm/cc		VISUAL EXAMINATION
	DEPTH	THICK	MAX	K90°	KV				BULK	GRAIN	
CORE NO. 6 12708.0' - 12755.0' (REC. 47.0') (13 BOXES)											
176	12708.0-09.3	1.3	1.54	1.16	-0.01	2.00	6.3	8.19	2.66	2.84	FEW LV SV PPV
177	12709.3-10.0	0.7	-0.01	-0.01	-0.01	-	1.2	0.84	2.85	2.88	I A
178	12710.0-11.0	1.0	0.01	0.01	-0.01	0.01	1.0	1.00	2.82	2.85	I A
179	12711.0-11.8	0.8	-0.01	-0.01	-0.01	-	1.0	0.30	2.84	2.87	FEW PPV I A
180	12711.8-13.2	1.4	0.01	0.01	-0.01	0.01	2.2	3.08	2.79	2.85	I A
181	12713.2-14.8	1.6	0.05	0.02	-0.01	0.08	2.3	3.68	2.78	2.85	I A
182	12714.8-16.2	1.4	0.03	0.02	-0.01	0.04	3.6	5.04	2.77	2.88	I A
183	12716.2-17.6	1.4	1.48	0.70	-0.01	2.07	2.0	2.80	2.81	2.87	SV PPV I A
184	12717.6-18.9	1.3	1.00	1.00	0.44	1.30	1.7	2.21	2.81	2.86	FEW LV SV PPV CALCITE A
185	12718.9-19.9	1.0	3.56	2.87	0.32	3.56	2.5	2.50	2.80	2.87	SV PPV I A
186	12719.9-20.4	0.5	1.99	1.72	0.37	1.00	2.4	1.20	2.79	2.86	FEW LV SV PPV
187	12720.4-21.8	1.4	0.10	0.01	-0.01	0.14	1.1	1.54	2.83	2.86	I A
188	12721.8-23.2	1.4	0.01	-0.01	-0.01	0.01	0.9	1.26	2.82	2.85	I
189	12723.2-24.4	1.2	1.42	0.14	-0.01	1.70	2.4	2.88	2.81	2.88	FEW PPV I A
190	12724.4-25.3	0.9	1.14	0.36	0.86	1.03	2.2	1.98	2.80	2.86	FEW LV SV PPV
191	12725.3-26.2	0.9	4.16	3.89	1.63	3.74	4.2	3.78	2.73	2.85	FEW LV SV PPV
192	12726.2-27.2	1.0	1.79	1.32	0.95	1.79	2.8	2.80	2.74	2.82	FEW LV SV PPV
193	12727.2-28.6	1.4	0.88	0.80	-0.01	1.23	1.0	1.40	2.82	2.84	SV PPV A
194	12728.6-30.5	1.9	0.92	0.81	-0.01	1.75	1.1	2.09	2.84	2.87	FEW SV PPV
195	12730.5-31.5	1.0	7.00	5.37	1.05	7.00	5.5	5.50	3.14	3.32	LV SV PPV A
196	12731.5-32.4	0.9	3.33	1.12	0.80	3.00	2.1	1.89	2.80	2.86	FEW SV PPV
197	12732.4-34.6	2.2	24.10	0.78	0.08	53.02	0.5	1.10	2.82	2.84	FEW SV I VF
198	12734.6-36.0	1.4	0.46	0.45	0.22	0.64	1.9	2.66	2.81	2.86	SV PPV I A
199	12736.0-37.4	1.4	1.25	1.09	0.42	1.75	3.2	4.48	2.74	2.83	LV SV PPV A
200	12737.4-38.8	1.4	4.98	4.70	1.90	6.97	1.9	2.66	2.80	2.86	SV PPV I A
201	12738.8-39.5	0.7	16.40	16.40	0.36	11.48	2.9	2.03	2.75	2.83	FEW LV SV PPV
202	12739.5-40.9	1.4	1.53	1.16	-0.01	2.14	1.7	2.38	2.81	2.86	SV PPV I A

SAMPLE NUMBER	INTERVAL REPRESENTED, FEET		PERMEABILITY TO AIR, MILLIDARCYs			PERMEABILITY FEET	POROSITY PER CENT	POROSITY FEET	DENSITY gm/cc		VISUAL EXAMINATION
	DEPTH	THICK	KMAX	K90°	KV				BULK	GRAIN	
CORE NO. 6 CONTINUED											
202	12740.9-42.1	1.2	1.53	1.16	-0.01	1.84	1.7	2.04	2.81	2.86	SV PPV I A
203	12742.1-43.3	1.2	*	4.16	*	4.99	12.9	15.48	2.48	2.85	LV SV PPV OV
204	12743.3-43.7	0.4	7.30	6.57	0.06	2.92	0.5	0.20	2.83	2.84	FEW PPV I A
205	12743.7-44.4	0.7	1.08	0.70	-0.01	0.76	1.3	0.91	2.83	2.87	SV PPV I STY PYRITE A
206	12744.4-45.4	1.0	1.70	1.37	-0.01	1.70	1.2	1.20	2.82	2.86	FEW SV PPV I PYRITE A
207	12745.4-46.3	0.9	0.63	0.42	0.07	0.57	1.6	1.44	2.81	2.86	FEW PPV I ST
208	12746.3-47.3	1.0	5.55	1.39	0.36	5.55	0.9	0.90	2.83	2.85	FEW PPV I ST VF A
209	12747.3-48.3	1.0	0.73	0.51	0.04	0.73	2.1	2.10	2.81	2.87	FEW PPV I A
210	12748.3-49.0	0.7	6.38	3.89	0.06	4.47	0.6	0.42	2.82	2.84	FEW SV PPV I
211	12749.0-50.3	1.3	9.65	9.13	0.11	12.55	6.5	8.45	2.66	2.84	LV SV PPV A
212	12750.3-51.8	1.5	8808.00	2.56	0.21	13212.00	4.6	6.90	2.72	2.85	LV SV PPV A
213	12751.8-52.9	1.1	**	3.25	0.21	3.58	8.4	9.24	2.60	2.84	LV SV PPV A
214	12752.9-53.4	0.5	1.12	1.02	0.15	0.56	1.6	0.80	2.82	2.87	FEW SV PPV I
215	12753.4-55.0	1.6	*	17.10	5.06	27.36	0.3	0.48	2.83	2.84	I A HF
CORE NO. 7 12755.0' - 12789.0 (REC. 34.0') (10 BOXES)											
216	12755.0-56.9	1.9	0.08	0.02	-0.01	0.15	0.9	1.71	2.82	2.85	I A
217	12756.9-58.8	1.9	0.03	0.01	-0.01	0.06	2.4	4.56	2.82	2.89	I A
218	12758.8-60.7	1.9	1.78	1.09	-0.01	3.38	2.7	5.13	2.78	2.86	FEW SV I HF
219	12760.7-62.4	1.7	0.07	0.03	1.23	0.12	1.9	3.23	2.82	2.87	I VF A
220	12762.4-63.0	0.6	3.37	1.25	0.22	2.02	4.8	2.88	2.72	2.86	FEW LV SV PPV STY A
221	12763.0-63.8	0.8	6.75	2.90	0.34	5.40	1.3	1.04	2.82	2.86	SV PPV I A
222	12763.8-64.4	0.6	5.09	0.57	0.36	3.05	1.6	0.96	2.81	2.86	SV PPV I A
223	12764.4-65.8	1.4	2.41	0.83	-0.01	3.37	1.2	1.68	2.83	2.86	FEW SV PPV I
224	12765.8-66.3	0.5	1.59	1.31	0.09	0.80	1.3	0.65	2.82	2.86	FEW SV PPV I
225	12766.3-66.9	0.6	12.20	1.70	0.06	7.32	2.1	1.26	2.80	2.86	FEW LV SV PPV HF A
226	12766.9-67.7	0.8	0.50	0.37	-0.01	0.40	3.4	2.72	2.76	2.86	FEW LV SV PPV
227	12767.7-68.3	0.6	0.68	0.64	0.05	0.41	1.1	0.66	2.84	2.87	FEW PPV I ST

CORE LABORATORIES CANADA LTD.

COMPANY  
CELL

COLUMBIA GAS DEVELOPMENT OF CANADA LTD.  
COLUMBIA ET AL KOTANEELEE YT H-38

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FILE 7004-7571

SAMPLE NUMBER	INTERVAL REPRESENTED, FEET		PERMEABILITY TO AIR, MILLIDARCYs			PERMEABILITY FEET	POROSITY PERCENT	POROSITY FEET	DENSITY gm/cc		VISUAL EXAMINATION
	DEPTH	THICK	KMAX	K90 <sup>P</sup>	KV				BULK	GRAIN	
CORE NO. 7 CONTINUED											
228	12768.3-69.0	0.7	1.54	1.12	0.15	1.08	1.3	0.91	2.78	2.82	FEW LV PPV
229	12769.0-70.0	1.0	2.33	0.93	0.15	2.33	1.5	1.50	2.79	2.83	SV PPV I A
230	12770.0-71.0	1.0	23.60	18.30	-0.01	23.60	1.3	1.30	2.83	2.86	FEW SV PPV HF A
231	12771.0-71.8	0.8	2.10	2.10	0.13	1.68	1.6	1.28	2.82	2.86	SV PPV I ST
232	12771.8-72.4	0.6	1.76	0.71	0.37	1.06	1.7	1.02	2.81	2.86	FEW PPV I S
233	12772.4-73.2	0.8	4.14	2.16	0.17	3.31	1.8	1.44	2.82	2.87	FEW LV SV P I A
234	12773.2-74.0	0.8	2.10	1.32	1.49	1.68	1.8	1.44	2.82	2.87	FEW LV SV P I A
235	12774.0-75.0	1.0	2.00	1.53	0.96	2.00	0.2	0.20	2.82	2.83	FEW PPV I A
236	12775.0-75.8	0.8	*	0.35	*	0.28	0.2	0.16	2.81	2.82	FEW SV I OV
237	12775.8-76.6	0.8	0.61	0.56	0.31	0.49	1.6	1.28	2.81	2.85	SV PPV I A
238	12776.6-77.3	0.7	1.10	0.85	0.31	0.77	2.4	1.68	2.80	2.87	SV PPV I A
239	12777.3-77.9	0.6	*	1.07	*	0.64	3.8	2.28	2.77	2.88	SV PPV I OV
240	12777.9-78.6	0.7	0.61	0.39	0.36	0.43	3.9	2.73	2.71	2.83	FEW LV SV P I A
241	12778.6-79.6	1.0	0.93	0.50	0.06	0.93	5.5	5.50	2.70	2.86	LV SV PPV A
242	12779.6-80.3	0.7	2.27	1.86	0.70	1.59	4.7	3.29	2.72	2.86	LV SV PPV I
243	12780.3-81.2	0.9	30720.00	1.71	1.09	27648.00	3.4	3.06	2.73	2.83	LV SV PPV I
244	12781.2-82.4	1.2	**	9.60	0.76	11.52	4.5	5.40	2.67	2.80	LV SV PPV I CALCITE A
245	12782.4-83.5	1.1	0.70	0.66	0.17	0.77	2.0	2.20	2.76	2.82	FEW LV SV P I CALCITE A
246	12783.5-84.6	1.1	9.10	2.73	0.14	10.01	2.5	2.75	2.76	2.83	LV SV PPV I
247	12784.6-85.7	1.1	28.80	11.60	*	31.68	3.2	3.52	2.73	2.82	SV PPV I ST
248	12785.7-86.4	0.7	73.70	41.90	1.25	51.59	3.3	2.31	2.75	2.84	LV SV PPV A
249	12786.4-87.7	1.3	**	12.80	1.12	16.64	1.7	2.21	2.77	2.82	LV SV PPV I
250	12787.7-89.0	1.3	1.02	0.92	0.06	1.33	3.3	4.29	2.77	2.86	SV PPV I A



CORE LABORATORIES CANADA LTD.

COMPANY  
CELL

COLUMBIA GAS DEVELOPMENT OF CANADA LTD.  
COLUMBIA ET AL KOTANEELEE YT H-38

PAGE 10 of 11  
FILE 7004-7571

SAMPLE NUMBER	INTERVAL REPRESENTED, FEET		PERMEABILITY TO AIR, MILLIDARCY			PERMEABILITY FEET	POROSITY PERCENT	POROSITY FEET	DENSITY gm/cc		VISUAL EXAMINATION
	DEPTH	THICK	KMAX	K90 <sup>P</sup>	KV				BULK	GRAIN	
CORE NO. 7 CONTINUED											
228	12768.3-69.0	0.7	1.54	1.12	0.15	1.08	1.3	0.91	2.78	2.82	FEW LV PPV
229	12769.0-70.0	1.0	2.33	0.93	0.15	2.33	1.5	1.50	2.79	2.83	SV PPV I A
230	12770.0-71.0	1.0	23.60	18.30	-0.01	23.60	1.3	1.30	2.83	2.86	FEW SV PPV HF A
231	12771.0-71.8	0.8	2.10	2.10	0.13	1.68	1.6	1.28	2.82	2.86	SV PPV I ST
232	12771.8-72.4	0.6	1.76	0.71	0.37	1.06	1.7	1.02	2.81	2.86	FEW PPV I S
233	12772.4-73.2	0.8	4.14	2.16	0.17	3.31	1.8	1.44	2.82	2.87	FEW LV SV P I A
234	12773.2-74.0	0.8	2.10	1.32	1.49	1.68	1.8	1.44	2.82	2.87	FEW LV SV P I A
235	12774.0-75.0	1.0	2.00	1.53	0.96	2.00	0.2	0.20	2.82	2.83	FEW PPV I A
236	12775.0-75.8	0.8	*	0.35	*	0.28	0.2	0.16	2.81	2.82	FEW SV I OV
237	12775.8-76.6	0.8	0.61	0.56	0.31	0.49	1.6	1.28	2.81	2.85	SV PPV I A
238	12776.6-77.3	0.7	1.10	0.85	0.31	0.77	2.4	1.68	2.80	2.87	SV PPV I A
239	12777.3-77.9	0.6	*	1.07	*	0.64	3.8	2.28	2.77	2.88	SV PPV I OV
240	12777.9-78.6	0.7	0.61	0.39	0.36	0.43	3.9	2.73	2.71	2.83	FEW LV SV P I A
241	12778.6-79.6	1.0	0.93	0.50	0.06	0.93	5.5	5.50	2.70	2.86	LV SV PPV A
242	12779.6-80.3	0.7	2.27	1.86	0.70	1.59	4.7	3.29	2.72	2.86	LV SV PPV I
243	12780.3-81.2	0.9	30720.00	1.71	1.09	27648.00	3.4	3.06	2.73	2.83	LV SV PPV I
244	12781.2-82.4	1.2	**	9.60	0.76	11.52	4.5	5.40	2.67	2.80	LV SV PPV I CALCITE A
245	12782.4-83.5	1.1	0.70	0.66	0.17	0.77	2.0	2.20	2.76	2.82	FEW LV SV P I CALCITE A
246	12783.5-84.6	1.1	9.10	2.73	0.14	10.01	2.5	2.75	2.76	2.83	LV SV PPV I
247	12784.6-85.7	1.1	28.80	11.60	*	31.68	3.2	3.52	2.73	2.82	SV PPV I ST
248	12785.7-86.4	0.7	73.70	41.90	1.25	51.59	3.3	2.31	2.75	2.84	LV SV PPV A
249	12786.4-87.7	1.3	**	12.80	1.12	16.64	1.7	2.21	2.77	2.82	LV SV PPV I
250	12787.7-89.0	1.3	1.02	0.92	0.06	1.33	3.3	4.29	2.77	2.86	SV PPV I A





COLUMBIA GAS DEVELOPMENT OF CANADA LTD.      LABORATORY REPORT NUMBER: F77-1738

F77-1738-1: SAMPLED FROM TOP

RESISTIVITY: 0.195 Ohm/meters @ 25°C

Sample consisted of muddy water with a brown colored filtrate.  
Ammonia present in sample.

F77-1738-2: SAMPLED FROM MIDDLE

RESISTIVITY: 0.173 Ohm/meters @ 25°C

Sample consisted of muddy water with a brown colored filtrate.  
Ammonia present in sample.

F77-1738-4: DOWNHOLE SAMPLER #561

Johnston Testers downhole sampler #561 was received under atmospheric pressure. No recoverable gas or fluid present.

F77-1738-5: DOWNHOLE SAMPLER #556

Johnston Testers downhole sampler #556 was received under a pressure of 520 psig. Contained in the sample chamber was gas only. Gas analysis to follow.





CORE LABORATORIES - CANADA LTD.  
Petroleum Reservoir Engineering  
CALGARY ALBERTA



DST CHAMBER #521 CONTAINER IDENTITY      GAS ANALYSIS      7012-7943A LABORATORY NUMBER

Columbia Gas Development of Canada Ltd. 1 of 2

60° 7' N.L. 124° 6' W.L. Columbia et al Kotaneelee YT H-38 2275' 2250'

Kotaneelee, Yukon Territories Johnston Testers

DST #1 Tool: 500 mls Muddy Water

Down Hole MFE Chamber #521

7725' - 7920'

PUMPING FLOWING GAS LIFT SWAB

WATER BBL/D. OIL BBL/D. GAS MFC/D.

725 @ 78°F

Aug 10/77 Sept 7/77 Sept 7/77 OR

COMPONENT	MOL % AIR FREE AS REC'D	MOL % AIR FREE ACID GAS FREE	CDN. G.P.M. AIR FREE AS REC'D
H <sub>2</sub>	0.01		
He	0.02		
N <sub>2</sub>	0.46		
CO <sub>2</sub>	0.12		
H <sub>2</sub> S	0.00		
C <sub>1</sub>	99.07		
C <sub>2</sub>	0.31		
C <sub>3</sub>	0.01		0.003
iC <sub>4</sub>	0.00		0.000
C <sub>4</sub>	0.00		0.000
iC <sub>5</sub>	0.00		0.000
C <sub>5</sub>	0.00		0.000
C <sub>6</sub>	0.00		0.000
C <sub>7</sub> +	0.00		0.000
TOTAL	100.00		0.003
		C <sub>5</sub> +	0.000

GROSS HEATING VALUE BTU/FT <sup>3</sup> @ 60°F & 14.65 PSIA		
(MOISTURE & ACID GAS FREE)		
MEASURED	CALCULATED	DEW POINT
	1004.6	0.0
		VAPOUR PRESS. PENTANES PLUS

SPECIFIC GRAVITY			
MOISTURE FREE AS SAMPLED		MOISTURE AND ACID GAS FREE	
MEASURED	CALCULATED	MEASURED	CALCULATED
	0.558		

PSEUDOCRITICAL PROPERTIES (CALCULATED)			
AS SAMPLED		ACID GAS FREE	
672.7	343.6		
PFC	PBIA	PFC	PBIA

REMARKS



CORE LABORATORIES - CANADA LTD  
 Petroleum Reservoir Engineering  
 CALGARY ALBERTA



CG 5395 SS  
 CONTAINER IDENTITY

GAS ANALYSIS

7012-7943  
 LABORATORY NUMBER

Columbia Gas Development of Canada Ltd.  
 OPERATOR

1 of 3  
 PAGE

60° 7' N.L. 124° 6' W.L. Columbia et al Kotaneelee YT H-38  
 LOCATION WELL OR SAMPLE LOCATION NAME

2275' 2250'  
 KB ELEV. GRD. ELEV.

Kotaneelee, Yukon Territories  
 FIELD OR AREA

Johnston Testers Ltd.  
 SAMPLER

DST #1  
 TEST TYPE & NO.

1150'  
 POOL OR ZONE

Flareline  
 POINT OF SAMPLE

@ OF

7725' - 7921'  
 TEST INTERVALS OR PERFS.

PUMPING FLOWING GAS LIFT SWAB

WATER BBL/D. OIL BBL/D. GAS MFC/D.

SEPARATOR RESERVOIR

CONTAINER WHEN SAMPLED

CONTAINER WHEN RECEIVED

SEPARATOR

PRESSURES, PSIG

TEMPERATURES, °F

Aug 11/77  
 DATE SAMPLED (D/M/Y)

Aug 19/77  
 DATE RECEIVED (D/M/Y)

Aug 19/77  
 DATE ANALYSED (D/M/Y)

OR  
 ANALYST

REMARKS

COMPONENT	MOL % AIR FREE AS REC'D	MOL % AIR FREE ACID GAS FREE	CDN. G.P.M. AIR FREE AS REC'D
H <sub>2</sub>	0.00		
He	0.02		
N <sub>2</sub>	1.08		
CO <sub>2</sub>	1.52		
H <sub>2</sub> S	0.00		
C <sub>1</sub>	97.06		
C <sub>2</sub>	0.30		
C <sub>3</sub>	0.02		0.004
IC <sub>4</sub>	Trace		0.000
C <sub>4</sub>	Trace		0.001
IC <sub>5</sub>	0.00		0.000
C <sub>5</sub>	0.00		0.000
C <sub>6</sub>	0.00		0.000
C <sub>7</sub> +	0.00		0.000
TOTAL	100.00		0.005
		C <sub>5</sub> +	0.000

GROSS HEATING VALUE  
 BTU/FT<sup>3</sup> @ 60°F & 14.65 PSIA

(MOISTURE & ACID GAS FREE)  
 998.5

MEASURED

CALCULATED

0.0

DEW POINT

VAPOUR PRESS. PENTANES PLUS

SPECIFIC GRAVITY

MOISTURE FREE AS SAMPLED  
 0.575

MEASURED

CALCULATED

MOISTURE AND ACID GAS FREE

MEASURED

CALCULATED

PSEUDOCRITICAL PROPERTIES (CALCULATED)

AS SAMPLED  
 677.2

PPC

PSIA

ACID GAS FREE  
 345.8

PPC

PSIA

ACID GAS FREE

PPC

PSIA

REMARKS



CORE LABORATORIES - CANADA LTD.  
Petroleum Reservoir Engineering  
CALGARY ALBERTA



6445 SS GAS ANALYSIS 7012-71139

CONTAINER IDENTITY Columbia Gas Development of Canada Ltd. LABORATORY NUMBER

OPERATOR Columbia et al Kotaneelee YT H-38 1 of 4

LOCATION Kotaneelee, Yukon Territories Nahanni 2250' 2225'

FIELD OR AREA Johnston Testers KB ELEV. GRD. ELEV.

DST #2 755' Liquid SAMPLER

TEST TYPE & NO. Flareline AMT. & TYPE CUSHION @ OF

POINT OF SAMPLE 11630' - 11690' MUD RESISTIVITY

PUMPING  FLOWING  GAS LIFT  SWAB

WATER  BBLS/D. OIL  BBLS/D. GAS  MFC/D.

SEPARATOR  RESERVOIR  CONTAINER WHEN SAMPLED  OF  44 @ 80 OF  CONTAINER WHEN RECEIVED  SEPARATOR

PRESSURES, PSIG TEMPERATURES, °F

Sept. 28/77 Oct. 11/77 Oct. 11/77 OR

DATE SAMPLED (D/M/Y) DATE RECEIVED (D/M/Y) DATE ANALYSED (D/M/Y) ANALYST REMARKS

COMPONENT	MOL % AIR FREE AS REC'D	MOL % AIR FREE ACID GAS FREE	CDN. G.P.M. AIR FREE AS REC'D
H <sub>2</sub>	0.06		
He	0.04		
N <sub>2</sub>	4.43		
CO <sub>2</sub>	1.99		
H <sub>2</sub> S	0.00		
C <sub>1</sub>	93.46		
C <sub>2</sub>	0.02		
C <sub>3</sub>	0.00		0.000
iC <sub>4</sub>	0.00		0.000
C <sub>4</sub>	0.00		0.000
iC <sub>5</sub>	0.00		0.000
C <sub>5</sub>	0.00		0.000
C <sub>6</sub>	0.00		0.000
C <sub>7+</sub>	0.00		0.000
TOTAL	100.00		0.000
		C <sub>5+</sub>	0.000

GROSS HEATING VALUE  
BTU/FT<sup>3</sup> @ 60°F & 14.65 PSIA  
(MOISTURE & ACID GAS FREE)  
MEASURED 960.0 DEW POINT 0.0  
CALCULATED VAPOUR PRESS. PENTANES PLUS

SPECIFIC GRAVITY  
MOISTURE FREE AS SAMPLED 0.591  
MEASURED CALCULATED MOISTURE AND ACID GAS FREE  
MEASURED CALCULATED

PSEUDOCRITICAL PROPERTIES (CALCULATED)  
AS SAMPLED 672.5 342.0 ACID GAS FREE  
PPC PSIA PTC OR PPC PSIA PTC C<sub>2</sub>

REMARKS





CORE LABORATORIES - CANADA LTD.  
Petroleum Reservoir Engineering  
CALGARY ALBERTA



DST CHAMBER #103421

GAS ANALYSIS

7012-71139

CONTAINER IDENTITY

LABORATORY NUMBER

Columbia Gas Development of Canada Ltd.

2 of 4

OPERATOR

PAGE

Columbia et al Kotaneelee YT H-38

2250'

2225'

LOCATION

WELL OR SAMPLE LOCATION NAME

HD ELEV.

GRD. ELEV.

Kotaneelee, Yukon Territories

Nahanni

Johnston Testers

FIELD OR AREA

POOL OR ZONE

SAMPLER

DST #2

DST: 755' Liquid TOOL: No Fluid Recovered

TEST TYPE & NO.

TEST RECOVERY

MFE Chamber 103421

@ OF

POINT OF SAMPLE

AMT. & TYPE CUSHION

MUD RESISTIVITY

11630' - 11690'

PUMPING

FLOWING

GAS LIFT

SWAB

TEST INTERVALS OR PERFS.

WATER

BBLS/D.

OIL

BBLS/D.

GAS

MFC/D.

SEPARATOR

RESERVOIR

@ OF

1 @ 76 OF

CONTAINER WHEN SAMPLED

CONTAINER WHEN RECEIVED

SEPARATOR

PRESSURES, PSIG

TEMPERATURES, °F

Sept. 28/77

Oct. 11/77

Oct. 13/77

OR

DATE SAMPLED (D/M/Y)

DATE RECEIVED (D/M/Y)

DATE ANALYSED (D/M/Y)

ANALYST

REMARKS

COMPONENT	MOL % AIR FREE AS REC'D	MOL % AIR FREE ACID GAS FREE	CDN. G.P.M. AIR FREE AS REC'D
H <sub>2</sub>	0.60		
He	0.04		
N <sub>2</sub>	12.36		
CO <sub>2</sub>	1.87		
H <sub>2</sub> S	0.00		
C <sub>1</sub>	85.11		
C <sub>2</sub>	0.02		
C <sub>3</sub>	0.00		0.000
iC <sub>4</sub>	0.00		0.000
C <sub>4</sub>	0.00		0.000
iC <sub>5</sub>	0.00		0.000
C <sub>5</sub>	0.00		0.000
C <sub>6</sub>	0.00		0.000
C <sub>7</sub> +	0.00		0.000
TOTAL	100.00		0.000
		C <sub>5</sub> +	0.000

GROSS HEATING VALUE  
BTU/FT<sup>3</sup> @ 60°F & 14.65 PSIA

(MOISTURE & ACID GAS FREE)  
875.9

MEASURED

CALCULATED

DEW POINT

0.0

VAPOUR PRESS.  
PENTANES PLUS

SPECIFIC GRAVITY

MOISTURE FREE AS SAMPLED

MOISTURE AND ACID GAS FREE

0.620

MEASURED

CALCULATED

MEASURED

CALCULATED

PSEUDOCRITICAL PROPERTIES (CALCULATED)

AS SAMPLED

ACID GAS FREE

655.1

PSIA

331.0

OR

PTC

PTC

PSIA

PTC

OF

REMARKS



CORE LABORATORIES - CANADA LTD.  
Petroleum Reservoir Engineering  
CALGARY ALBERTA



DST CHAMBER #110267 CONTAINER IDENTITY  
GAS ANALYSIS  
7012-71130 LABORATORY NUMBER  
Columbia Gas Development of Canada Ltd. 3 of 4 PAGE  
Columbia et al Kotaneelee YT H-38 WELL OR SAMPLE LOCATION NAME  
Kotaneelee, Yukon Territories Nahanni Johnston Testers FIELD OR AREA POOL OR ZONE SAMPLER  
DST #2 DST: 755' Liquid TOOL: No Fluid Recovered TEST TYPE & NO. TEST RECOVERY  
MFE Chamber 110267 @ OF  
11630' - 11690' POINT OF SAMPLE  
PUMPING FLOWING GAS LIFT SWAB  
WATER BBLS/D. OIL BBLS/D. GAS MFC. D.  
SEPARATOR RESERVOIR @ OF 40 @ 80 OF SEPARATOR  
PRESSURES, PSIG CONTAINER WHEN SAMPLED CONTAINER WHEN RECEIVED TEMPERATURES °F  
Sept. 28/77 Oct. 11/77 Oct. 12/77 OR  
DATE SAMPLED (D/M/Y) DATE RECEIVED (D/M/Y) DATE ANALYSED (D/M/Y) ANALYST REMARKS

COMPONENT	MOL % AIR FREE AS REC'D	MOL % AIR FREE ACID GAS FREE	CON. G.P.M. AIR FREE AS REC'D
H <sub>2</sub>	0.92		
He	0.05		
N <sub>2</sub>	3.24		
CO <sub>2</sub>	13.70		
H <sub>2</sub> S	0.14		
C <sub>1</sub>	81.94		
C <sub>2</sub>	0.01		
C <sub>3</sub>	0.00		0.000
iC <sub>4</sub>	0.00		0.000
C <sub>4</sub>	0.00		0.000
iC <sub>5</sub>	0.00		0.000
C <sub>5</sub>	0.00		0.000
C <sub>6</sub>	0.00		0.000
C <sub>7+</sub>	0.00		0.000
TOTAL	100.00		0.000
		C <sub>6+</sub>	0.000

GROSS HEATING VALUE BTU/FT <sup>3</sup> @ 60°F & 14.65 PSIA (MOISTURE & ACID GAS FREE) 961.3 MEASURED CALCULATED		0.0 DEW POINT VAPOUR PRESS. PENTANES PLUS	
--	--	--	--

SPECIFIC GRAVITY			
MOISTURE FREE AS SAMPLED 0.696 MEASURED CALCULATED		MOISTURE AND ACID GAS FREE MEASURED CALCULATED	

PSEUDOCRITICAL PROPERTIES (CALCULATED)			
AS SAMPLED 718.1 PSIA PPC		ACID GAS FREE 365.3 OR PPC PSIA PPC	

REMARKS

COIRP LAB

CORE LABORATORIES - CANADA LTD.  
Petroleum Reservoir Engineering  
CALGARY ALBERTA

COIRP LAB

Plastic  
CONTAINER IDENTITY

7012-71139  
LABORATORY NUMBER

Columbia Gas Development of Canada Ltd.

4 of 4  
PAGE

Columbia et al Kotaneelee YT H-38

2250' 2225'  
KB ELEV. GWD ELEV.

Kotaneelee, Yukon Territories  
FIELD OR AREA

Nahanni  
POOL OR ZONE

Johnston Testers  
SAMPLER

DST #2  
TEST TYPE & NO.

755' Liquid  
TEST RECOVERY

POINT OF SAMPLE	AMT. & TYPE CUSHION		MUD RESISTIVITY	
11630' - 11690'	PUMPING	FLOWING	GAS LIFT	SWAB
	WATER	BBL/D	OIL	BBL/D
			GAS	MFC/D

SEPARATOR	RESERVOIR	CONTAINER WHEN SAMPLED	CONTAINER WHEN RECEIVED	SEPARATOR
PRESSURES, PSIG				TEMPERATURES °F

DATE SAMPLED (D/M/Y)	DATE RECEIVED (D/M/Y)	DATE ANALYSED (D/M/Y)	ANALYST	REMARKS
Sept. 28/77	Oct. 11/77	Oct. 24/77	LES	

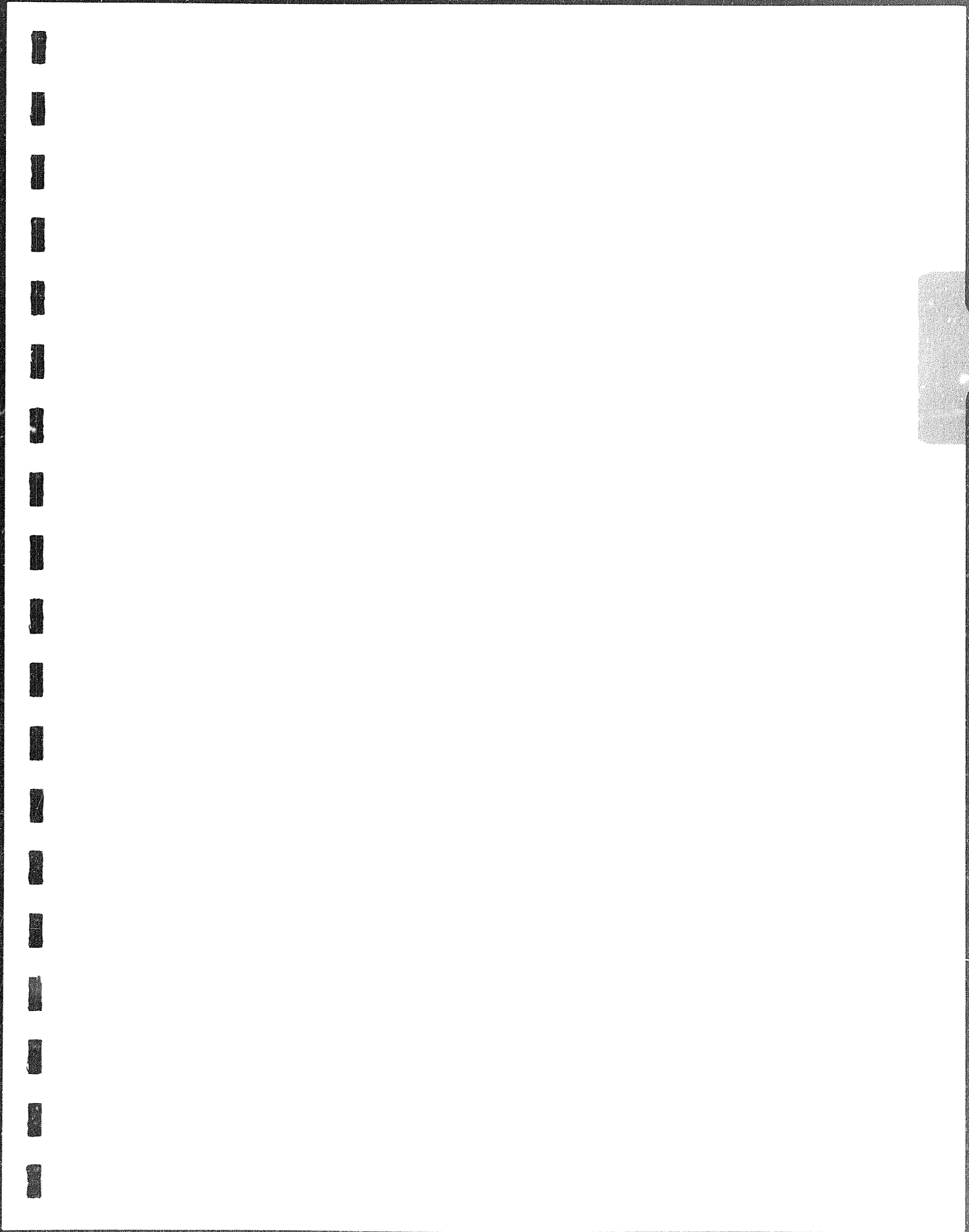
ANALYSIS

Resistivity = .0160 Ohm-meters @ 25°C

Chloride = 18,644 mg/liter

REMARKS: Insufficient sample to perform a routine analysis.





VI

SECTION VI

Completion Summary



D&S PETROLEUM CONSULTANTS LTD.

TUBING SUMMARY

73F3

Well COLUMBIA ET AL. KOTANEELIE VT H38 Date Oct 28/77  
 KB Elevation 2250 KB to CSG FLG 2225 KB to TBG TOP 21  
 Casing OD 7" WT 32# & 29# MIN DIA 5.969  
 Set At 12,789' PBD effective 12,681' PERFS 11,641' - 11,900'  
147' - 2 SPF - 308 shots  
 Tubing OD 4 1/2" C-75 WT 12.75# Type Hydril CS Make Youngstown  
 No. Joints on Location 452 Tally 13,720  
 No. Joints Run 375 Tally 11,392.48

PERMANENT STRING FROM BOTTOM UP

No Joints	Description	Measured Length	KB Depth	Remarks
1	2 7/8" Mule Shoe Hydril CS	6.00	11,606	tubing open-ended
1	BFC 2 7/8" CS x 2.25"F"	0.80	11,599	
1	2 7/8" CS tubing	30.39	11,569	
1	BFC 2 7/8" CS x 2.25 "F"	0.80	11,568	
1	2 7/8" CS perforated pup	9.80	11,558	
1	BFC 2 7/8" CS x 2.31"F"	0.80	11,557	
1	2 7/8" CS pup	0.94	11,548	
1	BFC 2 7/8" CS x 2.31 "F"	0.80	11,547	
1	2 7/8" CS pup	7.15	11,539	
1	Baker "E" Anchor seal Assembly	3.15	11,536	
1	Baker ER1 tubing seal receptacle	42.00	11,494	Receptacle open 5'

Total String Length

KB to Tubing Top

String Depth KB

111.63

and is 37' long

Remarks \_\_\_\_\_  
 \_\_\_\_\_  
 \_\_\_\_\_

Field Supervisor L.F. Kerkhoff





D&S PETROLEUM CONSULTANTS LTD.

TUBING SUMMARY

73F 3

Well Columbia et al Kotaneelee Date \_\_\_\_\_

KB Elevation \_\_\_\_\_ KB to CSG FLG \_\_\_\_\_ KB to TBG TOP \_\_\_\_\_

Casing OD \_\_\_\_\_ WT \_\_\_\_\_ MIN DIA \_\_\_\_\_

Set At \_\_\_\_\_ PBD \_\_\_\_\_ PERFS \_\_\_\_\_

Tubing OD \_\_\_\_\_ WT \_\_\_\_\_ Type \_\_\_\_\_ Make \_\_\_\_\_

No. Joints on Location \_\_\_\_\_ Tally \_\_\_\_\_

No. Joints Run \_\_\_\_\_ Tally \_\_\_\_\_

PERMANENT STRING FROM BOTTOM UP

No. Joints	Description	Measured Length	KB Depth	Remarks
1	3 1/2" CS x pup	5.94	11,488	
1	BFC 3 1/2" CS x 2.628 "R"	0.91	11,487	
1	3 1/2" CS tubing	32.45	11,455	
1	Baker "L" 3 1/2" CS sliding sleeve	2.97	11,452	
1	3 1/2" CS tubing	29.65	11,422	
1	4 1/2" x 3 1/2" CS X over	.89	11,421	
1	Baker 4 1/2" CS x 3.688 "F"	1.00	11,420	
369	4 1/2" CS tubing	11,209.91	11,211	
	correction for tubing stretch	-9	220	
1	Baker 4 1/2" CS x 3.81 "F"	1.00	219	
5	4 1/2" CS tubing	152.52	66	
2	4 1/2" CS pups	11.78	54	
	Total String Length	11,551.65		
	KB to Tubing Top			
	String Depth KB			

Remarks Tubing was tested to 8000 psi with Gator-Hawk equipment. 4 1/2" Hydril joints were made up to 4500# torque. After tubing was landed and headed up annulus was tested to 5400 psi and tubing to 6400 psi

Field Supervisor \_\_\_\_\_





D&S PETROLEUM CONSULTANTS LTD

TUBULAR TALLY

73F4

WELL COLUMBIA ET AL KOTANEELEE YT H38 DATE Oct 25/77 19    
 Size 4 1/2" Weight 12.75 # Ft.        Thread CS Hydril Grade C-75 Make Hydril

Joint Number	LENGTH	Joint Number	LENGTH	Joint Number	LENGTH	Joint Number	LENGTH	Joint Number	LENGTH
1	31 08	21	29 85	41	29 69	61	31 44	81	29 00
2	30 74	22	31 38	42	30 44	62	30 68	82	28 84
3	30 94	23	30 30	43	30 68	63	30 64	83	30 81
4	30 53	24	30 76	44	30 65	64	30 07	84	30 78
5	30 57	25	28 08	45	30 42	65	29 75	85	28 55
6	29 96	26	30 52	46	31 48	66	30 36	86	30 41
7	29 44	27	30 80	47	30 18	67	30 74	87	30 68
8	30 48	28	30 50	48	30 88	68	29 56	88	29 80
9	30 53	29	29 55	49	29 90	69	29 76	89	30 23
10	29 80	30	30 85	50	30 03	70	30 09	90	30 69
TOTAL	304 33	TOTAL	302 79	TOTAL	304 35	TOTAL	303 09	TOTAL	299 79
Joint Number	LENGTH	Joint Number	LENGTH	Joint Number	LENGTH	Joint Number	LENGTH	Joint Number	LENGTH
11	31 20	31	out*30 79	51	30 38	71	30 93	91	31 17
12	30 97	32	30 89	52	28 55	72	30 22	92	30 82
13	30 93	33	30 88	53	30 05	73	30 54	93	29 22
14	30 52	34	31 10	54	30 60	74	out * 29 82	94	30 58
15	30 89	35	31 47	55	30 78	75	30 84	95	30 43
16	30 87	36	29 48	56	30 29	76	30 10	96	29 88
17	30 78	37	30 57	57	30 93	77	30 32	97	29 65
18	30 77	38	31 01	58	30 43	78	29 67	98	30 07
19	29 82	39	30 71	59	30 52	79	30 73	99	29 91
20	30 15	40	30 50	60	30 98	80	31 42	100	30 67
TOTAL	307 00	TOTAL	307 40	TOTAL	303 51	TOTAL	304 59	TOTAL	302 40

TALLY SUMMARY

GROUP NO.	LENGTH	JTS	LENGTH
1-10	304 33		
11-20	307 00	100	3039 25
21-30	302 79		
31-40	307 40		
41-50	304 35		
51-60	303 51		
61-70	303 09		
71-80	304 59		
81-90	299 79		
91-100	302 40		
TOTAL	3039 25		

BROUGHT FORWARD  
 PAGE TOTAL  
 TOTAL ON LOCATION  
 TOTAL LEFT OUT (incl. L.O.)  
 TOTAL PERMANENTLY IN HOLE

\* Left out  
 \*\* Damaged

REMARKS: Note transfer of left out joints to where and by whom.  
 Use separate page for each weight, grade or thread.

Turned by \_\_\_\_\_





D&S PETROLEUM CONSULTANTS LTD

TUBULAR TALLY

73F4

WELL: COLUMBIA ET AL KOTANEELEE YT H38 DATE: \_\_\_\_\_ 19\_\_

Size \_\_\_\_\_ Weight \_\_\_\_\_ # Ft. \_\_\_\_\_ Thread \_\_\_\_\_ Grade \_\_\_\_\_ Make \_\_\_\_\_

Joint Number	LENGTH	Joint Number	LENGTH	Joint Number	LENGTH	Joint Number	LENGTH	Joint Number	LENGTH
101 out*	30 58	21	29 81	41	28 43	61	29 74	81	30 79
2	29 45	22	30 30	42	30 57	62	29 98	82	30 98
3	30 89	23	29 87	43	30 79	63	30 23	83	30 41
4	29 97	24	29 85	44	30 88	64	30 85	84	30 33
5	30 63	25	30 93	45	29 99	65	30 63	85	29 98
6	30 51	26	30 23	46	30 01	66	30 64	86	29 34
7	30 62	27	30 63	47	30 90	67	30 28	87	30 84
8	30 85	28	29 87	48	30 51	68	30 51	88	31 39
9	29 38	29	31 59	49	30 13	69	31 07	89	29 64
10	29 64	30	30 59	50	30 70	70	30 15	90	30 14
TOTAL	302 52	TOTAL	303 67	TOTAL	302 91	TOTAL	304 08	TOTAL	303 84
Joint Number	LENGTH	Joint Number	LENGTH	Joint Number	LENGTH	Joint Number	LENGTH	Joint Number	LENGTH
11	28 84	31	30 60	51	30 22	71	30 29	91	29 78
12	30 87	32	29 96	52	30 80	72	30 60	92	30 82
13	30 67	33	30 53	53	30 29	73	29 75	93	31 14
14	30 29	34	30 62	54	30 99	74	29 71	94	30 51
15	30 68	35	27 82	55	30 68	75	29 90	95	29 78
16	30 18	36	30 55	56	28 97	76	31 40	96	30 13
17	29 49	37	30 63	57	30 60	77	30 40	97	30 62
18	30 76	38	30 94	58	31 05	78	30 58	98	30 73
19	30 99	39	30 43	59	30 24	79	30 80	99	27 87
20	30 63	40	30 96	60	30 48	80	31 00	200*	30 10
TOTAL	303 40	TOTAL	303 04	TOTAL	304 32	TOTAL	304 43	TOTAL	301 48

TALLY SUMMARY

GROUP NO.	LENGTH	JTS	LENGTH
1-10	302 52	100	3039 25
11-20	303 40	100	3033 69
21-30	303 67	200	6072 94
31-40	303 04		
41-50	302 91		
51-60	304 32		
61-70	304 08		
71-80	304 43		
81-90	303 84		
41-100	301 48		
TOTAL	3033 69		

BROUGHT FORWARD

PAGE TOTAL

TOTAL ON LOCATION

TOTAL LEFT OUT (incl. L.O.)

TOTAL PERMANENTLY IN HOLE

\* Left out

\*\* Damaged

REMARKS: Note transfer of left out joints to where and by whom. Use separate page for each weight, grade or thread.

TALLYED BY \_\_\_\_\_



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TUBULAR TALLY

73F 4

Page 3 of 4

WELL COLUMBIA ET AL KOTANEELEE VT H38 DATE \_\_\_\_\_ 19\_\_

Size \_\_\_\_\_ Weight \_\_\_\_\_ # Ft. \_\_\_\_\_ Thread \_\_\_\_\_ Grade \_\_\_\_\_ Make \_\_\_\_\_

Joint Number	LENGTH	Joint Number	LENGTH	Joint Number	LENGTH	Joint Number	LENGTH	Joint Number	LENGTH
201	30 18	21	30 82	41 *	30 53	61	30 51	81	30 46
2	30 67	22	28 69	42	30 27	62	30 35	82	30 22
3	30 65	23*	29 11	43	30 34	63	30 64	83	30 61
4	30 50	24	30 72	44	30 68	64	30 70	84	30 47
5	29 22	25	30 29	45	30 12	65	30 90	85	30 78
6	30 97	26	30 14	46	30 17	66	29 70	86	29 19
7	30 07	27	30 54	47	30 29	67	28 15	87	30 67
8	30 08	28	29 77	48	30 38	68	30 22	88	31 71
9	31 10	29	27 20	49	30 85	69	29 69	89	30 50
10	30 15	30	27 62	50	28 34	70	30 74	90	30 15
TOTAL	303 59	TOTAL	294 90	TOTAL	301 97	TOTAL	301 60	TOTAL	304 76
Joint Number	LENGTH	Joint Number	LENGTH	Joint Number	LENGTH	Joint Number	LENGTH	Joint Number	LENGTH
11	30 50	31	30 43	51	30 65	71	30 37	91	29 83
12	30 29	32	30 92	52	30 44	72	30 15	92	31 21
13	30 64	33	30 90	53	30 52	73	30 52	93	30 92
14	29 74	34	30 45	54	30 19	74	30 89	94	29 40
15	30 56	35	30 68	55	30 35	75	30 06	95	30 91
16	30 65	36	30 58	56	29 76	76	30 70	96	31 01
17	30 52	37	30 40	57	30 59	77	30 04	97	30 53
18	30 05	38	30 80	58	30 64	78*	30 03	98	30 73
19	30 22	39	30 62	59	31 53	79	30 78	99	30 94
20	30 72	40	30 35	60	31 39	80	30 55	30*	30 60
TOTAL	303 89	TOTAL	306 13	TOTAL	306 06	TOTAL	304 09	TOTAL	306 08

TALLY SUMMARY

GROUP NO.	LENGTH	JTS	LENGTH
1-10	303 59	200	6072 94
11-20	303 89	100	3033 07
21-30	294 90	300	9106 01
31-40	306 13		
41-50	301 97		
51-60	306 06		
61-70	301 60		
71-80	304 09		
81-90	304 76		
91-100	306 08		
TOTAL	3033 07		

BROUGHT FORWARD

PAGE TOTAL

TOTAL ON LOCATION

TOTAL LEFT OUT (incl. L.O.)

TOTAL PERMANENTLY IN HOLE

\* Left out

\*\* Damaged

REMARKS: (Note transfer of left out joints to where and by whom. Use separate page for each well, pipe, grade or thread.)

Tallied by \_\_\_\_\_



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TUBULAR TALLY

73F 4

WELL: COLUMBIA ET AL KOTANEELEE YT H38 DATE \_\_\_\_\_ 19\_\_

Size \_\_\_\_\_ Weight \_\_\_\_\_ # Ft. \_\_\_\_\_ Thread \_\_\_\_\_ Grade \_\_\_\_\_ Make \_\_\_\_\_

Joint Number	LENGTH	Joint Number	LENGTH	Joint Number	LENGTH	Joint Number	LENGTH	Joint Number	LENGTH
1	30 69	21	29 99	41	30 90	61	30 44	81	30 18
2	27 88	22	31 16	42	30 67	62	30 71	82	30 80
3	30 83	23	31 63	43	30 91	63	30 80	83	29 90
4	28 42	24	30 89	44	29 79	64	30 49	84	30 81
5	30 80	25	30 68	45	30 27	65	30 65	85	30 05
6	30 30	26	30 44	46	30 93	66	30 31	86 *	30 40
7	30 07	27	31 10	47	30 72	67	30 38	87 *	29 96
8	30 62	28	31 27	48	30 80	68	30 77	88 *	30 48
9	30 93	29	26 45	49	30 55	69	31 18	89 *	29 84
10	30 35	30	31 30	50	29 90	70	29 30	90 *	31 50
TOTAL	300 89	TOTAL	304 93	TOTAL	305 44	TOTAL	305 03	TOTAL	303 92
11	29 73	31	29 04	51	30 80	71	30 21	91 *	30 03
12	30 86	32	30 11	52 *	30 01	72	30 49	92 *	30 91
13	28 50	33 *	30 51	53	29 05	73	30 39	93 *	30 90
14	30 77	34	30 71	54	30 12	74	30 50	94 *	30 57
15	30 93	35	30 44	55	30 90	75	30 62	95 *	30 59
16	30 67	36	30 86	56	30 67	76	31 19	96 *	29 62
17	30 61	37	30 77	57	30 04	77	29 78	97 *	30 92
18	30 17	38	31 45	58	31 16	78	31 19	98 *	30 13
19	30 30	39	27 55	59	28 10	79	29 84	99 *	30 42
20	30 57	40	30 79	60	30 52	80	30 83	100 *	30 57
TOTAL	303 11	TOTAL	302 23	TOTAL	301 37	TOTAL	305 04	TOTAL	304 66

TALLY SUMMARY

GROUP NO.	LENGTH	JTS	LENGTH
1-10	300 89	300	9106 01
11-20	303 11	100	3036 62
21-30	304 93	400	12142 63
31-40	302 23	25	750 15
41-50	305 44	375	11392 48
51-60	301 37		
61-70	305 03		
71-80	305 04		
81-90	303 92		
91-100	304 66		
TOTAL	3036 62		

BROUGHT FORWARD

PAGE TOTAL

TOTAL ON LOCATION

TOTAL LEFT OUT AND LOST

TOTAL PERMANENTLY IN HOLE

\* Left out

\*\* Damaged

REMARKS: Note transfer of left out joints to white and blue work. Use separate page for each weight, grade, or thread. 8 jts damaged,

52 jts on lease. Collars egged.

2 pup joints, 7.78 and 6.64 left on lease

Tallyed by \_\_\_\_\_



Perforation Record

All shot with Schlumberger Hyperdome Tubing gun.

<u>Interval</u>	<u>No. Shots</u>	<u>Date</u>
11,641'-11,665'	49	Oct. 29, 1977
11,668'-11,687'	39	"
11,700'-11,720'	41	"
11,729'-11,742'	27	"
11,763'-11,780'	35	"
11,789'-11,792'	7	"
11,795'-11,798'	7	"
11,803'-11,806'	7	"
11,809'-11,818'	19	"
11,824'-11,831'	15	"
11,847'-11,854'	15	"
11,857'-11,867'	21	"
11,871'-11,874'	7	"
11,890'-11,900'	21	"

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11,789'-11,792'	7	"
11,795'-11,798'	7	"
11,803'-11,806'	7	"
11,809'-11,818'	19	"
11,824'-11,831'	15	"
11,847'-11,854'	15	"
11,857'-11,867'	21	"
11,871'-11,874'	7	"
11,890'-11,900'	21	"

COLUMBIA ET AL KOTANEELEE YT H38

November 29, 1977

Rigging up to do acid job. Delays due to weather, made one flight yesterday, started to rain, this morning fogged in and unable to fly.

Moved 10,000 gallons 28% HCl acid and two 400 barrel tanks from Beaver Barge landing to H-38 well site. Heating acid with steam to 100°F. Schlumberger wire line unit and 2 Halliburton units moved over from Beaver River.

Will start rig motor and raise derrick. Haul in Haliburton iron, and set up flare lines and tie-in to flare manifold. Fill 400 barrel tank with displacement fluid and heat to 100°F with steam.

Estimated timing for acid job Thursday, December 1.

November 30, 1977 (-25°F)

Rigging up to do acid job. Transferred acid to new 400 Barrel tank after 4" valve cracked. Lost approximately 4-5 barrels acid. Started rig motor and will raise derrick today.

Will pressure test all lines and flow well to pit and prepare to do acid job Thursday AM.

December 1, 1977

Preparing to do acid job. Acid and displacement fluid heated to 100°F. Haliburton preparing to pressure test lines. Schlumberger rigging up to run wireline if necessary.



KOTANEELEE YT H-38

Friday, December 2, 1977

8:00 A.M. - Flowing well to clean up  
20/64 choke, 2900-3200 psig back pressure,  
estimated rate 7-8 MMcf/d.

Heated acid to 102°F and cut 28% HCL to 15% with water, heated flush fluid to 112°F. Pressure tested Howco lines to 10,000 psig and Nowsco lines to 4000 psig (Nowsco used for back pressure on annulus). Set annulus relief valve at 4000 psig. Pumped 1000 gals. 15% HCL and additives, pump pressure 4500 increased to 6000 psig and broke back to 3000 psig. Displaced with 175 barrels water, pressure decreased from 3000 to 2500 by end of displacement. ISIP - 2500 psig and after 15 minutes 1000 psig. Rate held constant at 6 barrels throughout first stage.

Pumped 15,000 gallons 15% HCL with 450 gallons HAI-75, 90 gallons Pen-6, 25 gallons Howco suds, at 6 barrels per minute with 10 ball sealers per minute throughout. Displaced by 175 barrels water and diesel fuel. Injection pressures varied from 2500 - 3400 psig. ISIP 3000 psig, after 15 minutes 900 psig. Removed injection lines, frac head and opened well to flare pit. The following flow data was obtained:

<u>DATE</u>	<u>TIME</u>	<u>TBG. PRESS</u>	<u>TEMP</u>	<u>CHOKE</u>	<u>REMARKS</u>
Dec 1	8:20 PM	1625		20/64	Recovering diesel
	9:20	1600	80		
	10:00	1200	80		
	11:00	1600	80		
Dec 2	12:30 AM	1650	80		Choke plugged
	3:30	3500		8/64	diesel and acid
	4:00	3300	76	10/64	water
	5:00	2830	76	16/64	acid water
	6:00	2975		20/64	7-8 MMcf/d and acid water

KOTANEELEE YT H-38

Saturday December 3, 1977

Flowing well to flare pit on 40/64 choke. Approximate rate 20 MMcf per day along with some acid water. The flow data for the last 24 hours is as follows:

<u>DATE</u>	<u>TIME</u>	<u>TBG PRESS</u>	<u>TEMP</u>	<u>CHOKE</u>	<u>REMARKS</u>
Dec 2	10:00 AM	3225	83	20/64	7-8 MMcf plus acid water
	11:00	3125	82	30/64	
	12:00 noon	2750		40/64	19 MMcf/d plus acid water
	1:30	2080	84	40/64	
	2:00	2060	122	40/64	
	3:00	2033	126	40/64	
	4:00	2025	132	40/64	
	5:00	2023	134	40/64	
	6:00	2025	137	40/64	
	7:00	2028	138	40/64	
	8:00	2031	140	40/64	
	9:00	2035	142	40/64	
	10:00	2040	142	40/64	
11:00	2045	142	40/64		
12:00 mid.	2049	144	40/64		
Dec 3	1:00 AM	2053	144	40/64	20 MMcf/d plus acid water
	2:00	2056	144	40/64	
	3:00	2061	148	40/64	
	4:00	2066	148	40/64	
	5:00	2077	148	40/64	
	6:00	2075	148	40/64	
	7:00	2078	150	40/64	
	8:00	2082	150	40/64	

KOTANEELEE YT H-38

Sunday December 4, 1977

Flowing well to flare pit on 40/64 choke, approximate rate 20 MMcf/d along with some acid water. Well appears to be cleaning up. The rates for last 24 hours are as follows:

<u>DATE</u>	<u>TIME</u>	<u>TBG PRESS</u>	<u>TEMP</u>	<u>CHOKE</u>	<u>REMARKS</u>
Dec 3	9:00 AM	2085	154	40/64	20 MMcf/d plus
	10:00	2090	154	40/64	acid water
	11:00	2093	154	40/64	
	12:00 noon	1096	154	40/64	
	1:00	2100	156	40/64	
	2:00	2104	156	40/64	
	3:00	2106	156	40/64	
	4:00	2110	156	40/64	
	5:00	2114	157	40/64	
	6:00	2116	157	40/64	
	7:00	2118	158	40/64	
	8:00	2122	158	40/64	
	9:00	2124	158	40/64	
	10:00	2126	158	40/64	
	11:00	2129	158	40/64	
	12:00 mid	2131	158	40/64	20 MMcf/d plus
Dec 4	1:00 AM	2137	159	40/64	light fresh
	2:00	2137	158	40/64	water spray
	3:00	2139	160	40/64	
	4:00	2140	160	40/64	
	5:00	2142	160	40/64	
	6:00	2144	160	40/64	
	7:00	2147	162	40/64	
	8:00	2149	162	40/64	
	9:00	2152	162	40/64	

Well shut in to run Gradient, set BH Pressure recorders for AOF test



KOTANEELEE YT H38

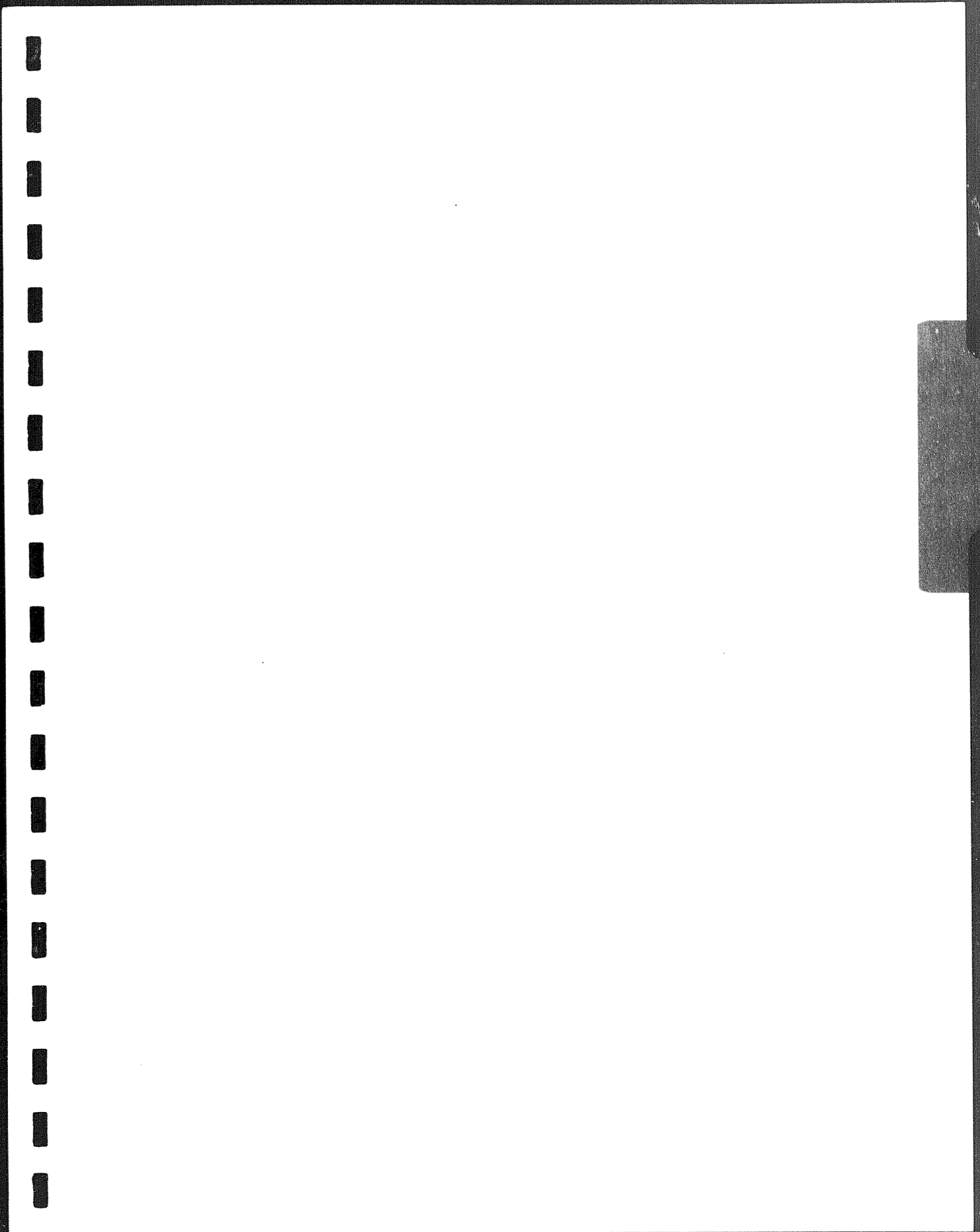
Monday December 5, 1977

Ran in hole with Baker F-S plug to set in lower F nipple at 11599. Plug caught and stuck at 11505. Pulled out of hole with wireline and ran back in with overshot and retrieved plug. Ran in with second F-S plug and set in F nipple at 11599 as per program. Preparing to run gradient. Temperature  $-25^{\circ}\text{F}$  overnight.

Tuesday December 6, 1977 ( $-45^{\circ}\text{F}$ )

Waiting on bottom hole pressure recorders. Recorders coming on CP Air this afternoon. Ran in hole with BH pressure recorders, recorders hung up at 11505' and released. Recorders fell 94 feet to bottom plug at 11599'. Ran in hole with retrieval tool, (O.D. 1.67), no indicated restriction at 11505', retrieved recorders. Several joints on pressure recorders damaged.

Gradients and final AOF to be run, and will be forwarded as separate report.



COLUMBIA GAS DEVELOPMENT CANADA LTD ET AL

PRESSURE REPORT

Columbia Gas et al Kotaneelee YT H-38

November, 1977

Submitted by R.D. Dook  
E.F. Doyle

of Exploration Logging Canada Ltd.



## INTRODUCTION TO PRESSURE THEORY

I

### TERMINOLOGY

Basic understanding of pressure terms is essential to any discussion of pressure theory. The following is a list of terms:

#### 1. Hydrostatic Pressure

$$P = 0.052 \times W \times D$$

where P = hydrostatic pressure, psi  
W = fluid density, ppg  
D = vertical depth, ft.  
0.052 = constant of proportionality

#### 2. Equivalent Mud Weight

$$W_e = \frac{P_p}{0.052 \times D}$$

where  $W_e$  = equivalent mud weight, ppg  
 $P_p$  = formation pressure, psi

In abnormally pressured formations

$$W_e = W_f + \frac{P_e}{0.052 \times D}$$

where  $W_f$  = formation fluid density, ppg  
 $P_e$  = pressure in excess of normal hydrostatic pressure, psi

With increasing penetration into an overpressured zone (increasing D), the extra mud weight required will decrease. Hence, if the mud weight is increased to balance formation pressure upon entrance of the zone, it will over-balance the formation pressure at greater depths within the zone.

In the event of a kick, with the mud weight being increased, sufficient pressure uphole may fracture the formation at the casing seat, due to the equivalent mud weight increasing uphole.

#### 3. Pressure Gradient

$$\text{Pressure Gradient} = \frac{P}{D} = 0.052 \times W$$

Normal pressure gradients are: 0.433 psi/ft. (fresh water)  
0.468 psi/ft. (saline water)

#### 4. Effective Circulating Density (E.C.D.)

E.C.D. is the total pressure effective at the bottom of the hole whilst circulating.

$$\text{E.C.D.} = W_o + \frac{\delta P_A}{0.052 \times D}$$

## I TERMINOLOGY CONT'D

where  $W_o$  - mud weight at surface (ppg)  
 $\delta PA$  = annular pressure loss (psi)

Annular pressure losses are determined using the Power Model for the behaviour of a drilling fluid.

### 5. Formation Pressure

$$S = \sigma + P_p$$

where  $S$  = overburden pressure, psi  
 $\sigma$  = rock grain pressure, psi  
 $P_p$  = pore fluid pressure, psi

Pore (formation) pressure is the pore fluid pressure within any rock. Normally, this pressure will be equivalent to the hydrostatic pressure at the depth in question. A knowledge of environmental conditions is important, in order to understand the normality of any sequence. The Kotaneelee well was assumed to have a normal 0.435 psi/ft pressure gradient.

### 6. Pressure Abnormalities

If fluids are unable to communicate and equalize pressures, due to some form of restriction or barrier, an extra pressure will build up. If this pressure is positive, then the formation is said to be "overpressured". If negative, then the formation is said to be subnormally pressured.

Overpressured formations may be produced in several different ways, e.g. pressuring of a reservoir, communication between reservoirs at different depths, reservoir geometry and subcompaction of claystones and shales.

### 7. Formation Fracture Pressure

The stress regime within a formation may be resolved into three perpendicular stress vectors, i.e. one vertical and two horizontal. Since overburden is usually the greatest of these three stresses, fractures are normally vertical. Cores taken in the Nahanni exemplified this.

The formation fracture pressure is the hydrostatic pressure which will open pre-existing fractures or initiate fracturing within the formation. Pressure integrity tests were held at the Kotaneelee well, although fracturing by the drilling fluid was very unlikely.

## II FORMATION PRESSURE INDICATORS

No pressure analysis plot, only pressure data plots, were made for the Kotaneelee well. However, ideas and recommendations concerning pressure phenomena were given using information gathered from the data.

## II FORMATION PRESSURE INDICATORS CONT'D

The following is an explanation of each parameter which was monitored at the wellsite and plotted on the data log.

### 1. Direct Pressure Measurement

Formation pressures can be calculated from test results, or during a kick. The former was applicable to the Kotaneelee well, where test results gave a pressure of 9.4 ppg EMW for the Nahanni dolomite.

### 2. Flowline Temperature

The geothermal gradient for any normally pressured area is constant. However, across abnormally pressured formations the geothermal gradient is abnormally high. Since water has a lower thermal conductivity than rock matrix materials, higher water content in pressured rocks will reduce the thermal conductivity.

Measuring flowline temperatures is a practical way of determining temperature gradients. Care has to be taken in accounting for surface and treatments, flow rates, lithology, etc. Characteristically, temperature variations in and surrounding a pressure zone change dramatically. This can be detected at the flowline by a decrease or negative trend shift in temperature at the transition zone, followed by a sharp increase in temperature once the pressure zone has been entered.

### 3. Rate of Penetration

Rate of penetration in a formation is controlled by several factors: force applied; rotary speed; tooth efficiency; differential pressure. With constant drilling conditions in a uniform lithology, rate of penetration would be controlled by formation compaction alone. Hence, there would be direct correlation of formation pressure to rate of penetration.

The drilling exponent or "d-exponent" is a formulation which tries to achieve a normalization of drilling factors so that the rate of penetration can be equated with formation compaction.

Jorden and Shirley modified Bingham's earlier work to give the following equation:

$$d = \frac{\log \frac{R}{60N}}{\log \frac{12W}{10^6} B}$$

where d = drilling exponent  
R = rate of penetration ft/hr.  
N = rotary speed, rpm  
W = weight on bit, lb.  
B = bit diameter, ins.

d is lithology specific



## II FORMATION PRESSURE INDICATOR CONT'D

Rehm and McClendon proposed a correction, taking into account the effects of mud weight.

$$dxc = d \times \frac{We}{ECD}$$

where dxc = corrected drilling exponent  
We = normal pore pressure gradient -  
EMW (ppg)

DXC does not account for drilling hydraulics, tooth efficiency and matrix strength. Consequently, any major changes in these factors will be reflected in the dxc, e.g. tooth wear and change of bit type.

### 4. Shale Density

Shale density is dependant upon matrix and fluid densities and porosity. In a normally pressured area, density will increase with depth as compaction increases and porosity decreases. If abnormally pressured shales are encountered then compaction is decreased and porosity increased, resulting in a lower shale density. A normal trend is first established as densities vary from area to area. Deviations from this trend, in the form of negative gradients will indicate an increase in pressure.

### 5. Gas and Borehole Conditions

With a near balance condition, there will be a tendency for the formation or fluids to enter the well. Kicks will occur if there are high permeabilities: If the permeability is low then large trip and connection gases will be seen, and if the fluid is unable to flow, the formation will tend to cave, e.g. sloughing shales.

Connection gases are a result of swabbing effects, and an indication that a near balance condition exists. Background gases are also a good indicator as to the nature of the balance. Gradual buildup of background gases, particularly in shales, suggests a near balance or slightly underbalanced condition exists. Also, communication fractures may give high background gas, whilst the general lithology itself is impermeable.

## DATA COLLECTION AND INTERPRETATION

A pressure data log was prepared at the wellsite during drilling. The main intention of this log was to aid with wellsite engineering decisions, and try to relate the physical properties of the formations to drilling techniques.

The log was drawn on a 1:1500 scale (approximate), and was divided into five vertical columns.

- Engineering Data/Corrected Drilling Exponent (DXC)
- Flowline Temperature (T<sup>0</sup>C)
- Gas/Mud Weight
- Engineering Data/Shale Density
- Lithology/Remarks

For the purpose of this report, the well has been divided into three sections, separated by casing seats.

### SECTION I - 1000' - 3025'

This section was drilled quite slowly using both rock and button bits. Bit performance seemed satisfactory considering the very hard nature of the formations penetrated. Prior to drilling into the Mattson sandstone, tooth wear remained at three or four, whereas drilling through it produced tooth wears of six to eight. The complete section (1100'-3025') drilled at little more than three to four feet per hour.

The Dxc (Corrected Drilling Exponent) was of little value as a pressure indicator primarily due to the lack of shale present in this section. Even though it is possible to determine pressure trend lines from sandstones, a complete control of local geology and formation pressures must be known to obtain any valuable trend evaluation. Also, the use of button bits adds a great amount of error to actual Dxc values, whilst gradual tooth/button wear and the use of button bits makes the trend line concept meaningless. Dxc values ranged from 0.94-1.98 over this section.

A plot of flowline temperatures gave values ranging from 28-56.5<sup>0</sup>C. No significant pressure indicative trend was established. However, recognition of a fall in temperature prior to water flows was made. This can be seen from the temperature plot at 1650' and at 2650'. These temperature trends are somewhat misleading since these water flows were steady over a lengthy period of time, thus allowing some cooling. Since numerous bit changes were made whilst drilling this section, this added to the trend shifting, although it was a

## DATA COLLECTION AND INTERPRETATION CONT'D

minor inevitable problem. Certain changes in the volume of the mud flow occasionally brought temperatures down by 0.5-1.0°C, which gave erroneous values. These minor changes did not detract from the good flowline temperature plot which was obtained.

During the drilling of this section there was quite a wide range of gas values, which were partly due to changes in mud weights. Background gas values range from 0-300 units, whilst connection gases and trip gases have values of 0-320 units, and 30-1200 units respectively. Mud weight values range between 9.0-10.4 ppg.

Between 1100' and 1200', there was an increase in background, connection and trip gases. The mud weight was increased from 9.1 to 9.6 ppg, due to this gas increase associated with a water flow. This increase in weight drastically reduced the background gas and with a further increase to 9.9 ppg at 1350', the water flow was held back. Both trip and connection gases were reduced. A further water flow occurred at 1600' which began to reduce the mud weight. This continued until 1850' where the weight was 9.5 ppg. At this point, an increase of 0.7 ppg held the flow back and a 10.2 ppg mud was used to complete this section. Background, connection and trip gases were at higher values (70, 180, 700 units respectively), with a 9.5 ppg mud weight, than with a 9.9-10.2 ppg weight. At 2550' there was a significant increase in gas, with an associated water flow. A 10.2 ppg mud weight was being used. It would appear this increase in gas was due to an increase in the silty nature of the sequence, where there was an increase in porosity compared with the Mattson sandstone. Maximum values for background, connection and trip gases over this interval (2550'-3025') were 75, 320 and 1200 units respectively.

Due to the lack of "clean" shales over this section, few shale density measurements were made. Those values obtained gave a range from 2.5-2.68 gms/cc. This shale interval overlying the Mattson sandstone was showing the signs of a pressure transition zone, and as penetration into the Mattson sandstone was made, a water flow occurred.

Lithologies encountered over this section were quite varied. Overlying the Fantasque chert was a shale/limestone unit which became very silty towards the base. The chert also became silty towards its base passing into a siltstone/shale sequence, before penetration of the Mattson sandstone. The Mattson itself was quite massive with some interbedded shales, siltstones, dolomites and limestones. A 13 3/8" casing was set in a massive sandstone at 3025'.

### SECTION II - 3025' - 10850'

Due to size, this section has been subdivided into three units, based upon lithology.

#### UNIT A - 3025'-5250'

This unit comprises of the lower Mattson which is predominantly sand-



## DATA COLLECTION AND INTERPRETATION CONT'D

stone with some siltstone/shale/carbonate interbeds. Bit runs were generally long (maximum 90 3/4 hours), although penetration rate averaged four feet per hour through this unit. Occasional bits were pulled "green", but for the most part, tooth wear ranged from three to eight. Bearing problems were rare, although the harder lithologies certainly destroyed the bits faster. A selection of button and hard rock bits were used, each with varying success. Certainly, this interval proved that bit life was of prime importance, since penetration rates were so low.

A pressure integrity test (PIT) was performed under the casing shoe (3035') in the Mattson sandstone. The fracture pressure was found to be 20.24 ppg EMW (Equivalent Mud Weight).

Dxc again proved virtually useless in determining pressure trends. A scattered plot similar to Section I evolved. This was unavoidable due to the large number of bit runs in this section. Dxc values ranged from 1.32 - 2.06. This sequence of highly varied lithologies make Dxc unreliable in pressure determinations, and also as an indicator of bit wear.

The flowline temperatures over this section show no real abnormalities. Trend stepping due to bit changes followed normal patterns. Also, with the large number of surveys run, temperatures showed no high gradients, as time was plentiful for cooling. Temperature gradients after the first few circulations also showed no marked increases (often indicative of pressure zones). Over this interval, temperature values ranged from 35.5 - 51.9°C.

Upon drilling out the 13 3/8" casing shoe, the mud weight was gradually decreased to 9.2 ppg. With this weight, there was a slight water flow suggesting that the Lower Mattson also held a water zone of high pressure and low volume. The mud weight was held between 9.2 - 9.4 ppg throughout this section, with no more water flows. Gas readings were lower than the previous section. Background, Connection and Trip Gas ranges were 2-60 units, 0-70 units, and 5-75 units respectively.

Shale density values ranged from 2.57 - 2.7 gms/cc. No exact trend lines were established, although density values were certainly lower over the sections with more gas.

### UNIT B - 5250' - 8750'

This interval is made up of Mississippian rocks, predominantly shales and carbonates, with some minor silts, marks and charts.

Bit runs were longer (max. 105 hours) than in previous sections, particularly in the upper half of this unit. Penetration rates averaged 7-8'/hr., with tooth wear and bearing life extremely varied (1-7 and 1-8 respectively). These properties seemed dependant upon differences between bits rather than formation effects. Button bits were used for the most part, with the occasional rock bit.

## DATA COLLECTION AND INTERPRETATION CONT'D

Dxc began for the first time to keep a steady trend, even with regular "weight on bit" changes. Rotary speeds were kept fairly steady, averaging 55-60 rpm. Dxc values showed a range of 1.42 - 2.00. Even though good trend lines were established, which enhanced a better qualitative approach to pressure determinations, no real normal trend could be used. This hindered a quantitative application. However, correlation of the dxc with Connection and Background Gas variations was good in uniform lithologies. Dxc variations due to carbonate/shale gradations were largely ignored. Interesting and significant dxc trend lines were found from 7000' - 7750'. Over this interval there was a gradual decrease in dxc values from 1.73 - 1.69, which accounts for approximately 0.2 ppg EMW pressure increase. With associated Background and Connection Gas increases, with shale density decreases, this section is indicative of a pressure transition zone.

Flowline temperatures again showed no abnormalities, and followed normal gradients. Values ranged from 47.0 - 58.0°C.

Mud weights were kept in 9.3 - 9.4 ppg range until 7830', where the weight was increased to 9.5 ppg, with a further increase to 9.8 ppg at 7890'. A rapid increase in gas from 7750' necessitated this increase. A slight flow was observed in this section. From 5250' - 7750', Background, Connection and Trip Gases were all relatively low (5-140 units, 0-60 units, 5-95 units respectively). However, there was a gradual increase in the gases from 7000' onwards.

With the mud weight increase to 9.8 ppg at 7890', there was an immediate reduction in gas. By 8100', Background Gas had fallen to 35 units, Connection Gas to 80 units, and Trip Gas to 135 units. From there to 8750', there was a steady increase in gas, with BG, CG and TG increasing to 90, 120 and 640 units respectively. Mud weights over this section remained fairly steady between 9.8 - 10.0 ppg.

Shale density values show a very slight normal compaction trend, with values ranging from 2.58 - 2.74 gms/cc. Occasional reverse trends are noticed, with associated gas buildup (7000' - 7750' and 8350' - 8650').

Some sloughing of the shales with drag and fill occurred in thick sections (5750' - 6150'), but these were not of a serious nature.

An open-hole drill stem test (DST #1: 7725' - 7921') was performed over a good carbonate section.

### UNIT C: 8750' - 10850'

This unit was drilled at an average drilling rate of 6 ft/hr. Bit selection corresponded with lithology type, with rock bits used for the shale intervals, and button bits for the harder formations. Tooth (button) wear and bearing life were quite varied (2-8 in both cases).

## DATA COLLECTION AND INTERPRETATION CONT'D

The Dxc plot shows a typical normal trend development, with values ranging from 1.6 - 2.22. Stepping in this trend can be seen at bit changes, particularly when changing bit types. Correlation of gas buildup in the shales with the Dxc plot again is good. This is particularly noticeable at 9900' and 10,200'.

As with previous units there are no abnormalities with the temperature plot. The typically constant steady buildup of temperature changes at three interesting points (9860', 10,270' and 10,760'). Here, a marked temperature decrease occurs immediately prior to entering a gas zone.

A 9.6 - 10.1 ppg mud weight was used over this unit. Relatively high gas readings were monitored throughout, being particularly high during the drilling of the chert/shale interval (top at 10,340'). Prior to the chert penetration, background gas readings ranged from 30-200 units. Penetration of the chert and subsequent shales gave readings in the range 350 - 1000 + units. No great significance was placed upon CG over this unit, as these were comparatively low to BG. Trip Gases were high throughout, ranging from 700 - 1000 + units.

Shale densities followed predicted compaction patterns, with marked lower values over gas intervals (e.g. 9910' and 10,240'). Density values ranged from 2.59 - 2.71 gms/cc.

9 5/8" casing was set at 10,850', prior to penetrating the Nahanni dolomite, the prime target.

### SECTION III - 10,850' - 12,789' (TOTAL DEPTH)

Due to distinct lithological differences this section has been subdivided into two units.

#### UNIT A: 10,850' - 11,640'

This interval drilled at an average rate of 4-5 ft/hr., through shales with minor cherts and limestones. Both tooth and button bits were used with maximum efficiency in most cases.

The Dxc plot became scattered, with bit change trend stepping. Values ranged from 1.6 - 2.12. A definite reverse normal trend was established suggesting a gradual pressure buildup towards the base of this unit.

For the first time, the temperature plot showed an increase in gradient at the start of the bit run. Actual values (46.8 - 62.5°C range) are slightly lower than previous sections, due to shorter bit runs.

BG showed a range from 20 - 1000 + units over this interval. CG's were also higher (range 20 - 1000 + units). Generally, TG's were 1000 + units. These high gas values, increasing with depth, are partly associated with a pressure buildup in the shales, and partly with fractures. The mud weight was 9.5 ppg upon drilling out of the shoe. This was increased at 11,060' to 9.9 - 10.0 ppg, in anticipation of penetrating the Nahanni higher than expected.



DATA COLLECTION AND INTERPRETATION CONT'D

This increase in weight would suggest that fracturing was responsible for most of the gas liberated to the hole, since an increase in hydrostatic pressure should give a decrease in gas liberation, unless the formation pressure buildup was equal in value to the hydrostatic pressure increases.

Shale densities showed a trend change at 11,130'. Prior to this depth, the density values were following a normal compaction trend (value range 2.64 - 2.72 gms/cc). However, for the remaining unit interval, a reverse trend was established (value range 2.72 - 2.62 gms/cc.) This would signify the pressure buildup in the shales themselves.

A P.I.T. was performed below the shoe, where the formation was tested to 10.74 ppg EMW.

UNIT B: 11,640' - 12,789' (TOTAL DEPTH)

This unit was drilled at an average rate of 9 ft/hr. Both tooth wear and bearing condition were not as high as with previous runs, due to the shorter bit runs between cored intervals.

The Dxc plot showed a marked scattering over the interval 11,640' - 12,200' which can be attributed to the fractured and vuggy nature of the Nahanni. From 12,200' - 12,789' a normal trend is established as the Nahanni becomes more homogeneous. Dxc values over this unit range from 1.26 - 1.90.

The temperature plot shows similar characteristics to the previous section, notably the gradient increases after bit changes. Actual values (42 - 66.6°C) are slightly higher, this being attributed to the deeper section.

A mud weight of 9.9 - 10.1 ppg was used throughout the drilling of this unit. Gas values were exceptionally high; TG = 2000 + units  
BG = 270 - 600 units  
CG = 80 - 1000 units;  
attributed to vuggy porosity and fracture communication.

Six intervals were cored in the Nahanni, with four DST's run. DST #2 and #5 were successful, results showing a 4 mmcf/d production with a 9.4 ppg EMW formation pressure.

## CONCLUSIONS AND RECOMMENDATIONS

Certainly, from a pressure standpoint, the well was drilled very successfully. Hole problems were minimal, particularly in the intermediate 12½" hole, where thick sections of shale were encountered. Bit selection was approached in a calculated manner which failed on rare occasions, but generally was efficient. The use of tooth bits (eg. SEC M44N) in the moderately hard Mississippian shale sections was successful, mainly due to the increased penetration effect of the teeth. Although button bits generally have a longer life, button penetration was retarded due to the fear of increased hole deviation. With a revised idea of formation drillability in the area, it is hoped that bit selection will be at an optimum in the forthcoming delineation/development program.

The Corrected Drilling Exponent (Dxc) plot proved to be very limited as a quantitative tool. Essentially a shale plot, the value of dxc trends will only be seen in forthcoming wells, where a direct comparison can be made. However, the qualitative value in the well was great, clearly indicating shale zones of increased gas content. With further work on the dxc, trend establishment for the development area can be achieved, and be utilized in an optimization program for eliminating hole problems. To achieve this it is imperative for a close monitoring of drilling parameters.

The flowline temperature plot proved to be very accurate, although was of limited use in revealing hole properties. Water flows in the surface and intermediate sections were indicated and on rare occasions minor transition zones were seen. Problems in establishing trend lines were numerous. These were mainly due to surface and mixing effects and short bit runs. For these reasons, plots of suction pit temperatures and differential temperatures ( $T^{\circ}\text{C OUT} - T^{\circ}\text{C IN}$ ) were not made. An important and accurate tool, the temperature plot could become very valuable in the area, if improvements are made to the surface mud system.

Gas concentrations are fundamental to basic pressure control. High pressure/low volume gas accumulation, with gas-filled fractures, proved in this well that drilling can be achieved while carrying high concentrations. Due to known lack of permeability in the surface and intermediate hole sections, closely balanced drilling could be accomplished. With a KCL mud system, solid removal is imperative. This loss of additional weight must be accounted for by a somewhat conservative approach to the use of weight material in attaining a closely balanced fluid system. Both the gas detection system and mud weight monitoring system functioned well during drilling. One reservation concerning the mud weight sensors, is that the KCL system can become very aerated, causing fluctuations in the mud weight readout.

Shale density measurements proved to be a useful qualitative tool. As with the dxc plot, no quantitative approach was utilized. It is thought that for a more precise determination of densities, a single solution method be used instead of the multi-solution kit that is presently employed.

CONCLUSIONS AND RECOMMENDATIONS CONT'D

The level of sophistication in the logging unit is virtually at a maximum for a standard system. To improve such a service, it would be necessary to utilize a pressure package. It is thought that a fully computerized logging system is not needed. With a pressure package, a closer monitoring of the drilling parameters could be effected. Also, a greater control of hydraulics could be found, aiding the drilling. It is felt that the additional package (including personnel) would follow a path toward optimization of the delineation/development program.



## EQUIPMENT

I

### THE LOGGING UNIT

An Exploration Logging Unit, number 120, was on location at the Kotaneelee YT H-38 wellsite for the duration of drilling operations with sample logging commencing at a depth of 1000' on April 25, 1977 and continuing to 12,789', total depth, on October 14, 1977.

Unit 120 was situated in an excellent position in close proximity to the shale shakers and rig floor. Power, water and compressed air were provided from the rig supply and a telephone link to the rig floor, engineer's office and living quarters was installed. It is a standard unit containing the following equipment:

- Penetration Rate and Depth Recording System
- Combustible-Gas Detectors
- Cuttings-Gas Detectors
- Pump Stroke Counters
- Chromatograph for the Analysis of Gaseous Hydrocarbons
- Honeywell Multipoint Recorder
- Equipment for Oil and Gas Show Evaluation

In addition to this, the unit contains secondary equipment in the form of:

- Mud Monitoring System - Pit Volume Totalizer, Dual Mud Weight and Dual Mud Temperature Recorders
- Multiresolution Shale Density Kit
- Autocalcimeter (for the latter part of the well)

The unit was manned by graduate geologists working on a two weeks on the rig and one week off schedule, with two men on the rig at one time, each working a twelve hour tour, taking ditch samples at ten feet intervals and preparing a lithology log on a 1:500 scale upon which the following was recorded:

- Bit Data
- Drill Rates, in feet per hour, plotted every five feet

## I THE LOGGING UNIT CONT'D

- Lithology Percentages and Types
- Gas Readings Comprising:
  - Continuous Ditch Gas in Gas Units
  - Chromatographic Analysis in ppm
  - Cuttings Gas in Gas Units
- Lithology Descriptions
- Information regarding casing depths, electric logs, mud reports, hole deviation, oil shows, core and drill stem test intervals and calcimetry results

A Pressure Log was also prepared on a scale of 1 cm:100' or approximately 1:2500, with plots of:

- Corrected Drilling Exponent (Dxc)
- Flowline Temperature -<sup>o</sup>C
- Background, Connection and Trip Gases
- Mud Weight - pounds per gallon
- Shale Density - grams per cc
- Lithology

### CUTTINGS SAMPLES

Samples were collected at ten feet intervals and divided as follows:

1. About 0.5 kg of unwashed sample was placed in a small cloth bag and every one or two weeks the accumulated cloth bags sent to the Canadian Geological Survey Institute of Sedimentary and Petroleum Geology, 33rd Street N.W. Calgary, Alberta.
2. 100 cc of unwashed sample was disintegrated with 500 cc of water in a blender to obtain a Cuttings Gas reading.
3. The rest of the sample was washed through an 8-mesh sieve, collected in a 170-mesh sieve, washed until clean and then dried, after which approximately 20 gm were placed in a plastic phial and kept at the wellsite. The remaining fraction was used for examination.
  - a. under ultra-violet light to check for fluorescence caused by the presence of oil, as opposed to natural fluorescence of minerals, such as calcite.

I THE LOGGING UNIT CONT'D

- b. under a binocular microscope, after which the sample was described according to its rock type, colour, hardness, grain size, grain shape, sorting, cementation, porosity, accessory minerals, show; using the standard Exploration Logging abbreviations.

In the event of the sample being calcareous and/or shaly, it could be used to obtain limestone and dolomite percentages and/or shale density values.

This examination procedure is also followed when a core is being described.



AC POWER

The main power requirement for the unit is 115 volt, 60 cycles per second, 30 amps provided via a two conductor neoprene cable from the rig generator. This is routed through the main circuit breaker assembly and master switch with one part going to the unregulated portion of a circuit breaker box to provide power for the unit compressor, agitator motor and a set of unregulated AC power outlets along the inside of the unit, and another part going to a regulated AC "shorting plug" and being fed to circuit breakers supplying power for the fluorescent lights and regulated AC power outlets in the unit and the DC power supply.

There is also a 220 volt power supply used to run the air conditioning, heater or auxiliary equipment such as core-processing apparatus.

DC POWER

This is provided by the conversion of part of the sometimes widely varying AC power into a very stable DC power of 5.8 volts used for the gas detectors and other instruments where a stable power supply is very necessary.

AIR

A 120 psi air system is used in the unit and this is provided by the rig air supply or by the unit compressor. To prevent any surges in air supply from damaging equipment, regulators are installed in the line and an air filter is used to remove water and oil from the air. Once through the filter, the air is distributed via a manifold to various air lines in the unit, bristol tank to pressure up the bristol system and fill the hose with water, mud filter press used to obtain filtrate and filter cake readings from a mud sample, a blow off hose in the backroom of the unit.

The Exploration Logging Vacuum System provides a means of drawing gas from the mud in the ditch and passing it through filament chambers in the gas detectors for measurements of the concentrations of the combustible gases in the mud. A continuous steady vacuum of four to five inches of mercury and a total sample gas flow of 30 to 40 standard cubic feet per hour is provided by a twin-cylinder vacuum pump with one cylinder operating for the ditch gas system and the other providing the vacuum for the cuttings gas detector.

The outside part of the system consists of a gas trap partially immersed in the ditch so that mud passes through it continually. In the gas trap is a  $\frac{1}{4}$  horse-power, 115 volt explosion proof agitator motor which agitates the mud causing the release of any gas which may have been held in suspension. The gas trap has an efficiency of up to 70% depending on mud properties such as viscosity, the speed of agitation and the level of mud in the gas trap. From the gas trap a 1" inside diameter plastic gas line carries the ditch gas into a condensate bottle where any mud and water can settle out before the sample is passed through a smaller diameter gas line into the back of the logging unit.

Upon entering the unit, the sample passes first through a gas filter, or beach filter, which removes water, oil and dirt carried from the condensate bottle, and then through a vapor filter which removes vapors heavier than pentane, such as diesel which is often added to the drilling mud. From here it passes through a meter indicating total flow in the system and through a flow-restriction orifice which enables the flow to be distributed to the gas detectors via sample flow meters to the chromatograph and to other gas instruments which may be present such as the Hydrogen Sulphide detector.

In the event of a blockage due to mud and water accumulating in the gas line, a liquid alarm pressure switch detects the resultant increase in vacuum pressure, switches off the vacuum pump and activates the liquid alarm to prevent the intake of fluid into the detector system. Then a solenoid blow-out valve is used to remove the gas line from the vacuum system and introduces 120 psi air into the gas line to clear it of the accumulated fluid. This is also used to clear out any mud and water which may have settled in the condensate bottle during normal operations.

This uses the principle of hydrostatic pressure to indicate differences in the position of the kelly during drilling operations.

Basically the "Bristol" System consists of a rubber hose-pipe with one end connected to a water bottle chained to the kelly swivel and the other end connected via polyflo tubing to a pressure bellows inside the logging unit with a lever system which enables pressure differences in the bellows to be recorded on a chart. The recorder chart is circular, rotated by a clock-driven mechanism and consists of either eight or twenty-four one-hour radial divisions with one minute intervals and 60 concentric divisions representing one foot intervals.

The system is full of water all the time and as the kelly is raised or lowered the hydrostatic head of water between the bottle on the swivel and the datum (the logging unit) increases or decreases accordingly and the pressure difference is transmitted through the bellows and lever system to cause the movement of a pen on the circular chart. During drilling, as the kelly is lowered, the continual decrease in hydrostatic head causes pen movement towards the middle of the chart which, together with the rotation of the chart, produces a curve which indicates the amount of time taken to drill each foot, with increasing rate of penetration showing on the chart as increasing gradient of the curve.

It is necessary to know the length of each single drill pipe as it is added to the drill string so that each kelly down depth is known and consequently, during the drilling of each single to kelly down the depth at any moment can be interpolated.

#### Advantages

1. It is a reliable, easy-to-maintain system.
2. Once it is calibrated and the span of the pen movement on the chart adjusted correctly, it should not normally need to be recalibrated.
3. The clockwork chart drive means that it is not affected by a loss of power to the logging unit or by variations in the frequency of rig power.

#### Disadvantages

1. In cold weather operation such as the Yukon winter, antifreeze must be added to the water in the system and because the density of antifreeze is not the same as the density of water, the pen mechanism must be recalibrated.
2. Hoses are subjected to a lot of wear and tear while attached to the kelly hose and swivel and occasionally break or are worn through and leak, causing loss in hydrostatic pressure within the system and hence anomalous chart readings, although it is a matter of only a few minutes to repair the hose.
3. Care must be taken not to allow air bubbles to enter the system as these will upset the calibration due to subnormal hydrostatic head.





HOT WIRE GAS DETECTOR

This has been used for many years in the petroleum industry and has proven itself to be simple, very reliable, easy to use and maintain, and easy to calibrate. It uses a Wheatstone Bridge circuit to detect and register changes in the resistivity of a platinum-coated filament, as it is heated by the combustion of gas, compared to the resistivity of a reference filament which is igniting just air. The hot wire detector is divided into two identical parts, one using a detector voltage of 2.2 volts for measuring the amount of all combustible gases in the sample mixture (the total gas detector), and the other using a voltage of 1.1 volts to detect all combustible gases except methane (the petroleum vapour detector). The filaments are calibrated to record 50 units of total gas (1 exploration logging gas unit = 200 ppm total gas) when a mixture of 1% methane in air is passed into the filament chamber.

The disadvantage of the hot-wire detector is that it only has a linear response to gas concentrations if all the gas is burning uniformly in the chamber. There is a critical concentration of gas above which explosive combustion will occur in the filament chambers and any of the following percentages of gases in the sample mixture will cause this.

Methane	7%
Ethane	4%
Propane	2.7%
Butane	2.3%
Pentane	1.8%

If the concentrations increase above this figure, pulsating explosions will result until sufficient oxygen is used up to cause complete cessation of combustion in the filament chambers. At the following concentrations the filament is inert and will not register any further increase in concentrations.

Methane	56%
Ethane	32%
Propane	22%
Butane	18%
Pentane	14%

As the gas concentration increases it is necessary to dilute the

V HOT WIRE GAS DETECTOR CONT'D

mixture being drawn into the filament chamber by introducing air into it. As long as the total flow into the chamber remains at two standard cubic feet per hour (scfh) it is possible to dilute the mixture up to one-twentieth of its initial concentration, i.e. 1.9 scfh of air with 0.1 scfh of gas sample before it becomes impossible to retain any vestige of accuracy in the results. Even at 1/20 attenuation the accuracy is poor and it is therefore essential to maintain the minimum attenuation possible at all times.

ATTENUA. FACTOR	SAMPLE FLOW (scfh)	AIR FLOW (scfh)	TOTAL FLOW (scfh)	GAS PERCENTAGE	GAS UNITS
x1	2	0	2	0- 2%	0- 100
x2	1	1	2	2- 4%	100- 200
x4	0.5	1.5	2	4- 8%	200- 400
x8	0.25	1.75	2	8-16%	400- 800
x20	0.1	1.9	2	16-40%	800-2000

The gas readings are indicated both on meters scaled from 0 to 100 units and also on the Honeywell Recorder as a 0 to 100 scale print out with total gas readings printed as a continuous red line and petroleum vapour readings as a continuous black line.



The chromatograph provides a method of determining the concentrations of gaseous hydrocarbons within the gas sample taken from the ditch. A sample of the gas is drawn into a column containing an inert material which effects a separation of the various hydrocarbons due to their differences in solubility, enabling methane, the least soluble, to separate out first followed by the others in order of their molecular weights and increasing solubilities, i.e. ethane, propane, butane, pentane and the heavier hydrocarbons. Each gas in turn then passes into a filament chamber where combustion occurs causing a change in the resistivity of the platinum-coated filament. As with the hot-wire detector, the Wheatstone Bridge circuit detects this change and it is registered as a series of peaks on a chart recorder with each peak representing a hydro-carbon concentration.

The column is divided into two sections and after butane has passed through the separation section, a back flush pressure is applied to this part of the column to expel the hydrocarbons heavier than butane, which take longer to pass through the separating column, so that sampling can proceed at regular intervals. The sampling cycle for the hydrocarbons from methane to butane takes five minutes after which time another sample of ditch gas is drawn into the separating column and the process continues. However, it is possible to prevent the back flush pressure being applied and therefore obtain a reading for pentane, hexane, etc. although, as the pentane peak appears on the chart about four or five minutes after butane, and the heavier gases a proportionately longer time after pentane, for practical purposes during drilling the cycle time of five minutes for results of methane, ethane, propane and butane concentrations is usually sufficient.

Again it is possible to attenuate the readings in the event of high hydrocarbon concentrations, although in this instrument attenuation is by electrical means, reducing the strength of the signal going to the chart recorder. Because the gas going into the filament chamber cannot be diluted with air it is necessary to recalibrate the filaments every few days, or more frequently in the event of high gas concentrations, due to a decrease in the sensitivity of the filaments. Calibration is done using a methane, ethane, propane, butane, pentane, air mixture of known concentrations and will give a value in parts per million of each hydrocarbon per division of the recorder chart. This value when multiplied by the attenuation value and the number of chart divisions of a peak gives the total parts per million concentration for that particular gas.

Saturation of the filament occurs when methane concentration exceeds approximately 100,000-110,000 ppm (10-11% methane) depending on filament sensitivity and again the minimum possible dilution factor must be used, as accuracy of results decreases with increasing dilution.

The "microgas" system is a duplicate of the hot-wire gas detector, being able to determine concentrations of total gas and petroleum vapours in the gas released when 100 milliliter of unwashed ditch cuttings sample are disintegrated in 500 milliliter of water in a blender. After disintegration, the gas produced is drawn into the filament chambers and the total gas/petroleum vapours values read off on a 0 to 100 units meter. Attenuation is by the same method as the main ditch gas detector, using varying ratios of sample gas and air according to concentrations of gas in the sample.

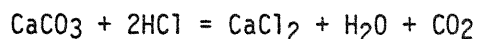
#### Uses

1. It gives some indication of reservoir characteristics such as porosity and permeability and the proximity of the gas-oil contact depending on the amount of gas released compared to the oil show in the cuttings sample.
2. It can be used to check the efficiency of the mud degassing system by using drilling mud instead of cuttings in the blender and measuring the amount of gas in the mud both before and after the mud has been through the degasser.

For good standardization of results, of course, it is necessary to use the same amounts of cuttings and water each time and to ensure that the cuttings are not left exposed to the air for too long after being collected from the shale shaker. Occasional replacement of the cutter blades in the blender is required, the frequency depending on the abrasiveness of the rock sample, in order to achieve uniform disintegration over a fixed time period, usually twenty seconds.

Calcimetry is the determination of the types and percentages of carbonate minerals in a rock. The method normally used is based on a measurement of the amount of Carbon Dioxide released during the reaction of hydrochloric acid on a calcareous rock sample of known weight.

The Exploration Logging Autocalcimeter consists of an airtight pressure cell connected by polyflo tubing to a pressure transducer. The cell has two compartments, the larger of which contains a known weight, say 1 gram, of the crushed carbonate rock being analyzed, and the smaller one containing 0.2N hydrochloric acid. The cell is sealed and tilted slightly to allow the acid to come in contact with the sample and carbon dioxide (CO<sub>2</sub>) is immediately given off in direct proportion to the percentage of carbonate mineral in the sample. When calcite is the only carbonate mineral present, the following equation applies:



The ideal gas law equation is:

$$PV = nRT$$

P = Pressure

V = Volume

n = number of moles of gas

R = Gas content

T = Temperature (measured  
in degrees Kelvin: 0°C = 273°K)

The reaction is exothermic, i.e. heat is produced during the reaction and the maximum increase in temperature due to the total reaction of 1 gram of 100% calcite is 4.59°C in 10 milliliters. Because the total system must be considered, i.e. gas pressure in the cell, the temperature increase is only approximately 0.30°C which would result in an error small enough to be neglected. Therefore, the temperature is considered to be constant during the reaction within the system. Rearranging the above equation gives us:  $P = \frac{nRT}{V}$  and since we are dealing with a closed system,  $\frac{RT}{V}$  is constant K.

Therefore,  $P \propto nK$ , i.e. the pressure produced during the reaction is directly proportional to the number of gram molecules (moles) of gas. Hence it is directly proportional to the number of moles of carbonate and also therefore to the weight of carbonate present.

If there is any variation in the laboratory ambient temperature it must be corrected by using the following equation:

$$\frac{OP}{RT} = \frac{CP}{CT}$$

where OP = observed percentage of carbonate  
 CP = correct percentage of carbonate  
 RT = laboratory ambient temperature during reaction (°K)  
 CT = laboratory ambient temperature during calibration (°K)



## VIII CALCIMETRY CONT'D

As the reaction proceeds and  $\text{CO}_2$  is continually given off the pressure in the system increases and this pressure difference is measured by the transducer and relayed to a chart recorder. The information is recorded as a curve on a percentage scale and the relative percentages of each carbonate mineral are plotted on the lithology log in the cuttings gas column by the logging geologist.

The time taken for the reaction to reach completion is determined by the type of carbonate mineral present. Calcite,  $\text{CaCO}_3$ , releases  $\text{CO}_2$  immediately and its fast reaction time will be shown on the percentage-time chart as an initial kick to the right which will indicate the amount of  $\text{CaCO}_3$  present in the sample. Dolomite,  $\text{CaMg}(\text{CO}_3)_2$ , and Siderite,  $\text{FeCO}_3$ , have similar reaction speeds and the reaction is usually complete after five to ten minutes. Magnesite,  $\text{MgCO}_3$ , has a slower reaction speed than dolomite. See enclosed chart examples (overleaf).

### Uses of Calcimetry

1. For the correlation of carbonate layers in stratigraphic studies.
2. In studies of environmental conditions during deposition.
3. For the identification of calcareous shales which may be associated with overpressured formations.

### Advantages

1. It is a quick, simple and fairly accurate method of determining carbonate percentages.
2. The apparatus is relatively simple, reliable and easy to maintain.
3. It allows for the instant recognition of several types of carbonate.
4. Calibration is easy using 100%  $\text{CaCO}_3$  and only needs to be done very occasionally.

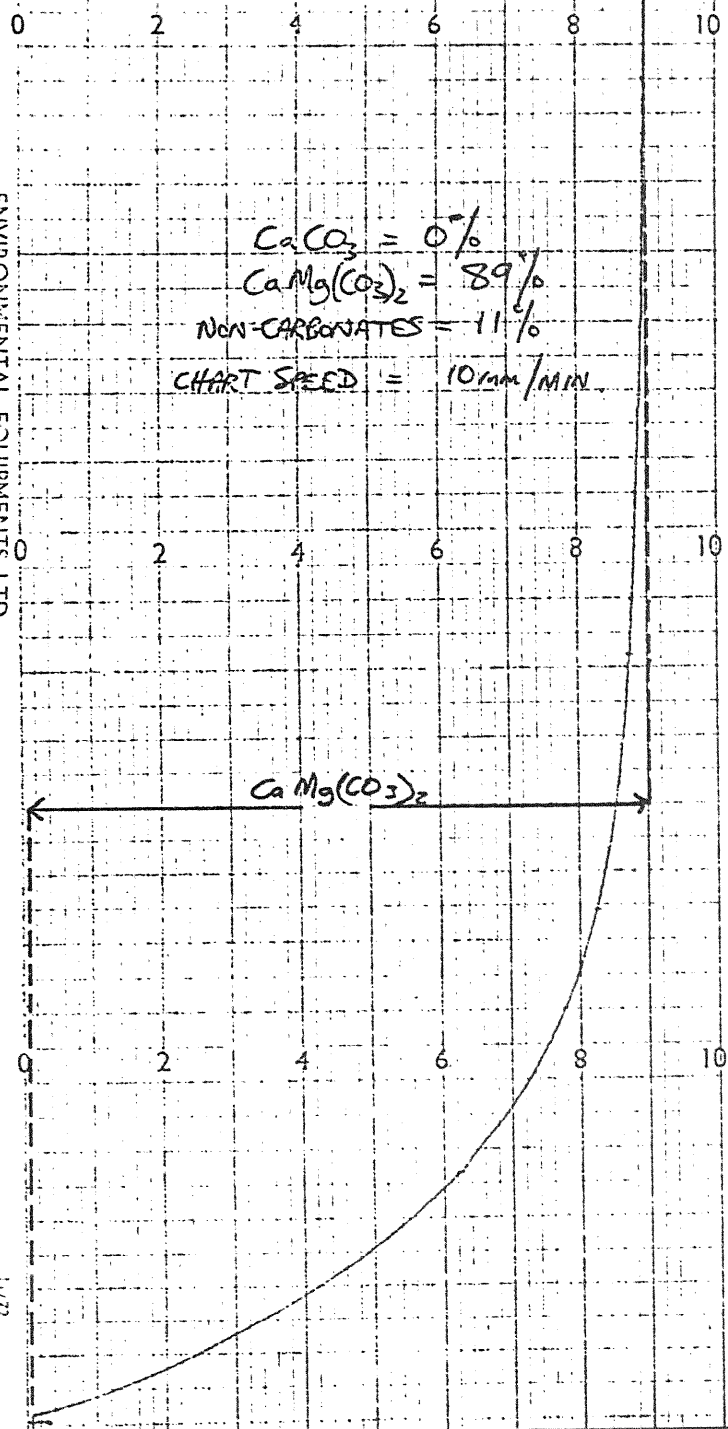
### Disadvantages

1. Readings are affected by even a slight change in laboratory ambient temperature and therefore constant monitoring of temperature is necessary.
2. It is important that only clean calcareous rock samples for the relevant depth are used and care must therefore be taken to ensure that cavings are not included if drill cuttings are used. Samples from a core will provide the most reliable readings.
3. Weighing of the crushed sample must be accurate.

Of course these drawbacks will apply to any scientific test so this method is really quite reliable, if it is used under controlled conditions.

CHART No. SP-257 (0-10)

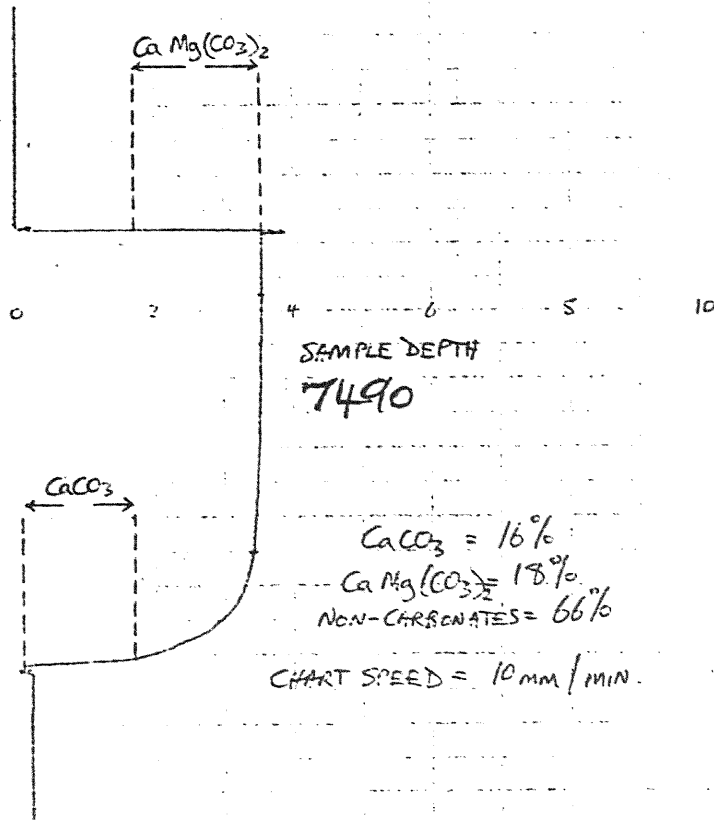
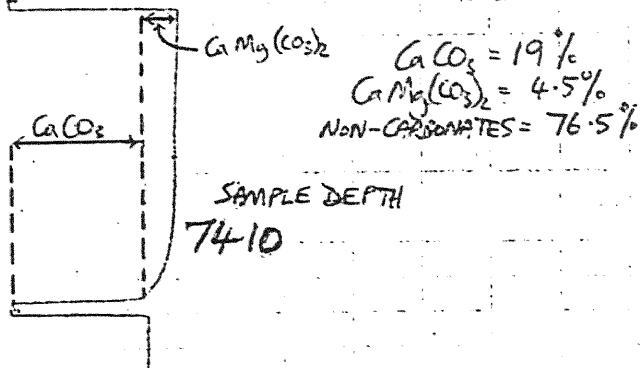
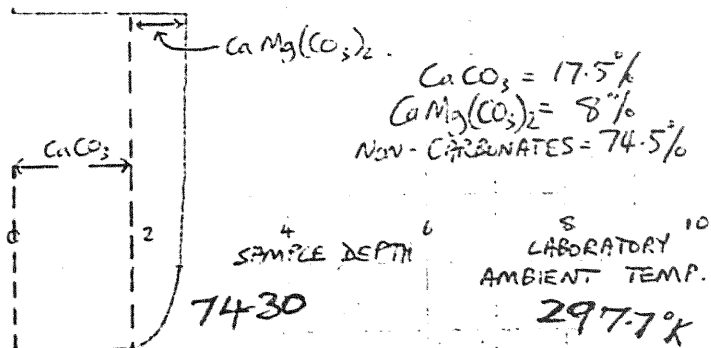
ENVIRONMENTAL EQUIPMENTS LTD.



$\text{CaCO}_3 = 0\%$   
 $\text{CaMg}(\text{CO}_3)_2 = 89\%$   
NON-CARBONATES = 11%  
CHART SPEED = 10mm/MIN

$\text{CaMg}(\text{CO}_3)_2$

1/72





This is present in Unit 120 as secondary equipment in the form of Pit Volume Totalizer, Mud Weight and Mud Temperature measurements in and out of the hole.

#### 1. Pit Volume Totalizer (PVT)

The basic pit level measurement is achieved using a float whose movement due to fluctuations in pit level provides a signal, via a potentiometer, the strength of which is directly proportional to the pit level. This signal is relayed to the Honeywell Recorder where the variations in float position, and hence pit level, are recorded as a blue line.

In Unit 120 a pit volume monitoring system is used in which the mud levels in a number of pits are monitored using a float pickup unit in each pit and the signal from each pickup combined in the PVT to provide a digital readout and an input signal for the multipoint recorder. The PVT has an alarm which can be set to sound immediately if any change in total pit volume of greater than  $\pm 1$  barrel should occur.

#### 2. Mud Weight

This is measured using a heavy steel ball which is totally immersed in the mud. As the mud density changes there will be a slight apparent change in the weight of the ball due to a change in the buoyancy factor. The ball is attached by steel cable to a transducer which translates any slight movement caused by an apparent alteration in the weight of the ball into an electrical signal transmitted to the logging unit. This signal is then represented both as a digital display of mud weight and as a printout on the Honeywell Recorder.

By placing a ball and transducer unit in the suction pit and another in the ditch, away from the effects of turbulence, a constant check of mud weight entering and leaving the borehole can be made, thus ensuring that a balanced mud circulation condition can be maintained during drilling.

#### 3. Mud Temperature

Again this is measured by pickup units in both the suction pit and the ditch. A temperature probe is immersed in the mud and as the temperature varies, a signal is produced, via a transducer, which is relayed to the logging unit and the temperature of mud entering and leaving the borehole is thereby displayed both on a digital readout and on the Honeywell Recorder.

As a particular depth interval is drilled the mud temperature entering the hole is noted and when the samples representing that interval appear at the surface the flowline temperature is noted. A plot is made on the Exploration Logging Pressure Log of the flowline temperature and/or differential temperature, (flowline temperature minus suction tank temperature) in degrees Centigrade, in order to detect changes in geothermal gradient which may indicate an overpressured formation.

MUD MONITORING SYSTEM CONT'D

As there are many variables which may affect flowline temperature readings, such as lagtime, pump rate, lithology, length of flowline exposed to cooling conditions (especially relevant offshore where the marine riser must be taken into account) and any chemical treatment of the mud on the surface, this cannot be used on its own as a method for the prediction of overpressures. It can, however, be of some use when used in conjunction with other overpressure evaluation techniques such as d-exponent, shale density, shale factor and gas and borehole conditions.

HONEYWELL MULTIPOINT RECORDER

The Honeywell Recorder is, in essence, a recording voltmeter and is used in the logging unit to record, via a printout on a strip chart, the measurements made by the gas detectors, pump stroke counters and secondary equipment such as pit volume totalizer, mud weight and mud temperature gauges. Each printout is colour-coded so it is possible to identify a certain reading immediately according to its colour.

Total Gas	=	Red
Petrol Vapours	=	Black
Pump Strokes	=	Green
Pit Volume	=	Blue
Mud Weight In/Out	=	Brown
Mud Temperature In/Out	=	Purple

When a signal is received from a detector it is amplified until it is large enough to turn a balance motor which drives a large aluminum gear and cable to reposition a printing carriage until it indicates the correct value. Since there are a number of voltages to be recorded, a rotary switch commutates the various input signals in a set sequence and the corresponding coloured point is printed on the chart.

The chart is driven at a constant speed of six centimeters per hour and has a scale from -10 to 0 to +100 in 1-unit divisions. The recorder is calibrated for each detector separately, for example when the gas detector is showing a reading of 50 units Total Gas the recorder is calibrated to printout a red line at the +50 mark on the chart. If the total pit volume is 420 barrels the recorder can be calibrated to print a blue line at the +60 mark and this reading is multiplied by seven to obtain the correct pit volume measurement.

The Recorder is very reliable, needs little routine maintenance and it is possible for the logging geologist to repair most malfunctions which may occur. As such it is an integral part of the logging unit and is in operation continuously to allow for constant monitoring during drilling operations and also to provide a record of the pit volume during trips.



## CONCLUSIONS AND RECOMMENDATIONS

For the six months during which it was in operation the equipment gave very little trouble, and the problems which did arise were from two main sources.

1. Cold weather, which caused the water supply line to freeze up. This problem should however be alleviated during drilling of the next well by the use of the Exploration Logging cold weather system consisting of electrical heat tape and a long "sock" in which lines susceptible to freezing up, such as air, water and ditch gas hoses, can be run and surrounded by hot air blown through by a fan inside the unit.
2. Oil in the mud. In the midsection of the well from about 5000' to 10,800' approximately 3.5-4% oil was present in the mud and some oil vapour passed through the ditch gas hose and condensed inside the unit in the vacuum system. This necessitated repeated dismantling of the vacuum pump, filters and polyflo lines in order to clean out the oil accumulation which was causing malfunctions in the gas detection system. The addition of a second condensate bottle in the outside gas line may help overcome this problem on the next well.

To help the operator maximize the potential for early detection of a kick or a loss of mud from the system the use of the following pieces of equipment in the unit is recommended.

1. Ditch Flow Comparator - This enables a direct comparison to be made of the volume of mud entering the hole, in gallons per minute, and the volume returning over the shakers so that any discrepancy between the two figures is registered immediately as an alarm in the unit. The ditch-flow pickup consists of a paddle inserted in the flowline, which allows measurement of mud flow, relayed to a digital readout on the main panel inside the unit.
2. Extra Delaval Pit Level Sensors - In the event that the mud tank configuration is not modified before the next well, two more pit level sensors would greatly enhance the mud volume measuring capability because some of the tanks are divided into sections which make equalization of the mud level in any of these tanks hard to maintain and hence accurate monitoring of total mud volume with only one sensor in each tank is sometimes difficult.

With the occurrence of hydrogen sulphide gas in this well, it may be advisable to install a  $H_2S$  detector in the unit for future wells. The Exploration Logging detectors are of two main types.

1. Tubes containing lead acetate grains through which a continuous stream of ditch gas is passed and which, in the presence of  $H_2S$ , change colour

CONCLUSIONS AND RECOMMENDATIONS CONT'D

from white through gray to black depending on the concentrations of the gas.

2. An electronic detector which gives an analog readout of the concentration of  $H_2S$  present in the ditch gas in parts per million.

A single solution shale density column, if kept calibrated, will enable more accurate measurement to be made of shale density than the present multiple solution kit.

Promising results were obtained from calcimetry measurements made on samples from this well, especially from the cores, and as the Exploration Logging autocalcimeter allows for good standarization of results, it is hoped that its use on future wells will make for more reliable correlation.