

PALeO SERVICES LIMITED

BIOSTRATIGRAPHIC ZONATION

IOE BLOW RIVER YT E-47
YUKON TERRITORY

by

D.M. Loranger, P. Geol.

March 1974

Calgary, Alberta

CONTENTS

	<u>Page</u>
SUMMARY	1
INTRODUCTION AND METHOD OF STUDY	2
BIOSTRATIGRAPHIC ZONATION	3
PALYNOLogy	4
SUMMARY	4
MATERIALS AND METHODS	4
SUMMARY OF AGE AND ENVIRONMENT	4
DISCUSSION OF ZONATION	4
IDENTIFICATIONS	6
MICROPALeONTOLOGY	17
SUMMARY	17
MATERIALS AND METHODS	17
SUMMARY OF ZONES	17
DISCUSSION OF ZONATION	17
IDENTIFICATIONS	19
ILLUSTRATIONS	
I. Biostratigraphic Log	In pocket
II. Microfossil Distribution Chart	18
APPENDIX: Selected References	24

BIOSTRATIGRAPHIC ZONATION

IOE BLOW RIVER YT E47

SUMMARY

The IOE Blow River YT E-47 well was drilled in an area of intense metamorphism, and organic material when found is highly carbonized or altered. Identifications are therefore almost impossible to make with any degree of certainty for the very rare specimens encountered.

Five species of terrestrial palynomorphs were found, belonging to long-ranging types which occur from the Tertiary into the Jurassic. Comparison with existing range charts suggests that the section below 4120' is probably Lower Cretaceous and that it may extend down to 5450'. Below 5650' there is a possibility that the palynomorphs have a lower range limit similar to that in the Gulf Mobil Reindeer G-04 well; this part of the section could be interpreted as equivalent to the upper 370' of Jurassic in that well.

Two species of arenaceous foraminifera were identified that occur in the Sverdrup Basin in association with Berriasian to Upper Jurassic sediments. If the rule of first occurrence is valid in the present area, this section could well be Lower Cretaceous, although there are no other supporting data from this borehole. However, one of the foraminifera occurs consistently in the Lower Cretaceous in the general Mackenzie Delta area, in a position stratigraphically higher than in the Alaskan section. A possible interpretation has been placed on the Biostratigraphic Log, although the evidence suggests it might be more scientific to assign the entire well to Lower Cretaceous - Jurassic.

The environment of deposition appears to have been terrestrial, with some minor indications of brackish to littoral conditions. The lack of fossil recovery is due mainly to alteration and probably in some degree to the original environment of deposition.

INTRODUCTION AND METHOD OF STUDY

Sample material and slides were provided through the generosity of Imperial Oil Limited. More than 300 slides were examined with exceedingly poor results.

Such forms as could be identified have been compared with range charts prepared for other wells in this project, and a possible interpretation has been made from very slender evidence. It is shown on the Biostratigraphic Summary, Plate I, but must be regarded as a possibility only.

BIOSTRATIGRAPHIC ZONATION

The Biostratigraphic Log (1) has been prepared at the mechanical scale of 1" = 100' to facilitate comparison with various types of electrolog. Possible age determinations are suggested in the first column. Mechanical logs representing Spontaneous Potential and Resistivity enclose a column giving the gross lithology. The extent of sample control for both palynomorph and microfossil samples examined is shown in an adjacent column.

Ordinarily the zonation column presents the ranges of microfossil and palynomorph zones. However, at 1820' only two specimens of foraminifera were found. Their presence is indicated as a possible zone for comparison with other logs.

Generalized environments of deposition are shown as a single curve ranging from terrestrial (1) to brackish (2) and littoral (3) as in previous reports. The few organic remains found probably indicate a predominantly terrestrial environment with some minor incursions of brackish and/or littoral forms.

PALYNOLOGY

SUMMARY

Few palynomorphs were recovered in recognizable condition from the 10E Blow River YT E-47 well. This poor preservation appears to be due to the very high degree of metamorphism. The species identified are known from Cretaceous and Jurassic sediments and are not definitive. However, an attempt has been made on the slender evidence obtained to suggest a possible division between Cretaceous and Jurassic. Admittedly it is an educated guess.

MATERIAL AND METHODS

Imperial Oil Limited kindly provided a set of palynomorph slides for the 10E Blow River YT E-47 well. The material was badly altered and few palynomorphs were well enough preserved to provide positive identifications. In all, 186 slides selected at 100' intervals or less were given an hour's examination each in the search for diagnostic material. The forms identified are listed in the section under Discussion of Zonation, since recovery was not sufficient to warrant preparation of a chart.

SUMMARY OF AGE AND ENVIRONMENT

Lower Cretaceous	Terrestrial	4120'?
Upper Jurassic	Terrestrial	5650'?

DISCUSSION OF ZONATION

The following species were rare in numbers and poorly preserved:

<i>Alisporites</i> sp.	(4120-32'
	(5023'
	(9850'
<i>Vitreisporites pallidus</i> (Reissinger)	
<i>Potonié</i>	5450'
<i>Cyathidites minor</i> Couper	5450'
<i>Classopollis torosus</i> (Reissinger) Balme	5650'
<i>Stereisporites antiquasporites</i> (Wilson and Webster) Dettmann	5684'

Species of *Alisporites* have been found in the Gulf Mobil East Reindeer G-04 well in Lower Cretaceous to 'Jurassic' sediments. (That particular well contained terrestrial and marine palynomorphs assigned to Lower Cretaceous age, but with an associated benthonic microfauna of Jurassic age in Alaska.) Similarly, its range in Shell Aklavik A-37 encompassed Lower Cretaceous through Jurassic. 10E Tuk F-18 contained the genus in sediments of Lower Cretaceous age. The distribution of *Alisporites* sp. in the 10E Blow River YT E-47 well could be from Lower Cretaceous through Jurassic, on the basis of comparison with these other boreholes.

Vitreisporites pallidus exhibits a similar range in the Lower Cretaceous and Jurassic in the Gulf Mobil East Reindeer G-04 and Shell Aklavik

A-37 boreholes. However, in 10E Tuk F-18 this species is first encountered in the Maestrichtian (4950') where it has its maximum occurrence (5150-5673') and is not found below 9465', which is in the Middle Albian. *V. pallidus* appears, therefore, to have a range of Maestrichtian to Jurassic, from comparison with adjacent control points.

Cyathidites minor exhibits a range of Cretaceous-Jurassic(upper half) in the Gulf Mobil East Reindeer G-04 well and Upper Albian through Jurassic in the Shell Aklavik A-37 well; it occurs in the Middle Albian of the 10E Tuk F-18 well (8810-10050'). Therefore, *C. minor*, on the basis of these ranges, occurs from Lower Cretaceous into the upper half of the Jurassic in these wells.

Classopollis torosus was present in the Upper Albian to Jurassic(upper quarter) in the Gulf Mobil East Reindeer G-04 well, and from Upper Albian through Jurassic in the Shell Aklavik A-37 well. In the 10E Tuk F-18 well it was present in the lower Upper Cretaceous and Lower Cretaceous below 8150'. *C. torosus* could range from lower Upper Cretaceous to the upper quarter of the Jurassic.

Stereisporites antiquasporites was recognized in the Cretaceous-Jurassic of the Gulf Mobil East Reindeer G-04 well and the Upper Albian through Jurassic of the Shell Aklavik A-37 well. The same species was present in the Albian in the 10E Tuk F-18 well. The range of these species contributes little to the age determination of this section.

Although these forms occur in facies floras in the Tertiary of this general geographic area, evidence from microfossils suggests that we are dealing with the floras of Lower Cretaceous to Jurassic age. Comparison of the ranges of these species with adjacent control points suggests that from 4120' at least the age is Lower Cretaceous, and that 5650' could be as low as the top quarter of the Jurassic in the Gulf Mobil East Reindeer G-04 well. This interpretation, of course, assumes that the specimens recovered were *in situ*. The evidence is far from being conclusive and the ages suggested must be considered provisional to say the least.

IDENTIFICATIONS

Species names and numbers used in charts.

Terrestrial palynomorphs

1. *Stereisporites antiquasporites* (Wilson and Webster) Dettmann
2. *Taxodiaceapollenites hiatus* (Potonié) Kremp
3. *Classopollis torosus* (Reissinger) Balme
4. *Cicatricosisporites hallei* Delcourt and Sprumont
5. *Alisporites bilaterialis* Rouse
6. *Cingutriletes clavus* (Balme) Dettmann
7. *Gleicheniidites senonicus* Ross
8. *Cedripites cretaceus* Pocock
9. *Cerebropollenites mesozoicus* (Couper) Nilsson
10. *Perinopollenites elatoides* Couper
11. *Concavissimisporites punctatus* (Delcourt and Sprumont) Brenner
12. Recycled Carboniferous and Devonian spores
13. *Alisporites grandis* (Cookson) Dettmann
14. *Lycopodiumsporites marginatus* Singh
15. *Cicatricosisporites annulatus* Archangelski and Gamerro
16. *Deltoidospora hallei* Miner
17. *Cicatricosisporites cf. A. exilioides* (Maljavkina) Bolchovitina
18. *Tigrisporites scurrandus* Norris
19. *Osmundacidites wellmanii* Couper
20. *Cicatricosisporites australiensis* (Cookson) Potonié
21. *Cicatricosisporites hughesi* Dettmann
22. *Cyathidites minor* Couper
23. *Ginkgocycadophytus nitidus* (Balme) de Jersey
24. *Podocarpidites multesimus* (Bolchovitina) Pocock
25. Recycled Permo-Triassic pollen
26. *Vitreisporites pallidus* (Reissinger) Potonié
27. *Ephedripites multicostatus* Brenner
28. *Neoraistrickia robusta* Brenner
29. *Cicatricosisporites augustus* Singh
30. *Phyllocladidites inchoatus* (Pierce) Norris
31. *Lycopodiumsporites austroclavatidites* (Cookson) Potonié
32. *Hymenozonotriletes cf. II. mesozoicus* Pocock
33. *Cyathidites australis* Couper
34. *Laevigatosporites ovatus* Wilson and Webster
35. *Cicatricosisporites pseudotripartitus* (Bolchovitina) Dettmann
36. *Lycopodiumsporites reticulumsporites* (Rouse) Dettmann
37. *Kuylisporites lunaris* Cookson and Dettmann
38. *Aequitriradites spinulosus* (Cookson and Dettmann) Cookson and Dettmann
39. *Foraminisporis wonthaggiensis* (Cookson and Dettmann) Dettmann
40. *Sestrosporites pseudoalveolatus* (Couper) Dettmann
41. *Rouseisporites laevigatus* Pocock
42. *Araucariacites australis*
43. *Klukisporites pseudoreticulatus* Couper
44. *Polycingulatisporites reducens* (Bolchovitina) Playford and Dettmann
45. *Schizosporis parvus* Cookson and Dettmann
46. *Parvisaccites radiatus* Couper
47. *Classopollis minor* Pocock

48. *Circulina parva* Brenner
 49. *Con verrucosisporites variverrucatus* (Couper) Norris
 50. *Coronatispora valdensis* (Couper) Dettmann
 51. *Callialasporites* cf. *C. dampieri* (Balme) Dev
 52. *Biretisporites potoniei* Delcourt and Sprumont
 53. *Leptolepidites* cf. *L. psarosus* Norris
 54. *Distaltriangulispores perplexus* (Singh) Singh
 55. *Appendicisporites jansonii* Pocock
 56. *Deltoidospora juncta* (Kara-Murza) Singh
 57. *Trilobosporites* cf. *T. marylandensis* Brenner
 58. *Trilobosporites trioreticulosus* Cookson and Dettmann
 59. *Contignisporites multimuratus* Dettmann
 60. *Rouseisporites reticulatus* Pocock
 61. *Eucommiidites troedssonii* Erdman
 62. *Exesipollenites tumulus* Balme
 63. *Pilosporites trichopapillous* (Thiergart) Delcourt and Sprumont
 64. *Tripartina* cf. *T. variabilis* Maljavkina
 65. *Contignisporites glebulentus* Dettmann
 66. *Trilobosporites* cf. *T. apiverrucatus* Couper
 67. *Densoisporites microrugulatus* Brenner
 68. *Concavissimisporites parkini* (Pocock) Singh
 69. *Reticulispores* 1
 70. *Contignisporites dorsostriatus* (Bolchovitina) Dettmann
 71. *Todisporites major* Couper
 72. *Callialasporites* 1
 73. *Marattisporites scabratius* Couper
 74. *Leptolepidites epacrornatus* Norris
 75. *Perinopollenites* 1
 76. *Cristatisporites* 1
 77. *Contignisporites cooksoni* (Balme) Dettmann
 78. *Podocarpidites* cf. *P. rousei* Pocock
 79. *Antulsporites* 1
 80. *Chasmatosporites* 1
 81. *Ovalipollis canadensis* Pocock
 82. *Dictyophyllidites harrisii* Couper
 83. *Cirratriradites* cf. *Leiotriletes incertus* Bolchovitina
 84. *Camarozonosporites* 1
 85. *Acanthotriletes* 1
 86. *Calamospora mesozoica* Couper
 87. *Rubinella* 1
 88. *Annulispora* 1
 89. *Foraminisporis asymmetricus* (Cookson and Dettmann) Dettmann
 90. *Protohaploxylinus chaloneri* Clarke
 91. *Striatopodocarpidites* 1
 92. *Alisporites* cf. *A. parvus* de Jersey
 93. *Klausipollenites* 1
 94. *Alisporites* 2
 95. *Ovalipollis* 1
 96. *Platysaccus* 1
 97. *Taeniaesporites* 1
 98. *Inaperturopollenites* 1
 99. *Taeniaesporites novimundi* Jansonius

100. *Lueckisporites* 1
 101. *Cordaitina* 1
 102. *Protohaploxylinus* 2
 103. *Cedripites* 2
 104. *Cyclogranisporites* 1
 105. *Lueckisporites* 2
 106. *Guttulapollenites* 1
 107. *Tsugaepollenites jonkeri* Jansonius
 108. *Anaplanisporites* 1
 109. *Cedripites* 1
 110. *Sulcatisporites* cf. *S. institutatus* Balme
 111. *Stereisporites* 1
 112. *Falcisporites nuthallensis* (Clarke) Balme
 113. *Cycadopites follicularius* Wilson and Webster
 114. *Densoisporites* cf. *D. nejburgi* (Schulz) Balme
 115. *Protohaploxylinus samoilovitchi* (Jansonius) Hart
 116. *Platysaccus* 2
 117. *Taeniaesporites* 3
 118. *Punctatisporites* 1
 119. *Punctatosporites* cf. *P. minutus* Ibrahim
 120. *Apiculatisporis* 1
 121. *Alisporites* 3
 122. *Illinites klausii* Clarke
 123. *Taeniaesporites* cf. *T. labdacus* Klaus
 124. *Taeniaesporites albertae* Jansonius
 125. *Taeniaesporites hexagonalis* Jansonius
 126. *Nevesisporites* 1
 127. *Nevesisporites* 2
 128. *Lundbladispora* 1
 129. *Gnetaceaepollenites steevis* Jansonius
 130. *Gnetaceaepollenites paenesaccatus* Jansonius
 131. *Klausipollenites fastidiosus* Jansonius
 132. *Kraueselisporites* 1
 133. *Kraueselisporites* 2
 134. *Raistrickia* 1
 135. *Gnetaceaepollenites multistriatus* Jansonius
 136. *Tacniaesporites* cf. *T. nubilis* (Leschik) Clarke
 137. *Apiculatisporis* 2
 138. *Grandispora* 1
 139. *Gnetaceaepollenites scotti* Jansonius
 140. *Schinosporis scissus* (Balme and Hennelly) Hart
 141. *Taeniaesporites noviaulensis* Leschik
 142. *Grandispora* 2
 143. *Pretricolpopollenites* 1
 144. *Ceratosporites* 1
 145. *Lophotriletes* 1
 146. *Endosporites* 1
 147. *Aratrisporites* 1
 148. *Endosporites* 2
 149. *Striatites richteri* (Klaus) Jansonius
 150. *Paravittatina* 1
 151. *Pilosispores* 1

152. *Rugubivesiculites reductus* Pierce
 153. *Camarozonosporites insignis* Norris
 154. *Appendicisporites bilaterialis* Singh
 155. *Appendicisporites cristatus* (Markova) Pocock
 156. *Tricolpopollenites micromunus* Groot and Penny
 157. *Psilatricolpites parvulus* (Groot and Penny) Norris
 158. *Sequoiapollenites* sp.
 159. *Appendicisporites bifurcatus* Singh
 160. *Appendicisporites cf. jansonii* Pocock
 161. *Schizosporis grandis* Pocock
 162. *Penetetrapites mollis* Hedlund and Norris
 163. *Appendicisporites matesovai* (Bolchovitina) Norris
 164. *Cupuliferoipollenites minutus* (Brenner) Singh
 165. *Tricolpites sagax* Norris
 166. *Liliacidites dividuus* (Pierce) Brenner
 167. *Klukisporites foveolatus* Pocock
 168. *Costatoperforosporites foveolatus* Deak
 169. *Appendicisporites erdtmanii* Pocock
 170. *Schizosporis spriggi* Cookson and Dettmann
 171. *Rugubivesiculites rugosus* Pierce
 172. *Ornamentifera* cf. *echinata* (Bolchovitina) Bolchovitina
 173. *Todisporites minor* Couper
 174. *Foveotriletes subtriangularis* Brenner
 175. *Antulsporites distaverrucosus* (Brenner) Archangelsky and Gamoerro
 176. *Clavatipollenites minutus* Brenner
 177. *Cicatricosisporites* cf. *subrotundus* Brenner
 178. *Spheripollenites scabrus* Couper
 179. *Cicatricosisporites* cf. *hughesi* Dettmann
 180. *Trilobosporites marylandensis* Brenner
 181. *Cicatricosisporites subrotundus* Brenner
 182. *Cicatricosisporites potomacensis* Brenner
 183. *Baculatisporites comaumensis* (Cookson) Potonié
 184. *Appendicisporites tricornitatus* Weyland and Greifeld
 185. *Pilosporites verus* Delcourt and Sprumont
 186. *Appendicisporites potomacensis* Brenner
 187. *Acanthotriletes varispinosus* Pocock
 188. *Appendicisporites problematicus* (Burger) Singh
 189. *Cicatricosisporites* cf. *pseudotripartitus* (Bolchovitina) Dettmann
 190. *Appendicisporites* cf. *bilateralis* Singh
 191. *Trilobosporites* cf. *perverulentus* Dettmann
 192. *Pilosporites* cf. *trichopapillatus* (Thiergart) Delcourt and Sprumont
 193. *Contignisporites multimuratus* Dettmann
 194. *Contignisporites* cf. *multimuratus* Dettmann
 195. *Cicatricosisporites* cf. *australiensis* (Cookson) Potonié
 196. *Trilobosporites minor* Pocock
 197. *Deltoidospora psilostoma* Rouse
 198. *Sestrosporites* cf. *pseudoalveolatus* (Couper) Dettmann
 199. *Matonisporites phlebopterooides* Couper
 200. *Callialasporites dampieri* (Balme) Sukh Dev
 201. *Trilobosporites apiverrucatus* Couper
 202. *Cicatricosisporites* cf. *potomacensis* Brenner
 203. *Taurocusporites segmentatus* Stover

204. *Appendicisporites* cf. *A. macrorhiza* (Maljavkina) Bolchovitina
 205. *Chomotriletes fragilis* Pocock
 206. *Cicatricosisporites purbeckensis* Norris
 207. *Microreticulatisporites* cf. *uniformis* Singh
 208. *Ischyosporites punctatus* Cookson and Dettmann
 209. *Retitricholpites vulgaris* Pierce
 210. *Reticulispores elongatus* Singh
 211. *Foveosporites canalis* Balme
 212. *Striatopollis paraneus* (Norris) Singh
 213. *Liliacidites textus* Norris
 214. *Cirratriradites teter* Norris
 215. *Lycopodiumsporites expansus* Singh
 216. *Appendicisporites unicus* (Markova) Singh
 217. *Quadrapollenites* cf. *vagus* Stover
 218. *Nyssapollenites albertensis* Singh
 219. *Tricolpites fissilis* Couper
 220. *Betulaceipollenites* 1
 221. *Proteacidites thalmanii* Anderson
 222. *Liliacidites mirus* Srivastava
 223. *Triorites inferius* Dutta and Sah
 224. *Duplopollis carlquistii* Drugg
 225. *Aquilapollenites calvus* Tschudy and Leopold
 226. *Conclavipollis* 1
 227. *Cicatricosisporites* cf. *ludbrooki* Dettmann
 228. *Tricolporopollenites* 1
 229. *Sigmopollis hispidus* Hedlund
 230. *Neoraistrickia trivicata* (Cookson) Potonié
 231. *Loranthacites macrosolenoides* Mtchedlishvili
 232. *Aquilapollenites trialatus* Rouse
 233. *Aquilapollenites quadrilobus* Rouse
 234. *Aquilapollenites catenireticulatus* Srivastava
 235. *Ornamentifera baculata* Singh
 236. *Schizosporis reticulatus* Cookson and Dettmann
 237. *Syncolporites* cf. *lisanae* van der Hammen
 238. *Aquilapollenites venustus* Srivastava
 239. *Sequoia pollenites paleocenicus* Stanley
 240. *Hazaria canadiana* Srivastava
 241. *Triatriopollenites costatus* Norton
 242. *Grewipollenites canadensis* Srivastava
 243. *Proteacidites retusus* Anderson
 244. *Foveotricolporites rhombohedralis* Pierce
 245. *Sigmopollis* 1
 246. *Aquilapollenites reductus* Norton
 247. *Aquilapollenites attenuatus* Funkhouser
 248. *Symplocoipollenites vestibulum* (Potonié) Potonié
 249. *Aquilapollenites bertillonites* Funkhouser
 250. *Foraminisporis* cf. *asymmetricus* (Cookson and Dettmann) Dettmann
 251. *Caryapollenites* cf. *veripites* Wilson and Webster
 252. *Stereisporites australe* (Cookson)
 253. *Cercidiphyllites brevicolpatus* Mtchedlishvili
 254. *Tricolporopollenites* 2
 255. *Zlivisporis* cf. *novamexicanum* (Anderson) Leffingwell

256. *Kuylisporites scutatus* Newman
 257. *Aquilapollenites clarireticulatus* (Samoilovitch) Tschudy
 258. *Aquilapollenites amygdalooides* Srivastava
 259. *Umbosporites callosus* Newman
 260. *Lusatiosporites dettmannae* Srivastava
 261. *Aquilapollenites rigidus* Tschudy and Leopold
 262. *Marcellopites basilicus* Srivastava
 263. *Senipites drumhellerensis* Srivastava
 264. *Liburnispiris adnacus* Srivastava
 265. *Tricolpites reticulatus* Cookson
 266. *Liliacidites morrinensis* Srivastava
 267. *Tubulifloridites aedicula* Srivastava
 268. *Cingulatisporites dakotaensis* Stanley
 269. *Coriaripites cf. alienus* Srivastava
 270. *Balmeisporites* 1
 271. *Erdtmanipollis pachysandroides* Krutzsch
 272. *Kuylisporites lunaris* Cookson and Dettmann
 273. *Aquilapollenites turbidus* Tschudy and Leopold
 274. *Faguspollenites granulatus* (Martin and Rouse) Srivastava
 275. *Tetracolpites* 1
 276. *Trudopollis meekeri* Newman
 277. *Polyporina globosa* Sah
 278. *Callistopollenites* 1
 279. *Pulcheripollenites krempfi* Srivastava
 280. *Symplocoipollenites morrinensis* Srivastava
 281. *Proteacidites magnus* Samoilovitch
 282. *Caryapollenites paleocenicus* (Stanley) Srivastava
 283. *Triporopollenites* 1
 284. *Cupuliferoipollenites* 1
 285. *Hazaria sheoperii* Srivastava
 286. *Triporopollenites* 2
 287. *Alnipollenites* 1
 288. *Stereisporites regius* (Drozhastchich)
 289. *Wodehousia spinata* Stanley
 290. *Hamulatipollis* 1
 291. *Tricolpites hians* Stanley
 292. *Triporina globosa* Chlonova
 293. *Triprojectus unicus* (Chlonova) Mtchedlishvili
 294. *Syncolpites porosus* Mtchedlishvili
 295. *Aquilapollenites senonicus* (Mtchedlishvili) Tschudy and Leopold
 296. *Leiotriletes* 1
 297. *Punctatisporites* 2
 298. *Endospirites* 3
 299. *Stenozonotriletes* 1
 300. *Stenozonotriletes* 2
 301. *Reticulatisporites* 1
 302. *Densoisporites* 1
 303. *Cirratiradites* 1
 304. *Inaperturopollenites* 2
 305. *Stenozonotriletes* 3
 306. *Hystricosporites* 1
 307. *Acanthotriletes* 2

308. *Granulatisporites* 1
309. *Hymenozonotriletes* 1
310. *Calanospora* 1
311. *Retusotriletes* 1
312. *Perotriletes* 1
313. *Trilobosporites purverulentus* (Verbitskaya) Dettmann
314. *Cicatricosisporites spiralis* Singh
315. *Trilobosporites* cf. *obsitus* Norris
316. *Callialasporites trilobatus* (Balme)
317. *Trilobosporites* cf. *hannonicus* Delcourt and Sprumont
318. *Eucommiidites minor* Groot and Penny
319. *Fraxinoipollenites variabilis* Stanley
320. *Ulmus* 1
321. *Alnipollenites* 1 (=287 of previous reports)
322. *Tilia danei* Anderson
323. *Pterocarya levis* Stanley
324. *Carpinus subtriangula* Stanley (= 283+286 of previous reports)
325. *Aquilapollenites* cf. *reticulatus* Stanley
326. *Pinus* 1
327. *Podocarpus maximus* Stanley
328. *Ericipites* 1
329. *Pororeticulites* 1
330. *Pistillipollenites mcgregorii* Rouse
331. *Triorites* 1
332. *Pediastrum* sp.
333. *Aquilapollenites spinulosus* Funkhouser
334. *Aquilapollenites* cf. *amygdaloides* Srivastava
335. *Costatoperforosporites fistulosus* Deak
336. *Cicatricosisporites auritus* Singh
337. *Rogalskisporites cicatricosus* (Rogalska) Danse, Corsin and Levin
364. *Stephanoporites* 1
365. *Liliacidites leei* Anderson
366. *Rubinella major* (Couper) Norris
367. *Azolla* sp.

Marine palynomorphs

- M1. *Oligosphaeridium complex* (White) Davey and Williams
- M2. *Astrocysta cretacea* (Pocock) Davey
- M3. *Micrhystridium* 1
- M4. *Odontochitina striatoperforata* Cookson and Eisenack
- M5. *Apteodinium cf. A. reticulatum* Singh
- M6. *Leiofusa bernesga* Cramer
- M7. *Hystrichosphaeridium cooksoni* Singh
- M8. *Gonyaulacysta tenuiceras* (Eisenack) Sarjeant
- M9. *Veryhachium europaeum* Stockmans and Williere
- M10. *Meieuropgyaulax cf. M. stoveri* Millioud
- M11. *Baltisphaeridium crameri* Singh
- M12. *Serinidinium cf. S. eurypylum* Manum and Cookson
- M13. *Micrhystridium stellatum* Deflandre
- M14. *Pseudoceratium cf. P. regium* Singh
- M15. *Leiofusa jurassica* Cookson and Eisenack
- M16. *Chlamydophorella nyei* Cookson and Eisenack
- M17. *Palaeostomocystis* 1
- M18. *Cyclonephelium distinctum* Deflandre and Cookson
- M19. *Pseudoceratium pelliferum* Goht
- M20. *Tanyosphaeridium* sp. Singh
- M21. *Canningia colliveri* Cookson and Eisenack
- M22. *cf. Aptea polymorpha* Eisenack
- M23. *Cleistosphaeridium polypes* (Cookson and Eisenack) Davey
- M24. *Baltisphaeridium whitei* (Deflandre and Courtville) Sarjeant
- M25. *Cribroperidinium orthoceras* (Eisenack) Davey
- M26. *Diplotesta angelica* Cookson and Hughes
- M27. *Gardodinium elongatum* Singh
- M28. *Oligosphaeridium anthophorum* (Cookson and Eisenack) Davey
- M29. *Hystrichosphaera cingulata* (Wetzel) Deflandre and Cookson
- M30. *Gonyaulacysta* sp. B Singh
- M31. *Gonyaulacysta cf. G. striata* Clarke and Verdier
- M32. *Carpodinium* 1
- M33. *Palaeoperidinium cf. P. ventriosum* (Wetzel) Deflandre
- M34. *Oligosphaeridium albertense* Pocock
- M35. *Broomea jaegeri* Alberti
- M36. *Odontochitina operculata* (Wetzel) Deflandre
- M37. *Hystrichosphaera ramosa* (Ehrenberg) Wetzel
- M38. *Cyclonephelium cf. C. vannophorum* Davey
- M39. *Pseudoceratium cf. P. expolitum* Brideaux
- M40. *Apteodinium cf. A. granulatum* Eisenack
- M41. *Deflandrea pirnaensis* Alberti
- M42. *Pterospermopsis australiensis* Deflandre and Cookson
- M43. *Cantulodinium* 1
- M44. *Oligosphaeridium cf. O. diastema*
- M45. *Dinogodinium cerviculum* Cookson and Eisenack
- M46. *Oligosphaeridium cf. O. pulcherrimum* (Deflandre and Cookson) Davey and Williams
- M47. *Veryhachium reductum* (Deunff) de Jeckowsky
- M48. *Palaeostomocystis fragilis* Cookson and Eisenack
- M49. *Botryococcus* 1
- M50. *Gardodinium eisenacki* Alberti

- M51. *Doidyx* 1
 M52. *Sirmiodinium grossi* Alberti
 M53. *Tasmanites suevicus* (Eisenack) Wall
 M54. *Pareodinia ceratophora* Deflandre
 M55. *Fromea amphora* Cookson and Eisenack
 M56. *Cleistosphaeridium* cf. *C. ancoriferum* (Cookson and Eisenack) D.,D.,S.& W.
 M57. *Scriniodinium* 1
 M58. *Ctenidodinium* 1
 M59. *Endoscrinium* cf. *E. campanula* (Gocht)
 M60. *Gonyaulacysta* cf. *G. jurassica* (Deflandre)
 M61. *Tenua* 1
 M62. *Baltisphaeridium* 1
 M63. *Gonyaulacysta* 1
 M64. *Meioeurogonyaulax* 1
 M65. *Wanaea digitata* Cookson and Eisenack
 M66. *microforaminifera*
 M67. *Pareodinia* 1
 M68. *Gonyaulacysta* cf. *G. granuligera*
 M69. *Xenicodinium* 1
 M70. *Palaeohystrichophora* cf. *P. multisepia*
 M71. *Diconodinium* 1
 M72. *Diconodinium* 2
 M73. *Baltisphaeridium* 2
 M74. *Micrhystridium* cf. *inconspicuum* (Deflandre) Deflandre
 M75. *Micrhystridium stipulatum* Jansonius
 M76. *Micrhystridium* 2
 M77. chitinozoa
 M78. *Micrhystridium* 3
 M79. *Baltisphaeridium* 3
 M80. *Deflandrea diebeli* Alberti
 M81. *Oligosphaeridium pulcherrimum* (Deflandre and Cookson) D.,D.,S.& W.
 M82. *Canningia reticulata*
 M83. *Areoligera* sp.
 M84. *Deflandrea* cf. *victoriensis* Cookson and Manum
 M85. *Cleistosphaeridium armatum* (Deflandre) Davey
 M86. *Surculosphaeridium longifurcatum* (Firion) D.,D.,S.& W.
 M87. *Exochosphaeridium phragmites* D.,D.,S.& W.
 M88. *Pterodinium perforatum* (Clarke and Verdier) Davey and Verdier
 M89. *Spinidinium vestitum* Brideaux
 M90. *Gonyaulacysta* cf. *fetchamensis* D.,D.,S.& W.
 M91. *Hystrichodinium pulchrum* Deflandre
 M92. *Baltisphaeridium multispinosum* Singh
 M93. *Dinopterygium cladoides* Deflandre
 M94. *Hystrichosphaeridium stellatum* Maier
 M95. *Polysphaeridium laninaspinosum* D.,D.,S.& W.
 M96. *Exochosphaeridium* cf. *scitulum* Singh
 M97. *Systematophora turonica* (Alberti)
 M98. *Circulodinium* cf. *deflandrei* Alberti
 M99. *Perisseiasphaeridium* sp.
 M100. *Broomea pellifera* Alberti
 M101. *Muderongia simplex* Alberti
 M102. *Circulodinium* cf. *hirtellum* Alberti

- M103. *Surculosphaeridium* cf. *vestitum* (Deflandre) D.,D.,S.& W.
 M104. *Gonyaulacysta* cf. *pachydermis* (Deflandre) D.,D.,S.& W.
 M105. *Wanaea* cf. *spectabilis* Cookson and Eisenack
 M106. *Baltisphaeridium stimuliferum* (Deflandre) Sarjeant
 M107. *Baltisphaeridium multifurcatum* (Deflandre) Klement
 M108. *Cyclonephelium* cf. *reticulatum*
 M109. *Systematophora schindelwolfi* (Alberti)
 M110. *Oligosphaeridium* cf. *albertense* Pocock
 M111. *Muderongia tetricantha* (Gocht) Alberti
 M112. *Ctenidodinium elegantulum* Millioud
 M113. *Dingodinium albertii* D.,D.,S.& W.
 M114. *Oligosphaeridium* cf. *anthophorum* (Cookson and Eisenack) D.,D.,S.& W.
 M115. *Systematophora* cf. *fasciculigera* Klement
 M116. *Hystrichosphaeridium* cf. *readi* D.,D.,S. & W.
 M117. *Cannosphaeropsis aemula* (Deflandre) Deflandre
 M118. *Broomea exigua*
 M119. *Gonyaulacysta* cf. *longispinosa*
 M120. *Diconodinium arcticum* Manum and Cookson
 M121. *Deflandrea minor* Alberti
 M122. *Deflandrea cooksoni* Alberti
 M123. *Deflandrea* cf. *granulifera* Manum
 M124. *Tenua* 2
 M125. *Astrocytta* cf. *cretacea* (Pocock) Davey
 M126. *Fromea* 1
 M127. *Systematophora* cf. *turonica* (Alberti)
 M128. *Deflandrea* cf. *cooksoni* Alberti
 M129. *Deflandrea* cf. *magnifica* Stanley
 M130. *Diconodinium* 3
 M131. *Palambages* A
 M132. *Palambages* B
 M133. *Schizocystia laevigata* Cookson and Eisenack
 M134. *Micrhystridium deflandrei*
 M135. *Hystrichosphaeridium recurvatum* (White) Lejeune-Carpentier
 M136. *Sirmiodinium* 1
 M137. *Deflandrea* 1
 M138. *Cannosphaeropsis* 1
 M139. *Deflandrea* 2
 M140. *Epilidosphaeridia* 1
 M141. *Deflandrea granulifera* Manum
 M142. *Chytroesphaeridia* 1
 M143. *Tenua* 3
 M144. *Canningia* cf. *senonica* Clarke and Verdier
 M145. *Apteodinium grande* Cookson and Hughes
 M146. *Cyclonephelium* cf. *paucispinum* Davey
 M147. *Pterospermopsis* 1
 M148. *Diconodinium pusillum* Singh
 M149. *Deflandrea* cf. *verrucosa* Manum
 M150. *Scolecodonts*
 M151. *Ascodinium verrucosum* Cookson and Hughes
 M152. *Micrhystridium* cf. *piliferum* Deflandre
 M153. *Veryhachium lairdi* (Deflandre) Deunff
 M154. *Pseudoceratium expolitum* Brideaux

- M155. *Hystrichosphaeridium* cf. *recurvatum* (White) Lejeune-Carpentier
M156. *Microdinium opacum* Brideaux
M157. *Deflandrea* cf. *pirmaensis* Alberti
M158. *Canningia* cf. *aspera* Singh
M159. *Diplotesta* cf. *bidigitata* Manum and Cookson
M160. *Broomea longicornuta* Alberti
M161. *Heliodinium voigti* Alberti
M162. *Cannospaeropsis* 1
M163. *Muderongia staurota* Sarjeant
M164. *WetzelIELLA* cf. *tabulata* Wilson
M165. *Deflandrea* cf. *microgranulata* Stanley
M166. *Deflandrea* cf. *cretacea* Cookson
M167. *Deflandrea* cf. *tenera* Krutzsch
M168. *Cyclonephelium* cf. *lemniscatum* Stanley
M169. *Deflandrea scheei* Manum
M170. *Canningia* cf. *colliveri* Cookson and Eisenack
M171. *Pterodinium* cf. *cornutum* Cookson and Eisenack

- M204. *Pterospermopsis euryptera* Cookson and Eisenack
M205. *Xenicodinium* 2

- M209. *Pseudoceratium* cf. *nudum* Gocht
M210. *WetzelIELLA* cf. *reticulata* Williams and Downie
M211. *Cannospaeropsis* cf. *densiradiata* Cookson and Eisenack

MICROPALEONTOLOGY

SUMMARY

Micropaleontological examination of the IOE Blow River YT E-47 borehole yielded meagre results despite reprocessing of promising sections. The two specimens present at 1820' can be correlated to a Berriasian section in the Sverdrup Basin that is associated with Berriasian to Upper Jurassic palynomorphs. Since these forms may be time-transgressive, the age could be Berriasian or possibly younger.

MATERIALS AND METHODS

Imperial Oil Limited kindly provided 123 microfossil preparations, of which 55 were core. Sections that yielded some promising organic remains did not yield additional specimens on resampling. Such material as was observed has been plotted on Table II, which follows this page.

The organic material recovered was generally poor because of the high degree of metamorphism. The foraminifera were arenaceous and benthonic in habitat, which indicates a possibility of facies-controlled distributions that are probably time-transgressive.

SUMMARY OF ZONES

Haplophragmoides canui 1820'

DISCUSSION OF ZONATION

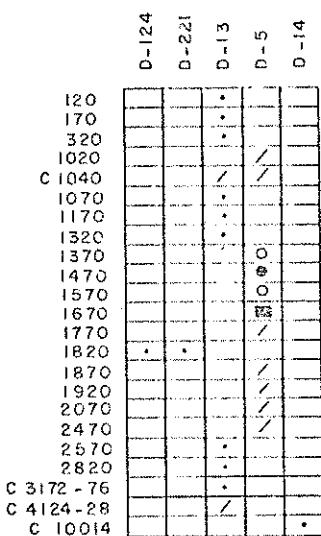
Some poorly preserved foraminifera?, possibly *Haplophragmoides* sp.? were present at 120' and 170'--which may have some environmental significance but cannot be used to determine stratigraphic position. A possible *Trochammina* sp.? may be present at 320', but it too is badly metamorphosed and cannot be used. Two fairly well preserved specimens, *Haplophragmoides canui* Cushman and *Lituotuba* cf. *gallupi* Chamney, were found at 1820'. These forms are both arenaceous, with quite wide geographical distributions. They appear to be facies-controlled in the general Mackenzie Delta area. *H. canui* has been used in the Alaskan sections and in the Sverdrup Basin as an indicator for the Upper Jurassic. However, its occurrence (in abundance) with well-developed palynomorphs of Lower Cretaceous age (as in Shell Aklavik A-37) suggests that it may have transgressed with other associated forms fairly high into the Lower Cretaceous section. In the Sverdrup Basin *H. canui* is associated with *L. gallupi* and appears to have a range of Lower Cretaceous (Berriasian) into Late Jurassic (Tithonian-Oxfordian). The two have been found in association in the Upper Jurassic in the Cape Norem A-80 borehole, in sections containing Berriasian to Upper Jurassic palynomorphs. In that well the evidence favoured an Upper Jurassic age for the fauna. However, it has been demonstrated in previous reports that the majority of forms are facies-controlled and have moved stratigraphically upward in their transgressive migration from the north. This evidence would suggest that the section in the Blow River YT E-47 borehole can be considered Berriasian to Upper Jurassic, with the probability that deposition took place in the upper part of that age range.

PALEO SERVICES LIMITED

II

MICROFOSSIL DISTRIBUTION CHART

I.O.E. BLOW RIVER YT E-47



LEGEND

- > 100 ■
- 51 - 100 △
- 21 - 50 ◇
- 6 - 20 ○
- 2 - 5 /
- 1 *

REPRODUCTION FORBIDDEN EXCEPT BY WRITTEN CONSENT

IDENTIFICATIONS

- D51. *Bathysiphon* sp.
- D52. *Cyclanmina?* sp.
- D53. *Haplophragmoides* sp.
- D54. *Trochammina* sp. (*T. ribstonensis* at 610')
- D55. *Reophax* sp.
- D56. *Gaudryina tappanae* Chamney
- D57. *Textularia* sp.
- D58. *Saccammina sphaerica* Brady
- D59. *Textularia torquata* Parker
- D60. *Ammobaculites reophacoides* Bartenstein
- D61. *Trochammina squamata* (Jones and Parker)
- D62. *Haplophragmoides topagorukensis* Tappan
- D63. *Anmodiscus mackensiensis* Chamney
- D64. *Bathysiphon brosgei* Tappan
- D65. *Glomospirella arctica* Chamney
- D66. *Verneuilinoides borealis* Tappan
- D67. *Haplophragmoides inflatigrandis* Chamney
- D68. *H. duoflatis* Chamney
- D69. *H. goodenoughensis* Chamney
- D70. *Saccammina* sp.
- D71. *Glomospira subarctica* Chamney
- D72. *Trochammina stefanssoni* Tappan
- D73. *T. rainwateri* Cushman and Applin
- D74. *Triplasia aequalis* (Roemer)
- D75. *Hypocrepina* cf. *H. barksdalei* (Tappan)
- D76. *Thuramminoides septagonalis* Chamney
- D77. *Bathysiphon granulocoelia* Chamney
- D78. *Reophax tundraensis* Chamney
- D79. *Trochammina conicominuta* Chamney
- D80. *Textularia topagorukensis* Tappan
- D81. *Haplophragmoides coronis* Chamney
- D82. *Glomospirella arctica* Chamney
- D83. *G. elongata* Chamney
- D84. *Trochammina eilete* Tappan
- D85. *Ammobaculites* sp.
- D86. *Siphotextularia?* *rayi* Tappan
- D87. *Hyperammina* sp.
- D88. *Miliammina* sp.
- D89. *Marginulina* sp.
- D90. *Lagena apiculata* Reuss
- D91. *Buccicrenata italica* Dieni and Massari
- D92. *Haplophragmoides rota* Nauss
- D93. *Ammobaculites fragmentarius* Cushman
- D94. *Gaudryina subcretacea* Cushman
- D95. *Lenticulina gryci* Tappan
- D96. *Bulimina* sp.
- D97. *Reophax troyeri* Tappan
- D98. *Lenticulina* cf. *L. bayrocki* Mellon and Wall
- D99. *Gaudryina barrowensis* Tappan
- D100. *Verneuilinoides fischeri* Tappan

- D101. *Verneuilinoides* sp.
 D102. *Spiroplectammina* cf. *S. semicomplanata* (Carsey)
 D103. *Vaginulina* sp.
 D104. *Spiroplectammina* sp.
 D105. *Arenobulimina paynei* Tappan
 D106. *Conorbina* sp.
 D107. *Trochammina diagonis* (Carsey)
 D108. *Ammodiscus thomasi* Chamney
 D109. *Arenoturrispirellina* sp.
 D110. *Lagena* sp.
 D111. *Glomospira* sp.
 D112. *Sarcenaria projecta* Stelck and Wall
 D113. *Marginulinopsis collinsi* Mellon and Wall
 D114. *Globulina lacrima* Reuss subsp. *canadensis* Mellon and Wall
 D115. *Dentalina* sp.
 D116. *Nodosarella* sp.
 D117. *Dentalina catenula* Reuss
 D118. *Pseudoglandulina* sp.
 D119. *Oolina globosa* (Montagu)
 D120. *Marginulina* cf. *M. bergquisti* Tappan
 D121. *Astacolus* sp.
 D122. *Ammobaculites barrowensis* Tappan
 D123. *Reophax metensis* Franke
 D124. *Haplophragmoides canui* Cushman
 D125. *Haplophragmoides barrowensis* Tappan
 D126. *Ammobaculites alaskensis* Tappan
 D127. *Haplophragmoides kingakensis* Tappan
 D128. *Lenticulina* cf. *L. prima* (d'Orbigny)
 D129. *Lenticulina* sp.
 D130. *Glomospira gordialis* (Jones and Parker)
 D131. *Involutina cheradospira* (Loeblich and Tappan)
 D132. *Ammobaculites cobbani* Loeblich and Tappan
 D133. *Haplophragmoides linki* Nauss
 D134. *Lenticulina* cf. *L. toarcense* Payard
 D135. *Trochammina topagorukensis* Tappan
 D136. *Guttulina* sp.
 D137. *Reophax densa* Tappan
 D138. *R. liasica* Franke
 D139. Fusulinids
 D140. *Glomospira* sp.
 D141. *Triplasia kingakensis* Loeblich and Tappan
 D142. *Rectoglandulina* cf. *R. turbinata* (Terquem and Berthelin)
 D143. *Bathysiphon anomalocoelia* Tappan
 D144. *Reophax suevica* Franke
 D145. *Ammobaculites vetusta* (Terquem and Berthelin)
 D146. *Astacolus pediacus* Tappan
 D147. *Globulina topagorukensis* Tappan
 D148. *Lagena* sp.
 D149. *Thuranmina?* sp.
 D150. *Involutina* sp.
 D151. *Webbinelloidea* sp.
 D152. *Marginulina* sp.

- D-153. *Cyclammina arctica* Petracca
 D-154. *C. cf. C. ezoensis* Asano
 D-155. *C. borealis* Petracca
 D-156. *Gyroidina cf. G. orbicularis planata* Cushman
 D-157. *Gaudryina* sp.
 D-158. *Ammobaculites midwayensis* Plummer
 D-159. *Ammomarginulina* sp.
 D-160. *Bathysiphon vitta* Nauss
 D-161. *Saccammina lathrami* Tappan
 D-162. *Glomospirella cf. G. gaultina* (Berthelin)
 D-163. *Haplophragmoides cf. H. bonanzaensis* Stelck and Wall
 D-164. *Ammobaculites wenonahae* Tappan
 D-165. *Anmodiscus rotularius* Loeblich and Tappan
 D-166. *Miliammina manitobensis* Wickenden
 D-167. *Haplophragmoides cf. H. excavata* Cushman and Waters
 D-168. *Gaudryina cf. G. bearpawensis* Wickenden
 D-169. *Saccammina cf. S. alexanderi* (Loeblich and Tappan)
 D-170. *Lituotuba* sp.
 D-171. *Gaudryina cf. G. nanuskukensis* Tappan
 D-172. *Spiroplectammina webberi* Tappan
 D-173. *Flabellammina* sp.
 D-174. *Ammobaculites erectus* Crespin
 D-175. *Uvigerinammina cf. U. manitobensis* (Wickenden)
 D-176. *Arenoturrispirillina cf. A. waltoni* Chamney
 D-177. *Trochammina umiatensis* Tappan
 D-178. *Gaudryina canadensis* Cushman
 D-179. *Lenticulina cf. L. macrodisca* (Reuss)
 D-180. *Psanminopelta cf. P. bowsheri* Tappan
 D-181. *Flabellammina magna* Alexander and Smith
 D-182. *Nodosaria* sp.
 D-183. *Reophax texanus* Cushman and Waters
 D-184. *Globulina* sp.
 D-185. *Marginulinopsis* sp.
 D-186. *Neobulimina cf. N. canadensis* Cushman and Wickenden
 D-187. *Gavelinella* sp.
 D-188. *Quinqueloculina cf. Q. sphaera* Cushman
 D-189. *Anmodiscus thomasi* Chamney
 D-190. *Trochammina sablei* Tappan
 D-191. *Gaudryina topagorukensis* Tappan
 D-192. *G. milleri* Tappan
 D-193. *Trochammina gryei* Tappan
 D-194. *Gaudryina leffingwelli* Tappan
 D-195. *Triplasia* sp.
 D-196. *Dorothea? squamosa* (Terquem and Berthelin)
 D-197. *Glomospira pattoni* Tappan
 D-198. *Lituotuba cf. L. irregularis* Tappan
 D-199. *Involutina aspera* Tappan
 D-200. *Nodosaria cf. N. detruncata* Schwager
 D-201. *Marginulina cf. M. prima d'Orbigny*
 D-202. *Textularia aeroplecta* Tappan
 D-203. *Cornuspira* sp.
 D-204. *Nodosaria liassica* (Barnard)

- D-205. *Eoguttulina liassica* (Strickland)
D-206. *Lenticulina* cf. *L. excavata* (Terquem)
D-207. *Lagena aphela* Tappan
D-208. *Marginulina* cf. *M. calva* Tappan
D-209. *Brotzenia* sp.
D-210. *Frondicularia* cf. *F. lustrata* Tappan
D-211. *Pelosina* sp.
D-212. *Verneuilina* sp.
D-213. *Haplophragmoides* 1
D-214. *Cyclammina* 2
D-215. *Cyclammina* 1
D-216. *Cyclammina* 3
D-217. *Bathysiphon eocenicus* Cushman and Hanna
D-218. *Ammodiscus cretaceus?* Reuss
D-219. *Ammobaculites paleocenicus* Cushman
D-220. *Glomospira corona* Cushman and Jarvis
D-221. *Hyperammina* cf. *H. acicula* (Parr) fide Crespin
D-222. *Lituotuba gallupi* Chamney

- D-1. Pelecypod
- D-2. Gastropod
- D-3. Megaspores
- D-4. Ostracods
- D-5. Plant fragments
- D-6. Cartilage
- D-7. Radiolaria?
- D-8. Bryozoa
- D-9. *Dictyomitra* sp.
- D-10. Echinoid
- D-11. Shell fragments indet.
- D-12. Spines indet.
- D-13. Foraminifera? indet.
- D-14. Ostracod? indet.

APPENDIX

SELECTED REFERENCES

Palynology

Micropaleontology

PALYNOLOGY

- Alberti, G., 1961, Zur Kenntnis Mesozoischer und Altertiärer Dinoflagellaten und Hystrichosphaerideen von Nord- und Mitteldeutschland sowie enigen anderen Europäischen Gebieten: *Palaeontographica*, Abt. A, 116, p. 1-58.
- Balme, B.E., 1970, Palynology of Permian and Triassic strata in the Salt Range and Surghar Range, West Pakistan, in *Stratigraphic Boundary Problems: Permian and Triassic of West Pakistan*: Univ. Kansas, Dept. Geol. Spec. Publ. 4, p. 306-453.
- Barss, M.S., 1967, Carboniferous and Permian spores of Canada: *Geol. Surv. Canada, Paper 67-11*, p. 1-94.
- Brideaux, W.W., 1971, Palynology of the Lower Colorado Group, central Alberta, Canada: *Palaeontographica*, Abt. B, 135, p. 53-114.
- Clarke, R.F.A., 1965, British Permian saccate and monosulcate miospores: *Palaeontology*, 8, p. 322-354.
- Davey, R.J. and Verdier, J.P., 1971, An investigation of microplankton assemblages from the Albian of the Paris Basin: *Verh. Konink. Nederland. Akad. Wetensch.*, Deel 26, 2, p. 1-58.
- Dettmann, M.E., 1963, Upper Mesozoic microfloras from southeastern Australia: *Proc. Roy. Soc. Victoria*, 77, p. 1-148.
- Gitmez, G.E., 1970, Dinoflagellate cysts and acritarchs from the basal Kimmeridgian (Upper Jurassic) of England, Scotland and France: *Bull. British Mus. (Nat. Hist.) Geol.*, 18, (7), p. 233-331.
- Jansonius, J., 1962, Palynology of Permian and Triassic sediments, Peace River area, western Canada: *Palaeontographica*, Abt. B, 110, p. 35-98.
- Klement, K.W., 1960, Dinoflagellaten und Hystrichosphaerideen aus dem unteren und mittleren Malm Sudwestdeutschlands: *Palaeontographica*, Abt. A, 114, p. 1-104.
- Manum, S. and Cookson, I.C., 1964, Cretaceous microplankton in a sample from Graham Island, Arctic Canada collected during the second "Fram" expedition (1898-1902): *Skrift. utg. Norske Viden.-Akad. Oslo, I. Mat. Naturv. Klasse. Ny Serie*, No. 17, p. 1-36.
- McGregor, D.C., 1965, Triassic, Jurassic, and Lower Cretaceous spores and pollen of Arctic Canada: *Geol. Surv. Canada, Paper 64-55*, p. 1-32.
- Newman, K.R., 1965, Upper Cretaceous - Paleocene guide palynomorphs from northwestern Colorado: *Univ. Colorado Studies, Ser. Earth Sci.* No. 2, p. 1-21.

- Norris, G., 1969, Miospores from the Purbeck Beds and marine Upper Jurassic of southern England: *Palaeontology*, 12, p. 574-620.
- _____, Jarzen, D.M. and Awai-Thorne, B.V., *in press*, Evolution of the Cretaceous terrestrial palynoflora in western Canada, *in Proc. Symp. Can. Arctic Geology*, Saskatoon.
- Pocock, S.A.J., 1970, Palynology of the Jurassic sediments of western Canada. Part 1, Terrestrial species: *Palaeontographica*, Abt. B, 130, p. 12-72.
- _____, 1971, Palynology of the Jurassic sediments of western Canada. Part 2, Marine species: *Palaeontographica*, Abt. B, 137, p. 85-153.

Singh, C., 1971, Lower Cretaceous microfloras of the Peace River area, north-western Alberta: *Res. Coun. Alberta, Bull.* 28, vs. 1, 2, 542 p.

ADDENDA

Gitmez, G.U. and Sarjeant, W.A.S., 1972, Dinoflagellate cysts and acritarchs from the Kimmeridgian (Upper Jurassic) of England, Scotland, and France: *Bull. British Mus. (Nat. Hist.) Geol.* 21 (5), p. 1-257.

Goht, H., 1970, Dinoflagellaten-Zysten aus dem Bathonium des Erdofeldes Aldorf (NW-Deutschland): *Palaeontographica*, Abt. B, 129, p. 125-165.

Johnson, C.D., 1973, Microplankton zones of the Savik Formation (Jurassic), Axel Heiberg Island: *Geol. Assoc. Canada, Arctic Symp. Abstr.*, p. 15.

Loranger, D.M., 1972, Biostratigraphic zonation, Panarctic Drake Point N-67 and L-67, Melville Island, NWT: *Paleo Services Limited*, Calgary, Alberta.

Sarjeant, W.A.S., 1972, Dinoflagellate cysts and acritarchs from the upper Vardekleft Formation (Jurassic) of Jameson Land, East Greenland: *Meddel om Grønland*, 195 (4), p. 1-69.

Vozzhenikova, T.F., 1967, Iskopaemi Peridinei Jurskikh Melovich i Paleogenovikh otlozhenii SSSR: Akad. Nauk SSSR, Siber. Otdel. Inst. Geol. Geofiz., p. 1-347.

Warren, J.S., 1967, Dinoflagellates and acritarchs from the Upper Jurassic and Lower Cretaceous rocks on the west side of the Sacramento Valley, California: *Unpubl. Ph.D. thesis*, Stanford University.

ADDENDUM

Jutard, G. and Plauchut, B., 1973, Cretaceous and Tertiary of Banks Island, N.W.T.: *Arctic Symposium, Geol. Assoc. Canada Ann. Mtg.*, Abst., p. 17.

ADDENDA

Loranger, D.M., 1973a, Biostratigraphic Zonation, Shell Aklavik A-37, Northwest Territories: Paleo Services Limited, Calgary, Alberta.

_____, 1973b, Biostratigraphic Zonation, Gulf Mobil East Reindeer G-04, Northwest Territories: Paleo Services Limited, Calgary, Alberta.

_____, 1973c, Biostratigraphic Zonation, 10E Tuk F-18, Northwest Territories: Paleo Services Limited, Calgary, Alberta.

_____, 1973d, Biostratigraphic zonation, Elf Cape Norem A-80, Arctic Islands: Paleo Services Ltd., Calgary, Alta.

ADDENDA

Hopkins, W.S. Jr., Rutter, N.W. and Rouse, G.E., 1972, Geology, paleo-ecology and palynology of some Oligocene rocks in the Rocky Mountain Trench of British Columbia: Can. J. Earth Sci., v. 9, p. 460-470.

Leffingwell, H.A., 1970, Palynology of the Lance (Late Cretaceous) and Fort Union (Paleocene) formations of the type Lance area, Wyoming, in Kosanke, R.M. and Cross, A.T., eds., Symposium on Palynology of the Late Cretaceous and Early Tertiary: Geol. Soc. America, Sp. Paper 127, p. 1-64.

Leopold, E.B., 1969, Late Cenozoic palynology, in Tschudy, R.H. and Scott, R.A., eds., Aspects of Palynology: New York, Wiley Interscience, p. 377-438.

Newman, K.R., 1965, Upper Cretaceous - Paleocene guide palynomorphs from northwestern Colorado: Univ. Colorado Studies, Series in Earth Sci., no. 2, Univ. Colorado Press, Boulder, p. 1-21.

Norris, G., Jarzen, D.M. and Awai-Thorne, B.V., *in press*, Evolution of the Cretaceous palynoflora in western Canada: Geol. Assoc. Canada, Sp. Paper Cretaceous Colloquium.

Norton, N.J. and Hall, J.W., 1969, Palynology of the Upper Cretaceous and Lower Tertiary in the type locality of the Hell Creek Formation, Montana, U.S.A.: Palaeontographica, Abt. B, 125, p. 1-64.

Rouse, G.E., Hopkins, W.S. Jr. and Piel, K.M., 1970, Palynology of some Late Cretaceous and Early Tertiary deposits in British Columbia and adjacent Alberta, in Kosanke, R.M. and Cross, A.T., eds., Symposium on Palynology of the Late Cretaceous and Early Tertiary: Geol. Soc. America, Sp. Paper 127, p. 213-246.

_____, and Srivastava, S.K., 1970, Detailed morphology, taxonomy and distribution of *Pistillipollenites macgregorii*: Can. J. Botany, v. 48, p. 287-292.

Rouse, G.E. and Srivastava, S.K., 1972, Palynological zonation of Cretaceous and Early Tertiary rocks of the Bonnet Plume Formation, northeastern Yukon, Canada: Can. J. Earth Sci., v. 9, p. 1163-1179.

Singh, C., 1971, Lower Cretaceous microfloras of the Peace River area, northwestern Alberta: Res. Coun. Alberta, Bull. 28, 2 v., 542 p.

Snead, R.G., 1969, Microfloral diagnosis of the Cretaceous-Tertiary boundary, central Alberta: Res. Coun. Alberta, Bull. 25, 148 p.

Srivastava, S.K., 1972, Some spores and pollen from the Paleocene Oak Hill Member of the Naheola Formation, Alabama (U.S.A.): Rev. Palaeobot. Palynol., v. 14, p. 217-285.

ADDENDA

Clarke, R.F.A. and Verdier, J.P., 1967, An investigation of microplankton assemblages from the Chalk of the Isle of Wight, England: Verhandel. Koninkl. Ned. Akad. Wertenschap. Afdel. Natuurk., Eerste Reeks, v. 24, no. 3, p. 1-96.

Eisenack, A. and Cookson, I.C., 1960, Microplankton from Australian Lower Cretaceous sediments: Proc. Roy. Soc. Victoria, v. 72, pt. 1, p. 1-11.

Sarjeant, W.A.S., 1960, Microplankton from the Corallian rocks of Yorkshire: Proc. Yorkshire Geol. Soc., v. 32, pt. 4, p. 389-408.

Stanley, E.A., 1965, Upper Cretaceous and Paleocene plant microfossils and Paleocene dinoflagellates and hystrichospores from northwestern South Dakota: Bull. Am. Paleontology, v. 49, no. 222, p. 179-384.

Srivastava, S.K., 1972, Systematic description of some spores from the Edmonton Formation (Maestrichtian), Alberta, Canada: Palaeontographica, Abt. B, 139, p. 1-46.

ADDENDA

Anderson, R.Y., 1960, Cretaceous-Tertiary palynology, eastern side of the San Juan basin, New Mexico: State Bur. Mines Min. Res., New Mexico Inst. Mining & Technology, Mem. 6, 58 p.

Brenner, G.J., 1963, The spores and pollen of the Potomac Group of Maryland: Maryland Dept. Geology, Mines, Water Res., Bull. 27, 215 p.

Davey, R.J., 1970, Non-calcareous microplankton from the Cenomanian of England, Northern France and North America, Pt. II: Bull. Br. Mus. Nat. History, Geol. v. 18, p. 335-397.

Davey, R.J., Downie, C., Sarjeant, W.A.S. and Williams, G.L., 1966, Studies on Mesozoic and Cainozoic dinoflagellate cysts: Bull. Brit. Mus. Nat. History, Geol. Supplement 3, 248 p.

Norris, G., 1967, Spores and pollen from the lower Colorado Group (Albian-?Cenomanian) of central Alberta: Palaeontographica, Abt. B, 120, p. 72-115.

Playford, G., 1962, Lower Carboniferous microfloras of Spitsbergen: Palaeontology, v. 5, p. 550-678.

Smith, A.H.V. and Butterworth, M.A., 1967, Miospores in the coal seams of the Carboniferous of Great Britain: Spec. Papers in Palaeontology no. 1, The Palaeontological Assoc., London, 324 p.

Srivastava, S.K. and Rouse, G.E., 1970, Systematic revision of *Aquilarollenites* Rouse 1957: Can. J. Botany, v. 48, p. 1591-1601.

Staplin, F.L., 1960, Upper Mississippian plant spores from the Golata Formation, Alberta, Canada: Palaeontographica, Abt. B, 107, p. 1-40.

Tschudy, B.D. and Leopold, E.B., 1970, *Aquilarollenites* (Rouse) Funkhouser - selected Rocky Mountain taxa and their stratigraphic ranges, in Kosanke, R.M. and Cross, A.T., eds., Symposium on palynology of the Late Cretaceous and Early Tertiary: Geol. Soc. America, Spec. Paper 127, p. 113-168.

ADDENDA

Johnson, C.D. and Hills, L.V., 1973, Microplankton zones of the Savik Formation (Jurassic), Axel Heiberg and Ellesmere islands, District of Franklin: Bull. Can. Petroleum Geology, v. 21, p. 178-218.

Sarjeant, W.A.S., 1961, Microplankton from the Kellaways Rock and Oxford Clay of Yorkshire: Palaeontology, v. 4, p. 90-118.

MICROPALEONTOLOGY

- Barnard, T., 1950, The uses of Foraminifera in Lower Jurassic stratigraphy: Intern. Geol. Congr., Rept. 18th Sess., Pt. 15, Proc. Intern. Paleont. Union, London.
- Bergquist, H.R., 1966, Micropaleontology of the Mesozoic rocks of northern Alaska, Pt. 2, Regional studies: U.S. Geol. Surv., Prof. Paper 302-D.
- Chamney, P., 1967, in Report of activities, November 1966 to April 1967: Geol. Surv. Canada, Paper 67-1, Pt. B.
- _____, 1969, Barremian Textulariina, Foraminiferida from Lower Cretaceous beds, Mount Goodenough section, Aklavik Range, District of Mackenzie: Geol. Surv. Canada, Bull. 185.
- _____, 1971a, Tertiary and Cretaceous biostratigraphic divisions in the Reindeer D-27 borehole, Mackenzie River Delta: Geol. Surv. Canada, Paper 70-30.
- _____, 1971b, New species of foraminifera, Cretaceous-Jurassic boundary, in Pedder, A.E.H., Lenz, A.C. and others, Contributions to Canadian Paleontology: Geol. Surv. Canada, Bull. 192, p. 95-109.
- _____, 1973a, in Norford, B.S., Brideaux, W.W. and others, Biostratigraphic determinations of fossils from the subsurface of the Yukon Territory and the districts of Franklin, Keewatin and Mackenzie: Geol. Surv. Canada, Paper 72-38.
- _____, 1973b, Tuktoyaktuk Peninsula Tertiary and Mesozoic biostratigraphic correlations, in Report of Activities, July 1973: Geol. Surv. Canada (in press).
- Cushman, J.A., 1946, Upper Cretaceous Foraminifera of the Gulf coastal region of the United States and adjacent areas: U.S. Geol. Surv., Prof. Paper 206.
- _____, 1950, Foraminifera--their classification and economic use: Harvard Univ. Press, Cambridge, Mass.
- _____, and F.L. Parker, 1947, *Bulimina* and related foraminiferal genera: U.S. Geol. Surv., Prof. Paper 210-D.
- Dam, T.A., 1946, Arenaceous Foraminifera and Lagenidae from the Neocomian (L. Cret.) of the Netherlands: J. Paleontology, v. 20, no. 6.
- Gordon, W.A., 1962, Some foraminifera from the Ampthill Clay, Upper Jurassic, of Cheshire: Palaeontology, v. 4, pt. 4.
- _____, 1965, Foraminifera from the Corallian Beds, Upper Jurassic, of Dorset, England: J. Paleontology, v. 39, no. 5.

- Gordon, W.A., 1966, Variation and its significance in classification of some English Middle and Upper Jurassic nodosariid foraminifera: *Micropaleontology*, v. 12, no. 3.
- _____, 1967, Foraminifera from the Callovian (Middle Jurassic) of Brora, Scotland: *Micropaleontology*, v. 13, no. 4.
- Jeletsky, J.A., 1961, Upper Jurassic and Lower Cretaceous rocks, west flank of Richardson Mountains between the headwaters of Blow River and Bell River, Yukon Territory: *Geol. Surv. Canada, Paper 61-9*.
- _____, 1967, Jurassic and (?)Triassic rocks of the eastern slope of the Richardson Mountains, northwestern District of Mackenzie: *Geol. Surv. Canada, Paper 66-50*.
- Lloyd, A.J., 1959, Arenaceous foraminifera from the type Kimmeridgian (Upper Jurassic): *Palaeontology*, v. 1, pt. 4.
- _____, 1962, Polymorphinid, mioliolid and rotaliform foraminifera from the type Kimmeridgian: *Micropaleontology*, v. 8, no. 3.
- Loeblich, A.R. and Tappan, H., 1950, North American Jurassic Foraminifera. II--Characteristic western interior Callovian species: *J. Wash. Acad. Sci.*, v. 40, no. 1.
- _____, and _____, 1964, in Moore, R.C., ed., *Treatise on invertebrate paleontology*, Part C, Protista 2, Sarcodina: *Geol. Soc. America and Univ. Kansas, vs. I, II*.
- Maync, W., 1966, Microbiostratigraphy of the Jurassic of Israel: *Geol. Surv. Israel, Bull.* 40.
- Michael, E., 1967, Die Mikrofauna des NW-Deutschen Barrême. Teil 1, Die Foraminiferen des NW-Deutschen Barrême: *Palaeontographica*, Suppl. 12.
- Mountjoy, E.W. and Chamney, T.P., 1969, Lower Cretaceous (Albian) of the Yukon: Stratigraphy and foraminiferal subdivisions, Snake and Peel rivers: *Geol. Surv. Canada, Paper 68-26*.
- Norling, E., 1972, Jurassic stratigraphy and foraminifera of western Scania, southern Sweden: *Sveriges Geologiska Undersökning*, Nr. 47.
- Sliter, W.V., 1968, Upper Cretaceous foraminifera from southern California and northwestern Baja California, Mexico: *Univ. Kansas, Paleont. Contr.*, Ser. 49, Art. 7 (Protozoa).
- Tappan, H., 1951, Foraminifera from the Arctic Slope of Alaska. Pt. 1, Triassic foraminifera: *U.S. Geol. Surv., Prof. Paper 236-A*.
- _____, 1955, Foraminifera from the Arctic Slope of Alaska. Pt. 2, Jurassic foraminifera: *U.S. Geol. Surv., Prof. Paper 236-B*.

Tappan, H., 1962, Foraminifera from the Arctic Slope of Alaska. Pt. 3, Cretaceous foraminifera: U.S. Geol. Surv., Prof. Paper 236-C.

Tozer, E.T., 1973, in Norford, B.S., Brideaux, W.W., Chamney, T.P. et al., Biostratigraphic determinations of fossils from the subsurface of the Yukon Territory and the districts of Franklin, Keewatin and Mackenzie: Geol. Surv. Canada, Paper 72-38.

ADDENDA

Bartenstein, H. and Brand, E., 1937, Mikropaleontologische Untersuchungen zur Stratigraphie des nordwest-deutschen Lias und Dogger: Abh. Senckenberg. natur f. Gas, 439, Frankfurt, p. 1-224.

_____ and _____, 1949, New genera of foraminifera from the Lower Cretaceous of Germany and England: J. Paleontology, v. 23, p. 669-672.

Cifelli, R., 1959, Bathonian Foraminifera of England: Bull. Mus. Comp. Zool., Harvard College, v. 121, no. 7.

Conkin, J.E. and Conkin, B.M., 1970, Middle Devonian arenaceous foraminifera of central Ohio: Micropaleontology, v. 16, no. 1.

Cushman, J.A., 1927, Some Foraminifera from the Cretaceous of Canada: Roy. Soc. Canada, Trans., 3rd Ser., v. 21, sec. 4, p. 127-132.

_____, 1933, New Arctic Foraminifera collected by Capt. R.A. Bartlett from Fox Basin and off the northeast coast of Greenland: Smithsonian Misc. Coll., v. 89, no. 9, p. 1-8.

_____, 1941, Some fossil foraminifera from Alaska: Cushman Lab. Foram. Res., Contr., v. 17, pt. 2, p. 33-38.

_____, 1948, Arctic Foraminifera: Cushman Lab. Foram. Res., Spec. Publ. 23, 87 p.

_____, 1951, Paleocene Foraminifera of the Gulf Coastal Region of the United States and adjacent areas: U.S. Geol. Surv., Prof. Paper 232, p. 1-75.

_____, and Todd, R., 1947, A foraminiferal fauna from Amchitka Island, Alaska: Cushman Lab. Foram. Res., Contr., v. 23, pt. 3, p. 60-72.

Dieni, I. and Massari, F., 1966, I foraminiferi del Valanginiano superiore di Orosei (Sardegna): Palaeontographia Italica, v. LXI (n. ser. v. XXXI).

Eicher, D.L., 1967, Foraminifera from Belle Fourche Shale and equivalents, Wyoming and Montana: J. Paleontology, v. 41, no. 1.

- Eicher, D.L. and Worstell, P., 1970, Cenomanian and Turonian foraminifera from the Great Plains, United States: *Micropaleontology*, v. 16, no. 3.
- Frizzell, D.L., 1954, Handbook of Cretaceous Foraminifera of Texas: Bur. Econ. Geol., Univ. Texas, Rept. Invest. 22.
- Given, M.M. and Wall, J.H., 1971, Microfauna from the Upper Cretaceous Bearpaw Formation of south-central Alberta: *Bull. Can. Petroleum Geology*, v. 19, no. 2.
- Globensky, Y., 1970, Arenaceous foraminifera from the Windsor Group (Middle and Upper Mississippian) of the Atlantic Provinces of Canada: *Can. J. Earth Sci.*, v. 7, p. 768-785.
- Gordon, W.A., 1960, The age of the middle Tertiary rocks of northwestern Puerto Rico: *Caribbean Geol. Conf.*, 2nd, Mayagüez, Puerto Rico, Jan. 4-9, 1959, *Trans.*, p. 87-90, with discussion.
- _____, 1970, Biogeography of Jurassic Foraminifera: *Geol. Soc. America Bull.*, v. 81, p. 1689-1704.
- Israelsky, M.C., 1951, Foraminifera of the Lodo Formation, Central California; General Introduction and Part I--Arenaceous Foraminifera: *U.S. Geol. Surv., Prof. Paper* 240-A.
- Khan, M.H., 1962, Lower Cretaceous index foraminifera from northwestern Germany and England: *Micropaleontology*, v. 8, no. 3.
- Langhus, B.G. and Petracca, A.N., 1973, Planktonic foraminifera from the Mackenzie Delta region subsurface: *Bull. Can. Petroleum Geology*, v. 21, no. 1.
- Loeblich, A.R. and Tappan, H., 1950, Foraminifera from the type Kiowa Shale, Lower Cretaceous of Kansas: *Kansas Univ. Paleont. Contr.*, no. 6 (Protozoa, Art. 3).
- _____, and _____, 1953, Studies of arctic foraminifera: *Smithsonian Misc. Coll.*, v. 121, no. 7.
- Loranger, D.M., 1973, Biostratigraphic zonation, Elf Cape Norem A-80, Arctic Islands: *Paleo Services Ltd.*, Calgary, Alta.
- McClellan, W.A., 1966, Arenaceous Foraminifera from the Waldron Shale (Niagaran) of southeast Indiana: *Bull. Am. Paleont.*, v. 50, no. 230, p. 447-518.
- _____, 1973, Silurian-Devonian microfaunal biostratigraphy in Nevada: *Bull. Am. Paleont.*, v. 62, no. 274, p. 235-375.
- North, B.R. and Caldwell, W.G.E., 1970, Foraminifera from the Late Cretaceous Bearpaw Formation in the South Saskatchewan River valley: *Sask. Res. Council, Geol. Div.*, Rept. 9.

- Petracca, A.N., 1972, Tertiary microfauna, Mackenzie delta area, arctic Canada: *Micropaleontology*, v. 18, no. 3.
- Scull, B.J., Felix, C.J., McCaleb, S.B. and Shaw, W.G., 1966, The inter-discipline approach to paleoenvironmental interpretations: *Gulf Coast Assoc. Geol. Soc. Trans.*, v. 16, p. 81-117.
- Seiglie, G.A. and Bermudez, P.J., 1969, Some foraminifers of the genus *Reophax* and description of a new genus: *Tulane Studies Geol. Paleont.*, v. 7, no. 344.
- Tappan, H., 1957, New Cretaceous index Foraminifera from northern Alaska: *U.S. Nat. Mus., Bull.* 215, p. 201-222.
- Thalmann, H.E., 1960, Index to the genera and species of the Foraminifera, 1890-1950: *Geo. Vanderbilt Foun.*, Stanford Univ., Calif.
- Todd, R. and Low, D., 1966, Foraminifera from the Arctic Ocean off the eastern Siberian coast: *U.S. Geol. Surv., Prof. Paper* 550-C, p. C79-C85.
- Vilks, G., 1969, Recent foraminifera in the Canadian arctic: *Micropaleontology*, v. 15, no. 1.
- Wall, J.H., 1960, Jurassic microfaunas from Saskatchewan: *Sask. Dept. Min. Resources, Petroleum and Natural Gas Br., Geol. Div., Rept.* 53.
- _____, 1967a, Paleoecology of Cretaceous marine microfaunas in the Rocky Mountain foothills of Alberta and British Columbia, in *Paleoenvironments of the Cretaceous Seaway in the Western Interior*: Colorado Sch. Mines, Golden, Colorado, p. 173-196.
- _____, 1967b, Microfauna of the Cretaceous Alberta shale on Deer Creek, International Boundary, Great Plains region: *Geol. Assoc. Canada, Proc.*, v. 18, p. 93-108.
- _____, and Germundson, R.K., 1963, Microfaunas, megafaunas, and rock-stratigraphic units in the Alberta groups (Cretaceous) of the Rocky Mountain foothills: *Bull. Can. Petroleum Geology*, v. 11, no. 4.
- _____, Sweet, A.R. and Hills, L.V., 1971, Paleoecology of the Bearpaw and contiguous Upper Cretaceous formations in the COPG Strathmore well, southern Alberta: *Bull. Can. Petroleum Geology*, v. 19, no. 3.

ADDENDA

- Bergquist, H.R., 1971, Biogeographical review of Cretaceous foraminifera of the western hemisphere: *N. Am. Paleontological Conv.*, pt. L, p. 1565-1609.

- Butt, A.A., 1966, Late Oligocene foraminifera from Escornebeou, SW France: Schotanus & Jens, Utrecht N.V., Utrecht.
- Cobban, W.A. and Reeside, J.B. Jr., 1952, Correlation of the Cretaceous formations of the western interior of the United States: Geol. Soc. America Bull., v. 63, p. 1011-1044.
- Cushman, J.A., 1910, A monograph of the foraminifera of the North Pacific Ocean. Pt. 1, Astrorhizidae and Lituolidae: Smithsonian Inst., U.S. Nat. Mus., Bull. 71, p. 1-134.
- _____, 1920, The foraminifera of the Canadian Arctic Expedition, 1913-1918: Rept. Can. Arctic Exped., 1913-1918, v. 9, pt. M, p. 1-13.
- _____, 1925, Some Textulariidae from the Miocene of California: Cushman Lab. Foram. Res., Contr., v. 1, pt. 2, p. 29-35.
- _____, 1928, A Cretaceous *Cyclammina* from California: Cushman Lab. Foram. Res., Contr., v. 4, pt. 3, p. 70-72.
- _____, 1943, *Gaudryina canadensis*, new name: Cushman Lab. Foram. Res., Contr., v. 19, pt. 2, p. 27-28.
- _____, and Wickenden, R.T.D., 1928, A new foraminiferal genus from the Upper Cretaceous: Cushman Lab. Foram. Res., Contr., v. 4, pt. 1, p. 12-13.
- Douglas, R.G., 1971, Cretaceous foraminifera from the Northwestern Pacific Ocean - Log 6, Deep Sea Drilling Project: Initial Repts., Deep Sea Drilling Project, v. 6.
- Eicher, D.L., 1969, Paleobathymetry of Cretaceous Greenhorn Sea in eastern Colorado: Am. Assoc. Petroleum Geologists Bull., v. 53, no. 5, p. 1075-1090.
- Feyling-Hanssen, R.W., 1964, Foraminifera in Late Quaternary deposits from the Oslofjord area: Norges Geologiske Undersokelse, Nr. 225.
- Gernant, R.E., 1966, Foraminiferal paleoecological and paleoenvironmental reconstruction of the Oligocene Middle Frio in Chambers County, Texas: Trans. Gulf Coast Assoc. Geol. Soc., v. 16, p. 131-158.
- Green, K.E., 1960, Ecology of some arctic foraminifera: Micropaleontology, v. 6, no. 1, p. 57-78.
- Hedley, R.H., 1963, Cement and iron in the arenaceous foraminifera: Micropaleontology, v. 9, no. 4, p. 433-441.
- _____, 1964, The biology of foraminifera: Intern. Rev. Gen. Experim. Zoology, v. 1.
- Hedberg, H.D., 1934, Some recent and fossil brackish to fresh-water foraminifera: J. Paleontology, v. 8, no. 4.

- Hendrix, W.E., 1958, Foraminiferal shell form, a key to sedimentary environment: *J. Paleontology*, v. 32, no. 4, p. 649-659.
- Heron-Allen, E., 1915, Contributions to the study of the bionomics and reproductive processes of the Foraminifera: *Roy. Soc. (London), Philos. Trans.*, v. CCVI, p. 227-279.
- Iqbal, J., 1973, Sedimentology and distribution of benthonic foraminifera in M'Clure Strait (Canadian Arctic Archipelago): Unpubl. M.Sc. Thesis, Geol. Dept., Dalhousie Univ., Halifax, N.S., 279 p.
- Jones, D.J., 1958, Displacement of microfossils: *J. Sedimentary Petrology*, v. 28, no. 4, p. 453-467.
- Marszalek, D.S., Wright, R.C. and Hay, W.W., 1969, Function of the test in foraminifera, in *Geology of the American Mediterranean*: *Trans. Gulf Coast Assoc. Geol. Soc.*, v. 19, p. 341-352.
- Natland, M.L., 1933, The temperature and depth distribution of some Recent and fossil foraminifera in the Southern California region: *Bull. Scripps Inst. Oceanography, Tech. Ser.*, v. 3, no. 10, p. 225-230.
- Petelin, V.P., 1970, Composition of agglutinated material in the shells of certain modern foraminifera: *Oceanology*, v. 10, no. 1, p. 46-55.
- Pokorný, V., 1956, The selective value of the shape of the tests in the foraminifera: *Casopis pro mineralogii a geologii*, v. 1, no. 1, Prague (Eng. summary of Czech. text).
- Puri, H.S., 1953, Contributions to the study of the Miocene of the Florida Panhandle: *Geol. Surv. Florida, Bull.* 36, 345 p.; Correction, *J. Paleontology*, v. 29, no. 3, p. 558, May 1955.
- Seiglie, G.A., 1968, Foraminiferal assemblages as indicators of high organic carbon content in sediments and of polluted waters: *Am. Assoc. Petroleum Geologists Bull.*, v. 52, no. 11, pt. 1, p. 223-241.
- Skinner, H.C., 1966, Modern paleoecological techniques: An evaluation of the role of paleoecology in Gulf Coast exploration: *Trans. Gulf Coast Assoc. Geol. Soc.*, v. 16, p. 59-79.
- Slama, D.C., 1954, Arenaceous tests in foraminifera - an experiment: *Micro-paleontologist*, v. 8, no. 1.
- Sliter, W.V., 1968, Shell-material variation in the agglutinated foraminifer *Trochammina pacifica* Cushman: *Tulane Studies Geol. Paleontol.*, v. 6, nos. 2-3, p. 80-84.
- _____, 1971, Predation on benthic foraminifers: *J. Foram. Res.*, v. 1, n. 1, p. 20-28.

Sliter, W.V., 1972, Cretaceous foraminifers--depth habitats and their origin: Nature, v. 239, no. 5374, p. 514-515.

_____, and Baker, R.A., 1972, Cretaceous bathymetric distribution of benthic foraminifers: J. Foram. Res., v. 2, no. 4.

Smith, R.K., 1971, Foraminiferal studies in the Lower and Middle Tertiary of Soquel Creek, Santa Cruz County, California: Univ. Calif. Pub. Geol. Sci., v. 91.

Stainforth, R.M., 1951, Biology of arenaceous foraminifera: Micropaleontologist, v. 5, no. 1.

Stschedrina, Z.G., 1950, On diverse forms of foraminifera: Akad. Nauk SSSR Zoologisk. Inst., v. 12, p. 7-24 [in Russian].

_____, 1958, The dependence of the distribution of foraminifera in the seas of the U.S.S.R. on the environmental factors: Proc. 15th Internat. Cong. Zoology, p. 218-221.

Tassonyi, E.J., 1969, Subsurface geology, lower Mackenzie River and Anderson River area, District of Mackenzie: Geol. Surv. Canada, Paper 68-25.

Tipsword, H.L., Setzer, F.M. and Smith, F.L. Jr., 1966, Interpretation of depositional environment in Gulf Coast petroleum exploration from paleoecology and related stratigraphy: Trans. Gulf Coast Assoc. Geol. Soc., v. 16, p. 119-130.

Towe, K.M., 1967, Wall structure and cementation in *Haplophragmoides canariensis*: Cushman Foun. Foram. Res., Contr., v. 18, pt. 4, p. 147-151.

Wall, J.H., 1967, Cretaceous foraminifera of the Rocky Mountain foothills, Alberta: Res. Coun. Alberta, Bull. 20, 185 p.

Wood, A., 1949, The structure of the wall of the test in the foraminifera; its value in classification: Quart. J. Geol. Soc., London, v. CIV, pt. 2.

ADDENDUM

Conkin, J.E. and MacFarquhar, W.K., 1971, Foraminiferal genus *Pelosina* in the Caribbean and its relationships to the Paleozoic problematic genus *Thuramminoides*: Caribb. Geol. Conf., Trans., No. 5, p. 137-138.